LAW CARDS.
...& THOMPSON,
...rneys-at-Law,
...M. KINCAID,
...RNEY-AT-LAW,
...Fellows' Temple,
Room No. 10
...Y & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
...N M. GEARIN,
...RNEY AT LAW,
...SS & HUGHES,
...and Counsellors at Law,
...CHENOWETH,
...-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.
...SSIONAL CARDS.
...PILKINGTON, M. D.
...ST AND AURIST.
...ARY A. THOMSON,
...HAS. SHUMACHER,
...FOUNDER'S DRUG STORE,
MEDICAL.
UNFORTUNATE
...bbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY STREET,
...SHINGTON
...PE MANUFACTURING
...R COMPANY,
...PFUNDER,
...RY AND CHEMIST
...OS. J. DRYER.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 185 PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1874. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

South Carolina Politics.

COLUMBIA, Sept. 8.—The Republican State Convention met here to-day. Postmaster M. C. Wilder was elected temporary chairman, [illegible]. Congressman Elliott [illegible]. This is regarded as a break of the [illegible] Patterson-Elliott faction. Great [illegible] is manifest among members.

Nebraska Independent State Convention.

OMAHA, Sept. 8.—The Independent State Convention met at Lincoln this afternoon.

Arkansas Democratic State Convention.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 8.—The Democratic State Convention to-day appointed a committee, who up to 4 o'clock were not ready to report, and a recess was taken till 8 P. M. If they then report it is not likely the convention will do more than effect a permanent organization. [illegible] the Constitutional Convention adjourned until the 10th.

Massachusetts Democratic State Convention.

WORCESTER, Sept. 8.—Delegates to the Democratic Convention to-morrow are united upon Wm. Gaston of Boston for the first place on the ticket. There is considerable canvassing for other places.

New York Liberal Republican State Convention.

ALBANY, Sept. 8.—The city is full of Democrats and Liberal politicians in attendance upon to-morrow's convention.

Senator Fenton was serenaded to-night. He made a brief speech, but did not discuss any important topic.

Straight Republican Ticket in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 8.—The Republican State Central Committee met here to-day, and, after declaring that the [illegible] stands pledged to support [illegible] in the State looking to peace, prosperity and good government for all, and as many independent Democrats and many Republicans are already united and put a non-partisan ticket in the field without interference with National or party questions, adopted a resolution calling a State Convention September 23d at Jefferson City to re-affirm the principles of the party and perpetuate its organization.

Democratic Nominations.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 9.—The Democratic Convention met here to-day. Hon. J. Everett [illegible] was chosen President. After the organization was completed the Convention nominated Wm. Gaston of Boston for Governor and Wm. L. Smith of Springfield for Lieutenant Governor.

Liberals in Convention.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The Liberal State Convention met at Tweddle Hall to-day and was called to order by Gen. John Cochrane, who made a long speech criticising the Republican management of public affairs, argued the Democrats had affiliated with corrupt Republicans in Congress to carry out [illegible] measures, and claimed a new party is demanded. After a temporary organization was effected a [illegible] committee was appointed. The Convention took a recess.

Indian Fighting in the North.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—Lieutenant General Sheridan received a dispatch to-night from General Pope, [illegible] from Col. Miles from the camp on Red River, 31st, via Fort Dodge, of a decisive battle with 600 confederates and hostile Indians [illegible], Aug. 30th. Colonel Miles' command had been in pursuit of these Indians ten days over a very rocky and almost impassable country, before they could be brought to a stand. The route was strewn with their stores, which they had thrown away to aid their flight. The troops fought splendidly. [illegible] was complete. Thirteen Indians were killed and many wounded. Col. Miles' command was, at the date of the dispatch, 10 miles [illegible] base of supplies, and their supplies would last [illegible] the 15th. General Pope had ordered [illegible] which will reach them [illegible] that date.

Wool Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.—The wool market is [illegible], stock scarce. Colorado washed [illegible]; [illegible] 24 to 26c extra and [illegible]; No. 1 and superfine pulled [illegible]; Texas fine and medium 27 to [illegible]; [illegible] fine and medium 13 to [illegible]; coarse, 27 to [illegible].

A [illegible] Speech.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 8.—The Wisconsin State Fair opened at Milwaukee yesterday. President Stillson [illegible] of railroads said consolidation resulted in such immense combinations that the people became alarmed [illegible] of such immense wealth. The [illegible] of several acts of bad faith [illegible] unwise counsel have done much [illegible] and bring on the present difficulty which could and should have been avoided. Yet we are not unmindful of the aid they have rendered the [illegible] in its development. While the people should [illegible] their rights they should ever [illegible]. All we should ask is the fair line as between the producer, consumer and carrier, and let us endeavor to solve this question of cheap transportation wisely, dispassionately and in strict justice.

Fire.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 8.—The car repair shops of the [illegible] and C[illegible] railroad at Zaleski, Ohio, burned this morning with 25 freight cars. Loss [illegible].

Death of an Aged Merchant.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 8.—Henry Von Phul, for sixty years a prominent merchant here, died yesterday, aged 92.

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Black Hills Question.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Since the declaration of General Sheridan that no one would be allowed to enter the Black Hills region without authority of the War Department, that Department has been in receipt of a large number of letters asking permission to go there. Acting Secretary of the Interior [illegible] has written a reply to Governor Pennington of Dakota, which is furnished for publication as a reply to all such communications, in which he says the provisions of the treaty of April, 1868, with the Sioux, by which the Black Hills country [illegible], the boundaries of which are as follows: Commencing at the east bank of the Missouri river where the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude intersects the same, thence west across the river along the northern line of Nebraska to the one hundred and fourth degree of longitude west from Greenwich, thence north to the point where the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude intersects the same, thence due east along said parallel to the place of beginning. The [illegible] says the only power to alter this provision is that which made the treaty, and then it must be done with the consent of the Indians. The late exploring expedition of Gen. Custer was merely a reconnaissance of the country for the purpose of ascertaining the best location if in the future it should become necessary to establish a military post.

WEST INDIES.

The Cuban [illegible].

HAVANA, Sept. 8.—The Captain General has commuted the death sentence of the rebel leaders [illegible] Jamenese and Rodas. Lieut. Ariza telegraphs from Ventana as follows: Just arrived [illegible]. The enemy numbering 600 have been completely defeated at Yarayabo with a loss of 16 killed, among the dead are two officers, Calixto Garcia and [illegible] Chief of staff, Quesada. Capt. Pancho Noqueras and [illegible] soldiers were taken prisoners.

CANADA

Dominion Politics.

[illegible], Sept. 8.—Hon. Mr. Quimet has resigned. The Ministers will remain in charge of the [illegible] until their successors are qualified.

Masonic Hall Burned.

[illegible], Ont., Sept. 9.—The Masonic hall was burned last night. Loss [illegible],000, partially insured.

The Big Gun.—The manufacture of the 81-ton gun at the Royal Gun Factory, in the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, is slowly progressing, and every step in its growth is watched with considerable interest. The largest of its coils [illegible] was welded under the great steam hammer recently, and all proved a very interesting sight to a large number of spectators. This coil weighs nearly 20 tons [illegible] with the greatest ease by the [illegible] of the Royal Gun Factories [illegible] is larger by 5 tons than any [illegible] has ever been made. Another nearly [illegible] for the same gun, and some special [illegible] will however have to be [illegible] being constructed for it. [illegible] The progress of the gun has in like manner necessitated alterations of the [illegible] workshops of the department [illegible] which the steel tube is [illegible] has had its head carried about 10 feet [illegible] the wall into the next shop, being [illegible] longer than any tube which has previously passed through the boring mill. Its weight is about 16 tons. At the first boring a cut of 5 inches is to be taken out, the [illegible] being enlarged by subsequent cuts of [illegible] and 14 inches.

Austrian Polar Expedition Heard From.—A London dispatch of Sept. 4th states that the members of the Austrian Polar Expedition, for whose safety fears were felt, have been heard from. They were shipwrecked and took to sledges, and succeeded after a long journey in reaching the Norwegian island of Vardoe.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—The city to-day wears a holiday aspect. Flags and streamers are flying from every public building, shipping and hundreds of private residences. Business generally is suspended. The Pioneers are marching through Montgomery street, which is lined by thousands of spectators. Delegations from Sacramento and other interior cities and towns are very large. The Pioneers will proceed to Woodward's Gardens, where literary and other exercises will take place. The procession is a very imposing one.

Weather pleasant.

Steamer *Colima* from China and Japan not yet telegraphed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—The Pioneers had a beautiful day for the opening of their celebration, which was conducted in grand style. The crowd at Woodward's Gardens was very large. D. J. Staples delivered the opening address and Dr. J. B. Stillman the oration. There was an entertainment at the pavilion after the exercises were concluded.

The attempted ascension of the baloon Sierra Nevada came to a disastrous termination. The load was too heavy, and as the balloon rose the basket struck the roof of one of the buildings on the grounds, tumbling the occupants about fearfully. It then cleared the roof, rose a little higher, when it collapsed and the men fell to the ground. Fortunately none were killed, but it is said that Buislay was badly hurt. An attache of the *Call*, Robert Newcomb, was reported to have had an arm broken. Aside from this no accident occurred to mar the festivities of the day.

The Pacific Mail steamer *Arizona* sailed for Panama to-day.

To-morrow the Pioneers will go on an excursion around the bay on board the steamer *Great Republic*.

Interior California.

SAN JOSE, Sept. 9.—This afternoon Christopher Walsh, the well known livery stable keeper on First street, while engaged in landing hay in his barn by means of a tackle, missed the rope in reaching for it and was precipitated to the sidewalk, a distance of about 12 feet, alighting on his head. He was picked up in a senseless condition and conveyed to his residence. He died shortly before 6 o'clock, leaving a wife and four children. He was a native of Ireland and at the time of his death was about 40 years old.

NEVADA, Sept. 9.—A terrible and most painful accident occurred this evening, while Mrs. R. M. Tully and Mrs. P. R. Tully were out riding between here and Grass Valley. The clothes of Mrs. P. R. Tully accidentally caught fire, and in a few seconds after the fire was discovered she was wrapped in flames. Her injuries are fatal, and she can probably live but a few hours.

ANAHEIM, Sept. 9.—A little girl, four years old, daughter of John Goldsworthy, was accidentally shot while playing near her father's house in Westminster Colony yesterday. A loaded gun was left behind the door, which by some means fell down and exploded, discharging the contents through the partition and wash tub and finally lodging in the temple of the child, who died from the wound.

PETALUMA, Sept. 9.—Alexander McCune, an old and highly respected resident of this city, proprietor of Central Flouring Mills, was stricken with paralysis while riding in his carriage at the fair grounds this morning. Hopes are entertained of his recovery by his physician, though his condition is critical.

ARIZONA.

TUCSON, Sept. 8.—Colonel Boyle of Sonora county and Governor Safford returned yesterday from a trip to the Santa Rita mines and Arivaca ranch. They express much pleasure with the prospects. Col. Boyle leaves for San Francisco by the next stage, from whence he will ship tools and provisions via Guaymas, and commence operations as soon as possible.

PRESCOTT, Sept. 8.—Advices from Ehrenburg say the Hualpai Indians are very much dissatisfied with the river climate, and only remain because they receive good treatment from Capt. Byrne.

NEVADA.

EUREKA, Sept. 9.—Billy King, found guilty of assault with intent to commit murder at the last term of the District Court and sentenced to five years imprisonment, escaped from the county jail this evening.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Another Railway into Oregon.

ASHLAND, Sept. 9.—An enthusiastic railroad meeting was held here this afternoon favoring the organization of the proposed Humboldt Pacific Narrow Gauge Railroad Company. The projected road starts at Big Bend of the Humboldt, running through Klamath Lake basin and Rogue River Valley to Crescent City. The distance is about five hundred miles. Capital stock, seven and a half millions. Shares $500 each. The meeting was numerously attended and speeches made by Buck, Cranston, Brooks, Marshall, McCall and Skidmore, showing the necessity for the road, practicability of the route, economy of construction, and the propriety of State and Federal aid. Resolutions were adopted recommending the people to subscribe to the capital stock, urging that the organization of the company be completed without delay, earnestly requesting the Legislature and people of Oregon to aid the proposed enterprise by every means in their power, and also respectfully asking the Oregon delegation in Congress to spare no effort to secure Congressional aid. Books will be opened this evening for subscription to the capital stock.

THE LATE MINNESOTA AUDITOR'S AFFAIRS.—St. Paul, Sept. 4.—The Committee appointed by the last Legislature, consisting of two Republicans and one Democrat, to investigate the transactions of the late State Auditor, Charles McIlrath, on account of school and swamp lands which were in his charge as State Land Commissioner ex-officio, to-day made a unanimous report showing a startling state of affairs. The report and evidence, which is very voluminous, show that McIlrath not only failed to keep his accounts properly, but that he constantly retained money received by him for wood and grass cut off the school land, a large proportion of the same paying in many instances not one-fourth of the amount received into the Treasury; that he also retained the whole of over $10,000 received by him for wood cut off the sections of the Lake Superior and Mississippi railroad lands. He also, it appears, kept for two years a quantity of Missouri State bonds belonging to the school funds in the hands of a banker in New York, drawing the interest thereon himself and accounting to the treasury for no part of it. The entire amount of McIlrath's peculations so far as ascertained by the committee is $89,559. The committee, in examining the question as to how the State could re-imburse itself for these losses, made the startling discovery that McIlrath gave no bonds at all when last elected. The committee express profound surprise that Governor Austin should have overlooked this important matter, and declare that [illegible] that the Auditor had his bond when he [illegible] of office. [illegible] conclude with a scathing denunciation of McIlrath's robbery of the most sacred fund belonging to the State.

HOW JUSTICE IS ADMINISTERED IN NEW YORK.—New York, Sept. 3.—In [illegible] case before Judge Donohue of the Supreme Court, a Police Justice frankly admitted that he had signed a warrant for the arrest of a woman without knowing its contents, trusting to the assurance of the police and his clerks that it was all right. It proved all wrong, and his offense is to be laid before the grand jury. Judge Donohue, commenting upon the loose practices which obtain in Police Courts, said he was satisfied crime was upheld for its political and pecuniary assistance, and that for the sake of illegal revenue panel houses and policy shops were tolerated.

BAZAINE'S ESCAPE.

HOW THE METZ MARSHAL LEFT STE. MARGUERITE—A TALE OF EIGHTY FEET—ACCOUNT OF MADAME AND HER HUSBAND.

[From the Cologne Gazette, Aug. 16.]

As will be seen by the following account of a personal interview with Marshal Bazaine during his visit to Cologne, the doughty soldier still maintains the original story of his escape by means of a knotted rope.

From his sitting room the prisoner was obliged, in order to arrive at the terrace (his promenade), to pass a bridge and to descend some steps at the end of it. The bridge was enclosed by walls on both sides, on one of which stood the guard. A tent roof was spread over the bridge to keep off the rays of the sun, which also concealed from those standing at the foot of the steps the persons on the bridge. On the southeastern point of the island, which has a steep descent into the sea, the Marshal had arranged a little kitchen garden, in which he worked much and watered his beans. Here his flight was to be effected. On a far projecting part of this garden the Marshal discovered one day that an old gutter for carrying off the rain water which poured through the rock was filled up by fragments of wall and rubble. Every day the Marshal worked to open it gradually, and had to conceal with stones and grass what he was doing from the eyes of spies. At last the opening was completed. If inside the gutter two strong iron bars were placed across the rock, and if to the bars a strong rope ending with an iron ring and penetrating through the other side of the gutter was attached, a rope ladder could be fastened to it strong enough to carry even so corpulent a man as the Marshal. In the gutter there was room enough to hide the rope ladder and ropes till the decisive day. The most difficult part was to arrive unnoticed at the gutter. Every evening Marchi (the jailor) accompanied the prisoner on his return from the terrace across the bridge to his rooms. Then the doors were closed by the wardens, and escape rendered impossible. The Marshal resolved to trust to a happy chance, and to expect the day agreed on with his wife for the daring act. The night from Sunday to Monday was chosen. When at 10 o'clock the Marshal arrived with Marchi at the flight of steps, he asked him not to take any more trouble, as the way to the rooms was now very short. Marchi let himself be persuaded. The Marshal mounted alone, crossed the bridge, the tent roof of which concealed him for a moment from those outside, feigned to open and shut the door, which was closed later by the unsuspecting wardens, leaped across the wall at the left of the bridge, went softly along the outer wall and reached the gutter, having now passed the first danger. A thick rope, provided with many knots and at the end with a strong iron hook, was fastened to the ring, and the descent, 80 feet deep, began with the danger of being smashed against projecting cliffs or falling into the sea lashed by a furious mistral. The Marshal, who has gained much strength during his captivity, had also put on a strong, tightly fitting belt with an iron hook in front, so that he could fasten himself to a knot of the rope whenever he required a short rest. Arrived at the middle of the rope, he perceived a feeble light beneath him. He knew now that his wife was there. He replied by the signal agreed on, lighting a match, showing him thus suspended. His hands swelled and bled, the cliffs hurt him everywhere, thick cloth trousers still damp from the sea water are covered all over with holes and show what the daring man must have suffered. Having reached the end of the rope, but not the strand, he let himself drop into the sea and swam toward the boat in which were his faithful wife and her courageous nephew. Before reaching it his strength left him, and Alvarez de Rull, his youthful deliverer, had to lift the heavy man into the rolling boat. After one hour's rowing they reached the peninsula of Croisette. At some distance the barge of the steamer *Baron Ricasoli*, hired by Mme. Bazaine for a pretended pleasure trip, waited for them, and brought them toward 1 in the morning on board the steamer. The captain did not know the name of his guest. Mme. B., when going on land with the barge, had announced she would engage a valet and perhaps a chamber maid for her voyage. The Marshal was introduced as the newly engaged valet, and went at once to his cabin, which he did not leave again before the landing at Genoa. The Marshal and Mme. Bazaine state most explicitly that they have had no accomplices and began and executed the work alone.

The same paper, speaking of Marshal Bazaine's sojourn at Cologne, says:

Young and beautiful, with luxuriant black hair and black eyes of a charming figure and bewitching loveliness, Mme. Bazaine had passed the days of splendor at the side of her husband, embellished and raised to him the days of misfortune, and has now boldly braved the waves and the other dangers of an escape and brought it about with the help of a youthful and resolute nephew. But the Marshal has also shown no lack of courage. When his two deliverers gave him the signal at ten o'clock in the evening he let himself resolutely and quickly down by the rope, which tore his hands and shins. He has shown us, himself, his swollen and black and blue hands and the wound on the right shin. Three or four times a high spouting wave seized him and threw him against the rock, but the boat was reached and no further obstacle opposed the completion of the flight. Now he stays on German soil, to which a short time ago he was a dangerous and bloody foe.

INFLUENCE OF THE COMET ON THE GERMAN VINTAGE.—The news just received from Germany, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, seems to promise that the comet of 1874 will leave behind it in the wine countries a pleasant memorial of its visit. A correspondent writing from Frankfort [illegible] states that the vintage in the Rhine and Moselle districts, especially where the highest class of wines are produced, is likely to compensate for the disastrous years of 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872 and 1873. In the favored spot known as the Rheingau no such quantity has been recorded since the celebrated comet year of 1811. At one time it was apprehended that the early May frosts had, as in former years, committed much damage among the vines, but these fears have long been dispelled, and there is now every promise that the vintage of 1874 will be an exceptionally grand one, both in quantity and quality. Such delicate little attentions to wine drinkers on the part of these erratic heavenly bodies are the more appreciated because we are not always able to count upon them. Since 1811 not by any means all of the numerous comets which have appeared in this country have been careful to perpetuate their memories by their handsome presents of wine. The comet of 1811 above referred to and the comet of 1858, with the magnificent claret vintage which followed it, are perhaps the only two which can be held in grateful remembrance for their effects upon wine. On the other hand, two famous years, 24 and 34, produced their wines without any cometary assistance, unless the near approach of a comet in one case and its recent departure in the other can be supposed to have exercised any influence upon the vineyards. A comet was visible in December, 1833, and the year 1835 was the date of the last appearance of Halley's comet of 1682.

IN A BAD WAY.—The present Congressional contest in this district is likely to go into history as the most rotten and disgraceful one which ever stirred the slimy depths of political corruption. No such unblushing and systematic effort was ever made to debauch the primaries and purchase votes and delegates with open bribery as has been witnessed in various parts of this district during the last few weeks. It has become so loathsome and sickening a scandal that all honest men turn away from it in disgust. If not an entirely new feature in our politics, it has heretofore been decently veiled in a prudent secrecy. But now the strumpet of corruption strides in naked horror over the district, and opens her shameful market at every caucus and convention, and brings men to the herd like cattle and sheep.—*St. Paul Press*, Sept. 1.

DREAMING TO A PURPOSE.

HOW A DREAM LED TO THE PREVENTION OF ARSON AND HORSE STEALING—SPIRITS OR WHAT.

[From the Elgin (Ill.) Advocate.]

During the night of Wednesday of this week a remarkable affair transpired in this city, which we will proceed to relate.

Milo Byington is brother-in-law to Hon. Geo. S. Bowen. The residence of the latter is in the southeast part of the city, on what is called St. Charles street. Byington lives directly opposite. During the night Byington experienced a dream that Bowen's barn was enveloped in flames, and jumped from the bed into the middle of the room, which athletic effort brought him out of somnambulism. He was very much excited, and could not for a moment comprehend the situation. Impressed, however, with the thought of the barn being on fire, he proceeded to the window and discovered no sign of a blaze. His wife inquired of him what was the matter, and he replied that he had a dream that Bowen's barn was on fire, and it frightened him very much. The lady said to him that he had better lie down and not be disturbed on account of a dream. Byington returned to bed, but trembled like a leaf and was unable to quiet his nerves or divest his mind of the impression of a fire at the barn. He says he could not lie there, and felt impelled to go to the barn; that he could not sleep or rest until he had followed the impulse. In spite of the remonstrance of his good wife he put on his pants and shoes only, and taking a revolver in his hand made tracks quietly for Bowen's barn, a distance of fifteen or eighteen rods. As he neared the barn he thought he heard movements of men inside, and instead of entering the barn as he would have done had he not heard the noise, he stepped lightly around the north end of the barn, and as he looked around the corner two men walked out of the barn door on the east side and stepped around to the south end of the barn. Byington stealthily followed to the next corner, and when he reached it he discovered the two men talking, and heard one say to the other: "Now you go in and get the horse and I'll fire the thing." Whereupon Mr. Byington disturbed the composure of the villains by saying: "No, I guess you won't." Almost instantly one of the men fired at him, and the ball hit the corner of the barn within two or three inches of Byington's left side. Byington in an instant after was popping away at the fellows, and after the second shot was fired, one of them, who was running south from the barn, cried out: "Don't shoot, I am hit." Byington said to him: "Stop or I'll shoot again." The fellow did not stop, and Mr. Byington sent two more bullets after him. In the morning a bridle was found on the stable floor behind one of the horses, and at the south end of the barn where the men were standing when Byington first disturbed them Mr. Bowen's driver picked up a ball of rags about the size of a cocoanut, which was thoroughly saturated with kerosene oil. He also found on the same spot three or four matches. The purpose of the two men was, we must necessarily conclude, to steal one or more of the good horses which Mr. Bowen is possessed of, and then burn the barn to lead the public to think the animals were burned, and thus enable them to make good their escape.

TEXTS FROM TILTON.

Moulton says he was a mutual friend, yet he acted as Tilton's attorney against Bowen, and bled Beecher to the extent of $7,000 for the benefit of Theodore.

The Richmond *Enquirer* observes: "We hope Moulton's contribution to the general scandal will wind it up." The *Enquirer* has its wish. It's running again as lively as an eight day clock.

A Milwaukee woman, far gone with consumption, begged the doctor to give her something that would keep her up until the verdict of the Beecher Committee was published.

"Write me while I am away," said Jones to Mrs. Jones, after an affectionate good-by. "Treacherous man!" meditated the lady. "Not one letter does he get!" He wants to sell them to the Chicago *Trombone*.

No longer will the name of Moulton inspire a vague awe in the public mind, no longer will the reporter haunt his goings, and the papers publish his movements. His brief day of notoriety is over. Having contributed a sting to the popular repertory, the mutual will find himself incontinently kicked into obscurity by the public, which never fails to revenge itself on those who have claimed its attention on false pretenses of importance.—*Springfield (Mass.) Union*.

An exciting episode was created by the appearance of Frank Moulton in the meeting in his favorite character of a bully and a blackguard. He rose in the meeting, and in reply to a very just remark made by a Mr. Raymond that he (Moulton) had tried to poison the minds of men against Beecher, he rose to his feet and twice exclaimed in a loud voice: "You're a liar, sir! you're a liar, sir!" Scenes of intense excitement followed. The entire congregation, men and women, rose to their feet and joined in hissing the impudent intruder, even the ladies joining heartily in the cry, "Put him out!" The bully defied them to put him out, but was finally hustled out by policemen. The character of the man is sufficiently indicated by this incident. It is the hero of the pistol scene playing the same role in a more dramatic situation.—*St. Paul Press*.

VICTORIA'S CHILDREN—WHAT THEY COST THE TREASURY.—Prince Leopold is the eighth child of the Queen, to whom Parliament has granted an income for life. The Prince of Wales has £40,000 a year plus the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall, which now amount to over £100,000 per annum. The Duke of Edinburgh had £15,000 yearly granted him on reaching his majority, which was made up last year to £25,000 on his marriage with the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia. Prince Arthur, now Duke of Connaught, has £15,000 a year. The Princess Victoria was granted an annuity of £8,000 a year on her marriage with the Crown Prince of Prussia, plus a dower of £40,000 cash down. The Princess Alice, the Princess Helena and the Princess Louise had each a grant of £6,000 a year, and dowers of £30,000 on their marriages. There remains the Princess Beatrice, now seventeen and unmarried, the expense of whose support is borne by her mother. Taking no account of the Cornwall revenue, but including only the sums actually disbursed yearly to the Queen's children out of the public treasury, the total is £121,000, which is the interest on £3,630,000. The dowries the girls have had amount in all to £130,000, which is a mere trifle to add to such a total. The Queen has £380,000—or it may be only £340,000—a year, or the interest on over £10,000,000.

A GOOD HIT.—It was always the boast of the intelligent tragedian Forrest that he could tell when he made a hit, from the applause of the gods in the galleries, as he termed the boys. And it is from these in the crowds of ragged urchins that now and then a dash of real wit will scintillate and divert the attention of listeners from the most interesting part of the play, and create a ripple of merriment or a storm of boisterous laughter throughout the audience. An incident not in the bills illustrated this fact at Niblo's Garden in New York the other evening upon the production of a powerful dramatization of Charles Reade's *Griffith Gaunt*. At a thrilling period of the drama, when Kate has delivered to her father Frank's all the letters that have passed between herself and Brother Leonard, and the father asks in a helpless tone, "What shall I do with them?" a voice from a peanut muncher in the gallery cried aloud, "Give 'em to our mutual friend Moulton." It is needless to say that the laugh came in at the proper time.

A CURIOUS SCANDAL IN PARIS.—A Paris telegram to the London *News*, dated August 16, states that a priest at Chevereuse was taken *in flagrante delicto* with the wife of a rich draper, aged 22, and the mother of two children. He was fired upon by the incensed husband and brought down with four bullets in his body. The wife was struck in the thigh. Both lie in a dangerous though not desperate state.

OREGON.

Salem boasts of her splendid wooden pumps.

Wheat is coming into Salem quite rapidly, though but few sales are reported.

Salem is making the usual preparations for the biennial trouble to begin next Monday.

A shop for darning bachelors' and widowers' underwear in Salem would be remunerative.

The Aurora Brass Band has been engaged for Reed's Panorama during the State Fair week.

Ladru Royal has assumed the position of Principal of the Sheridan Academy in Yamhill county.

Rev. J. H. Small, of the Waldo Hills, returned home a few days ago from an extended tour through the Eastern States.

Rev. D. R. Nesbit, formerly of Corvallis, has been called to the pastorate of the Congregational Church at Mendocino, Cal.

A Marion county man picked from one of his vines a cucumber 22 inches long, embracing spells of chills and fever for three, two cases of cholera morbus and a number of bilious symptoms.

A young man in South Salem night before last had love, music and wind knocked out of him by a stick of stove wood that his Diana's little brother slung at him while he was serenading his lovely.

Mr. J. I. Thompson has recently sold his farm of 320 acres near Dixie, in Polk county, for $12,000, the purchaser being a gentleman recently from California, Mr. Otto Wilson, who has only been a couple of weeks in Oregon.

At Salem last Monday, in the case of the State of Oregon vs. B. A. Witzel, for assault with a dangerous weapon, the defendant waived examination and was admitted to bail in the sum of $500 to await the action of the grand jury.

Some large, highly colored and beautiful posters have been issued and put up pretty much all over the State, telling the people all about the approaching State Fair. As everybody will see the posters we will only say that they were done by that master job printer, L. M. Waite of Salem.

The Willamette University opened last Monday with 138 scholars, to which number enough new pupils were added on Tuesday to make about 180. This is flattering and gives token that by the time the classes are fully organized the number of students enrolled will be fully up to any previous year.

Mr. M. Wilkins, of Lane county, has sent Governor Grover some splendid samples of wool grown by him. The staple is upwards of six inches in length and the texture unusually fine. The specimens are fair samples of Mr. Wilkins' improved Oxfordshire stock. Mr. Wilkins will probably exhibit several head of this fine stock at the coming State Fair.

At a recent Good Templars' meeting in Polk county a vote was taken during recess on the Beecher question. Beecher, not guilty, received nineteen votes; guilty, seventeen—two majority for Beecher. The ballot being a secret one, it is not known how the majority of the lady members voted, but one of the tellers remarked that nearly all of the "not guilty" votes were written in a coarse, large hand.

The Yreka *Journal*, of September 2d, says: Last Monday night some rocks and brush were piled up in the road between the farms of Rufus and Byron Cole, at the foot of the Siskiyou mountain, close to the California and Oregon boundary line. Milo Mathews, the driver of the stage, noticed the obstructions and stopped the team, while Assistant Superintendent Raymond, of Wells, Fargo & Co., who happened to be a passenger, got out and removed the brush and rocks. While doing so some one not far off kept shouting, "Throw out the express box!" but the road being soon clear, Milo told the fellow to go to h—l and sent his team along at a lively gait. On Milo's trip before this the road was also similarly blockaded, but no robbers were in sight or hearing, and the fact of their bothering Milo looks as though they want to see him.

The Salem *Record* says: "Mr. John Martin, living on Salem prairie, has an old settled farm, and gives us the yield of twenty acres that constitute one of the oldest fields cultivated near Salem. It has been in continuous cultivation for twenty-six years, having been of late four years in timothy, then one year in oats, then summer fallowed and twice plowed in 1873 and put in afterwards with a cultivator, and the yield this year is fully fifty bushels to the acre. Chile club put in in April has made a good record this year, as follows: Wm. Greenwood, of Howell Prairie, sowed in April and has realized forty bushels to the acre. Wesley Howell, of same place, sowed fifteen acres in April (Chile club) and harvested forty-five bushels per acre. Over in Polk county some extensive farming is going on, with large results. D. M. Boone, of that county, has raised 13,000 bushels of grain, with an average large yield."

A GEORGIA FAMILY.

A correspondent of the Augusta *Chronicle and Sentinel* gives the following account of a remarkable family in Georgia: Below we give the names of a family consisting of man and wife, twelve girls and one boy. The girls are neat, sweet and industrious, and just such young ladies as would make a man's wife suitable to these times, when common sense and industry are more desirable qualities than the flash of a boarding school miss. We will here take occasion to state that the eldest five of these young ladies are married, and if our informant's statement be correct they are following in the footsteps of their illustrious predecessor. The remaining seven of their sisters are now in the employment of the Augusta Factory, where they altogether earn $150 per month above expenses. The eldest one is now twenty-five years of age. We give their names regularly, which are remarkable for their euphony and diversity:

1. Mary Ann Elizabeth Rabun.
2. Cornelia Ann Meranda Jane Rabun.
3. Ellie Ann Savannah Rabun.
4. Sarah Ann Mollissio Vandusan Euthice Rabun.
5. Drusilla Ann Evanica Reena Rabun.
6. Lany Lucinda Eliza Willie Ann Alice Rabun.
7. Roxa Ann Archiba Margrate Amazon Rabun.
8. Mazie Gernicia Ann Silvira Rabun.
9. Anniquette S[illegible] Martha Ann Frastus Rabun.
10. Eldora Matilda Louisa Ann Pitcher Rabun.
11. (The only son) Pitcher Wicker Brinson Franklin Lee Beauregard Jackson Swain Estes Rabun. The young man has had his name changed so as to read Estes after our worthy Mayor.
12. Ella Ann Sansil Virginia Theodosia Milanta Eugenia Gibson Rabun.
13. Lovie Ann Estellaville Caladonia Desalonda Lucretia Borgia Neal Rabun.

GOOD TIMES AMONG THE LOWLY.—"Why, you're a newcomer, aren't you? haven't seen you before," we remarked to a lad of about 12 years as he was giving us a shine on Tuesday.

"Yes, sir, ain't been here before, but took it in this trip. Lots of coal here, sir."

"Yes; where are you from?"

"Oh, I'm on my summer trip. I'm from New York; always take a run out of town in the summer—done it for—oh, I don't know how long. Like the country for a while."

"Well, are you having a good time?"

"Havin' a good time?" you bet (with a little laugh). "Why, my dinner costs 70 cents to-day—had a beefsteak and turmaters an' a rice pudin, an' I got 15 cents yet. Umph! a good time? now you're a shoutin'!"

He was the happiest summer tourist we have seen this season, and his cash capital was 35 cents; but who can compute his satisfaction over that beefsteak, turmaters an' rice pudin?—*Kingston Freeman*.

THE TERRITORIES.

A single blast in the Sherman mine, Boulder county, one day last week, loosened $8,000 worth of ore.

Thomas Clegg, an eighty-four year old boy from Dayton, Ohio, made the ascent of Pike's Peak last week.

H. B. Rogers, a clerk in the Quartermaster's Department at Camp Carlin, stood highest in the competitive examination for a cadetship at West Point.

Major Bigney, formerly of the Colorado *Chieftain*, is in New York superintending the publication of his biography of Dick Wooten, the Colorado pioneer.

Congressmen who have always been in the market for Mormon carriage grease now turn up their noses in derision at the paltry sum of $600,000, which Brigham swears is all he has left of that $10,000,000. Impecunious Profit! Disappointed Congressmen!

The Black Hills are being extensively advertised and expeditions are being organized in many of the Eastern cities to go out in search of gold, which is said to be found there in paying quantities. Like all new countries the picture has been overdrawn, and those who go there with great expectations will be sadly disappointed.

The Prescott *Miner* says: The claim of the Starrar Bros. on a ledge in Sacaton district, south of the Gila river, must be a very rich one, judging by the specimen recently brought here by C. A. Luke, which is a piece as large as a billiard ball and composed mainly of silver. Sufficient is it for us to say that it is the richest piece so far seen by us in Arizona or anywhere else. The "streak" from which this was taken is eight inches thick and has yielded at the rate of $15,000 to the ton in silver. The ledge averages from 4½ to 7 feet in thickness.

Tip Marion and Joshua Marion, brothers, and Dick Thompson and Jerry Wilson, accused of horse stealing, were hung by a crowd of masked men at Middle Kiowa, Elbert county, Colorado, on Tuesday, the 25th ult. The Denver *News*, describing the affair, says: The supposition is that the ropes were adjusted about the necks of the men and the limbs of the tree, and the wagon driven from under them, leaving them at an uncomfortable distance above the ground. The Coroner's jury didn't waste much paper in making a report. They simply said that the four deceased persons came to their death by strangulation produced by a party of unknown persons. The four bodies were buried late Wednesday afternoon. It was noticed that Mrs. Marion, mother of two of the thieves, who lives a short distance from Kiowa, was not present at the funeral.

WHY PERE HYACINTHE RESIGNED AT GENEVA.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette.]

The resignation by Pere Hyacinthe of his functions as Cure of Geneva has caused a certain sensation, but has taken no one by surprise. It has put an end to a state of things which for many months past was becoming more and more intolerable to M. Loyson.

Invited to Geneva in the name of the Liberal Catholics and elected to the position of Cure, he constantly and consistently advocated the reform of the Church of Rome, always insisting that he still belonged to that Church, loved it, and by no means wanted to overthrow it. He soon discovered that a considerable section of the Liberal Catholics were (as he says) neither liberal in sentiment nor Catholic in religion, and that their chief object in supporting him was to make use of him as an instrument for the destruction of the Church of which he still professes to be a member. In addition to this cause of his discontent with his position there was another equally strong.

The Constitution of Geneva, more especially as remodeled by the laws passed in April last, gives the secular power, as represented by the Conseil d'Etat, great power in regard to religious matters, and places all religious bodies in a singularly subservient and dependent position in regard to the State. It may indeed be said that the Minister of Public Instruction for the time being has considerably more power in Geneva in matters religious than the Archbishop of Canterbury has in the affairs of the Church of England, and pretty nearly as much power as the Pope claims over Catholics. More than once Pere Hyacinthe has protested against being submitted to the infallibility of M. Antoine Carteret (the Minister of Public Instruction and a freethinker) and his friends, and declared even a stronger objection to it than to the infallibility of the Pope, from which he had fled.

Those two causes combined to render his position as Catholic cure of Geneva intolerable to him, and, as they have been recently aggravated and threaten to become still more so in the future, he has solved the difficulty by resignation. His letter of resignation, addressed to the Conseil d'Etat, is not yet made public, but I am aware that its purport is to the above effect, that he came to Geneva with the object of aiding in the reform of the Catholic Church, not in its overthrow (*boule versement*), and that among the Liberal Catholics of the canton he found an influential party, which was neither Liberal nor Catholic.

The resignation of Pere Hyacinthe will be a severe blow to the religious movement with which he was identified. In short, there are numerous signs of the dissolution of the sect which he has founded. The chief causes of this are the Pope-like authority claimed and exercised by the civil power and the influence exercised by the "Liberals," or Secularists.

SUPREME COURT.

EIGHTEENTH DAY—AFTERNOON SESSION.

SEPTEMBER 7, 1874.

Present, full bench.

J. Deischneider et al., appellants, vs. D. Fang Aly et al., respondents. Case argued and submitted.

NINETEENTH DAY.

SEPTEMBER 8, 1874.

Court met pursuant to adjournment.

Present, same as yesterday.

James R. Bayley, respondent, vs. Jas. Chambers, appellant. Motion heretofore filed for a rehearing. Allowed and cause continued until the next term of this Court.

M. Hagey et al., respondents, vs. Titus Smith, appellant. Motion heretofore filed by appellant's counsel for rehearing in this case. Allowed and cause continued until the next term of this Court.

The City of Portland, appellant, vs. O. N. Denny, respondent. Argued and submitted.

W. H. Musgrove vs. R. M. Beuser et al. Cause on trial.

Court adjourned till Wednesday at 9 A. M.

MARRIAGES, BIRTHS AND DEATHS.—The Commune of Paris in its blind unreasoning work of destruction managed to burn or mutilate the official record of births, marriages and deaths in Paris from 1792 to 1870, as well as a duplicate copy thereof. The French Government is endeavoring to replace these valuable records, but the best that can be done in this direction after the expenditure of much time and money can give but little authentic information on the subject. The effect of the siege of Paris, the reign of the Commune and consequent disorders have been a great reduction in the number of births and marriages, and even greater increase in the number of deaths. In the year 1870 there were only 15,657 marriages in Paris; in 1871 only 12,928, but in 1872, when affairs were more settled, there were 21,373. The number of births registered in 1872 was 56,894. England doubles her population every 52 years, and Prussia every 54 years, but France requires 198 years. The census of 1866 proved that in five years the population of France has increased at the rate of 38 inhabitants to each 10,000, but that of 1872 shows the diminution of this low ratio to 16 to 10,000. The ordinary death rate of Paris is from 4,000 to 5,000 per month, but during 1870 and 1871 the monthly rate increased to an average of over 10,000, and in January, 1871, it reached its highest figure—19,233.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. K. C. LORD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter
Old BOURBON WHISKY,
And Importers of
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS,
431 Jackson St., San Francisco,
And 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

PUGET SOUND
FISH, CLAMS AND OYSTERS.
HAVING THE ONLY RELIABLE FISHERY ON Puget Sound I am prepared to fur[illegible] all k[illegible] on short notice.
Particular attention given to all orders from Willamette Valley.
J. B. WHITTLESEY,
Tacoma, W. T.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.
To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 23, 1874, at 6 A. M.
DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:10 P. M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:15 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	5:00 P. M.	Albany	9:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:40 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.
Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.
Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,
Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing,
PORTLAND.
Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.
Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.
J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Pass. Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.
To take effect Monday, March 30th, 1874, at 6 A. M.
Daily Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:00 P. M.	St. Joseph	7:00 P. M.
St. Joseph	6:00 A. M.	Portland	10:00 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with [illegible] for Forest Grove, at St. Joseph for all points South and West, Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.
Passengers will be received at Fourth street on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.
Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Offices without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.
On and after Sunday, August 16, there will be no trains run on Sundays.
Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.
J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.
PACIFIC DIVISION
KALAMA TO TACOMA.
DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	12:20 P. M.	Tacoma	6:30 P. M.
Tacoma	5:30 A. M.	Kalama	11:40 A. M.

CONNECTING
At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.
At Tenino with stages for Olympia.
At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Wednesdays and Saturdays with Steamers for Victoria and Stikine River.
SUMMER EXCURSION.
From Portland to Victoria and return via O. S. N. Co., N. P. R. R. and P. S. S. N. Co.
ROUND TRIP, $20!
To Tourists and Families forming CLUBS OF [illegible] OR MORE tickets, good for the entire [illegible], will be sold for the above rates.
This route presents to tourists and pleasure parties one of the pleasantest and most [illegible] trips on the Pacific coast.
Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.
J. W. SPRAGUE,
Gen'l Superintendent.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.
Kalama, W. T., June 15, 1874.

The Chicago, Rock Island and PACIFIC RAILROAD.
The Great Central Iowa Short Line
OVERLAND ROUTE,
With its connections East and West,
Is the Shortest, Quickest and Best Way between the
Pacific and Atlantic,
VIA
Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.
THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL—making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by
The Central and Union Pacific Railroads,
AND AT CHICAGO,
With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North and South.
The most elegantly furnished Parlor Sleeping Cars ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned and run by this Company between Omaha and Chicago.
THROUGH TICKETS to all points East can be obtained at the Oregon & California Railroad Office, Portland, Oregon, and at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.
Be sure your Tickets read via Rock Island.
A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Sup't, Chicago.
WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco.

NOTICE.
TO CONSIGNEES, SHIPMASTERS AND OWNERS.—Having dissolved partnership with T. F. Tilden on Feb. 1, 1874, I am now prepared to discharge and load vessels at nominal rates. Also to contract for rigging work or sail making and guarantee satisfaction. Office No. 8 Front street.
CHS. McHARDY & CO.

NOTICE.
DOG LICENSES FOR THE ENSUING YEAR due Sept. 1st, payable at my office, 87 First st.
L. H. LEWIS, City Treasurer.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 185

PORTLAND, OREGON: THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1874.

PRICE--TEN CENTS.

LAW CARDS.

AM & THOMPSON,
rneys-at-Law.

M. KINCAID,
RNEY-AT-LAW,
Fellows' Temple,
Room No 10

EY & FECHHEIMER,
ttorneys at Law,
nd 8 in Gilman's Building corner
d Ash Streets Portland.

HN M. CEARIN,
RNEY AT LAW,
20, Dekum's Building

E. G. Hughes
BS & HUCHES,
and Counselors at Law,
No 4 Dekum's Building

. CHENOWETH,
-Law—Corvallis, Oregon.

SSIONAL CARDS.

PILKINCTON, M. D.
ST AND AURIST.
UM'S BUILDING CORNER FIRST
ASHINGTON STREETS
0 to 12, 3 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

ARY A. THOMSON,
n and Accoucheus.
ND OFFICE—Third street between
opposite the Public Square. Office
part of the City. Batteries for the
given on the use of Electricity in

HAS. SHUMACHER,
FUNDER'S DRUG STORE.
street, bet. Salmon and Main
opposite the Plaza

MEDICAL.

UNFORTUNATE
EDIES! NEW REMEDIES
ibbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY STREET
NEAR COMMERCIAL
San Francisco. Established in
1854 for the treatment of Sexual
and Seminal Diseases, such as
Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture,
Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal
Weakness, Impotency, etc. This
(of years standing) of
Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

has the pleasure of announcing to
from visiting the principal
and has resumed practice at his
earney street, corner of Commercial,
where his old patients and those
may find him
is spared neither time nor money
ew Sites and has returned to
ces for the alleviation of human

Horrible Diseases.
housands of persons, both male and
who are suffering out a
the effects of secret indulgence
d into the system. Look at
and disfigured faces and the
onstitutions, disqualifying them
or the enjoyment of
tuation thousands suffer until
Let parents, guardians
who are suffering with any of the
troying maladies see that they
red before it be too late. Send
DR. GIBBON, a physician who
his special study for years
ain to cure the most inveterate
y or any injurious drugs. It is
who are afflicted, or to those
n the welfare of their friends
many doctors who
their skill in curing all diseases
upon the public by
from Europe
careful and make
into the hands of

ce of self-abuse
, or depraved sexual indulgence
the youth of both sexes to an alarming
With unerring certainty
of morbid symptoms
scientific medical measures, viz.
dark under the eyes, pain in
g in the ears, noise like the rustling
of chariots, uneasiness about
of the limbs, confused vision,
loss of confidence, diffidence
a dislike to form new
to shun society
pimples and various
face, furred tongue, fetid
night sweats, monomania
If relief be not obtained
either in or by letter
by his new and scientific
which never fails of effecting
cure. Dr. G will give
who will prove
him that he was cured of the
of the San Francisco quacks.

Married Men,
marriage, who are suffering
maladies, should
resting upon them
immediate relief
and will give to each
binding himself to
cure or make

Cured at Home.
who may be CURED AT HOME
letter to Dr Gibbon stating
of time the disease has continued,
promptly forwarded, free from
to any part of the country
plain directions. By inclosing Ten
ad letter through the Post
Wells Fargo & Co a package of
be forwarded to any part of the
communications strictly confid

to the Unfortunate.
San Francisco quacks and
bogus sworn-to certificates,
of the self-styled doctors, whose
found in the daily and weekly
n Francisco and other places,
became too lazy to work at their
tinsmiths, shoemakers,
office keepers, etc. The only
sition is to make inquiry—it will
and may save you many
y physicians in eight cases out of
is no safety in trusting any of
now who and what they are.
deceive people by exhibiting bogus
pretended patients' letters, etc.
atisfy persons who may call at his
y to treat diseases that he

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n Francisco. Postoffice Box 1,957
PUT BOX 1,957 ON THE LETTER
ome FREE
nts will please inform DR. GIBBON
his advertisement in the Daily
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PE MANUFACTURING
AND
R COMPANY,
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r the Laws of Washington Territory

PARED TO MANUFACTURE WA
Pipe of
6 and 8 Inch Bore
de in Sections eight feet long
e and connected with a socket
with iron as shown in the cut,
pressure. The wood is preserved
and is perfectly air and water
WARRANTED to give satisfaction
ice List and Circular

PFUNDER,
RY AND CHEMIST,
CHE APOTHEKE,
and Oak streets (Portland)
TIONS A SPECIALTY.

OS. J. DRYER.
e of the Peace.
First St., Between — and C.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

South Carolina Politics.

Columbia, Sept. 8.—The Republican State Convention met here to-day. Postmaster M C Wilder was elected temporary chairman, [illegible] Congressman Elliott. This is regarded as a break of the Chamberlain-Patterson-Elliott faction. Great excitement is manifested among members.

Nebraska Independent State Convention.

Omaha, Sept. 8.—The Independent State Convention met at Lincoln this afternoon.

Arkansas Democratic State Convention.

Little Rock, Sept. 8.—The Democratic State Convention to-day appointed a committee, who up to [illegible] were not ready to report, and a recess was taken till [illegible]. If they then report it is not likely the convention will do more than effect a permanent organization. The Constitutional Convention adjourned until October 9th.

Massachusetts Democratic State Convention.

Worcester, Sept. 8.—Delegates to the Democratic Convention to-morrow are united upon Wm Gaston of Boston for the first place on the ticket. For other places there is considerable canvassing.

New York Liberal Republican State Convention.

Albany, Sept. 8.—The city is full of Democrats and Liberal politicians in attendance upon to-morrow's convention. Senator Fenton was serenaded to-night. He made a brief speech but did not discuss any important topic.

Straight Republican Ticket in Missouri.

St Louis, Sept. 8.—The Republican State Central Committee met here to-day and, after declaring that the [illegible] stands pledged to support [illegible] is looking to peace, prosperity and good government for all, and as many Independents, Democrats and many Republicans have already united and put a non-partisan ticket in the field without interference with National or [illegible] questions, adopted a resolution calling a State Convention, September 23d, at Jefferson City, to reaffirm the principles of the party and perpetuate its organization.

Democratic Nominations.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 9.—The Democratic Convention met here to-day. Hon. I. Everett [illegible] was chosen President. After the organization was completed the Convention nominated Wm Gaston of Boston for Governor and Wm L [illegible] of Springfield for Lieutenant Governor.

Liberals in Convention.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 9.—The Liberal State Convention met at Tweddle Hall to-day and was called to order by Gen John Cochrane, who made a long speech criticising the Republican management of public affairs, argued the Democrats had affiliated with corrupt Republicans in Congress to carry out disreputable measures, and claimed a new party was demanded. After a temporary organization was effected and committees appointed the Convention took a recess.

Indian Fighting in the North.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Lieutenant General Sheridan has a dispatch to-night from General Pope, a [illegible] from Colonel Miles from the camp on Red River [illegible] Fort Dodge, of a decisive battle with the confederates and hostile Indians the day of August 30th. Colonel Miles' command had been in pursuit of these Indians ten days over a very rocky and almost impassable country before they could be brought to a stand. The route was strewn with their stores, which they had thrown away in their flight. The troops fought splendidly, and the victory was complete. Thirteen Indians were killed and many wounded. Col Miles' command was, at the date of the dispatch, 100 miles from his base of supplies, and their supplies would [illegible] the 15th. General Pope had ordered a supply train sent, which will reach them before that date.

Wool Market.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The wool market is quiet but firm, stock scarce. Colorado washed [illegible]; Colorado unwashed 24 to 26c; extra and merino pulled [illegible]; No. 1 and superfine pulled [illegible] to [illegible]; Texas fine and medium 27 to [illegible]; California fine and medium [illegible] to [illegible]; coarse 27 to [illegible].

A [illegible] Speech.

[illegible], Sept. 9.—The Wisconsin State Fair [illegible] yesterday. President Stillson [illegible] speaking of railroads said consolidation resulted in such immense combinations that the people became alarmed [illegible] of such immense wealth. The [illegible] of several acts of bad faith and by [illegible] unwise counsel have done much [illegible] and bring on the present difficulty which could and should have been avoided. Yet we are not unmindful of the aid they have rendered the [illegible] in its development. While the people should [illegible] of their rights they should ever [illegible]. All we should ask is the fair line as between the producer, consumer and carrier, and let us endeavor to solve this question of cheap transportation wisely, dispassionately, and in strict justice to all.

Fire.

Cincinnati, Sept. 9.—The car repair shops of the Marietta and Cincinnati railroad at Zaleske, Ohio, burned this morning with 25 freight cars. Loss [illegible].

Death of an Aged Merchant.

St Louis, Sept. 9.—Henry Von Phul, for sixty [illegible] a [illegible] merchant here, died yesterday, [illegible].

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Black Hills Question.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Since the declaration of General Sheridan that no one would be allowed to visit the Black Hills region without authority of the Interior Department, that Department has been in receipt of a large number of letters asking permits to go there. Acting Secretary of the Interior [illegible] has written a reply to Governor Pennington of Dakota, which is furnished for publication as a reply to all similar communications, in which he says the provisions of the treaty of April 1868 with the Sioux, by which the Black Hills country was reserved to them, the boundaries of which are as follows: Commencing at the east bank of the Missouri river where the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude intersects the same, thence west across the [illegible] and along the northern line of Nebraska to the one hundred and fourth degree of longitude west from Greenwich, thence north to the point where the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude intersects the same, thence due east along said parallel to the place of beginning. The Secretary says the only power to alter this provision is that which made the treaty, and then it must be done with the consent of the Indians. The late exploring expedition of Gen. [illegible] was merely a reconnoissance of the country for the purpose of ascertaining the best location, if in the future it should become necessary to establish there a military post.

WEST INDIES.

The Cuban [illegible]

Havana, Sept. 8.—The Captain General has commuted the death sentence of the rebel leaders [illegible]court, Jamenese and Rodas. Lieut. Ariza telegraphs from [illegible] as follows: "Just arrived. The enemy numbering 600 have been completely [illegible] at Carayabo with a loss of 37 killed. Among the dead are two officers, Calixto Garcia and Chief-of-staff Quesada. Capt. Pancho Noguerras and [illegible] soldiers were taken prisoners."

CANADA.

Dominion Politics.

Quebec, Sept. 8.—Hon Mr Ouimet has resigned. The Ministers will remain in charge of their departments until their successors are qualified.

Masonic Hall Burned.

[illegible] Stanley, Ont., Sept. 9.—The Masonic hall was burned last night. Loss $2 000, partially insured.

The Big Gun.—The manufacture of the 81 ton gun at the Royal Gun Factory in the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, is slowly progressing, and every step in its growth is watched with considerable interest. The largest of its coils, except one, was welded under the great steam hammer recently, and afforded a very interesting sight to a large number of spectators. This coil weighs nearly [illegible] tons, but it was manipulated with the greatest ease by the experts of the Royal Gun Factories, although it was larger by 5 tons than any coil that has ever been made. Another hammer will, however, have to be procured for the gun, and some special machinery is being constructed for its manufacture. The progress of the gun has in like manner necessitated alterations of the plans of the workshops of the department. The [illegible] in which the steel tube is being [illegible] has had its head carried about 10 feet [illegible] the wall into the next shop, being so much longer than any tube which has previously passed through the boring mill. Its weight is about 16 tons. At the first boring a [illegible] cut of [illegible] inches is to be taken out, the [illegible] being enlarged by subsequent cuts of [illegible] and 14 inches.

Austrian Polar Expedition Heard From.—A London dispatch of Sept. 4th states that members of the Austrian Polar Expedition, for whose safety fears were felt, have been heard from. They were shipwrecked and took to sledges, and succeeded after a long journey in reaching the Norwegian island of Wardoe.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

San Francisco, Sept. 9.—The city to-day wears a holiday aspect. Flags and streamers are flying from every public building, shipping and hundreds of private residences. Business generally is suspended. The Pioneers are marching through Montgomery street, which is lined by thousands of spectators. Delegations from Sacramento and other interior cities and towns are very large. The Pioneers will proceed to Woodward's Garden, where literary and other exercises will take place. The procession is a very imposing one. Weather pleasant.

Steamer Colima from China and Japan not yet telegraphed.

San Francisco, Sept. 9.—The Pioneers had a beautiful day for the purpose of their celebration, which was conducted in a grand style. The crowd at Woodward's Gardens was very large. D. J. Staples delivered the opening address and Dr. J. B. Stillman the oration. There was an entertainment at the pavilion after the exercises were concluded.

The attempted ascension of the baloon Sierra Nevada came to a disastrous termination. The load was too heavy and as the balloon rose the basket struck the roof of one of the buildings on the grounds, tumbling the occupants about fearfully. It then cleared the roof, rose a little higher, when it collapsed and the men fell to the ground. Fortunately none were killed, but it is said that Bursley was badly hurt. An attache of the *Call*, Robert Newcomb, was reported to have had an arm broken. Aside from this no accident occurred to mar the festivities of the day.

The Pacific Mail steamer *Arizona* sailed for Panama to-day.

To-morrow the Pioneers will go on an excursion around the bay on board the steamer *Great Republic*.

Interior California.

San Jose, Sept. 9.—This afternoon Christopher Walsh, the well known livery stable keeper on First street, while engaged in landing hay in his barn by means of a tackle, missed the rope in reaching for it and was precipitated to the sidewalk, a distance of about 12 feet, alighting on his head. He was picked up in a senseless condition and conveyed to his residence. He died shortly before 6 o'clock, leaving a wife and four children. He was a native of Ireland, and at the time of his death was about 40 years old.

Nevada, Sept. 9.—A terrible and most painful accident occurred this evening. While Mrs R. M. Tully and Mrs P. R. Tully were out riding between here and Grass Valley, the clothes of Mrs P. R. Tully accidentally caught fire, and in a few seconds after the fire was discovered she was wrapped in flames. Her injuries are fatal, and she can probably live but a few hours.

Anaheim, Sept. 9.—A little girl four years old, daughter of John Goldsworthy, was accidentally shot while playing near her father's house in Westminster Colony yesterday. A loaded gun was left behind the door, which by some means fell down and exploded, discharging the contents through the partition and wash tub, and finally lodging in the temple of the child, who died from the wound.

Petaluma, Sept. 9.—Alexander McCune, an old and highly respected resident of this city, proprietor of Central Flouring Mills, was stricken with paralysis while riding in his carriage at the fair grounds this morning. Hopes are entertained of his recovery by his physician, though his condition is critical.

ARIZONA.

Tucson, Sept. 8.—Colonel Boyle of Sonora county and Governor Safford returned yesterday from a trip to the Santa Rita mines and Arivaca ranch. They express much pleasure with the prospects. Col Boyle leaves for San Francisco by the next stage, from whence he will ship tools and provisions via Guaymas, and commence operations as soon as possible.

Prescott, Sept. 8.—Advices from Ehrenburg say the Hualpai Indians are very much dissatisfied with the river climate, and only remain because they receive good treatment from Capt. Byrne.

NEVADA.

Eureka, Sept. 9.—Billy King, found guilty of assault with intent to commit murder at the last term of the District Court, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment, escaped from the county jail this evening.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Another Railway into Oregon.

Ashland, Sept. 9.—An enthusiastic railroad meeting was held here this afternoon favoring the organization of the proposed Humboldt Pacific Narrow Gauge Railroad Company. The projected road starts at Big Bend of the Humboldt, running through Klamath Lake basin and Rogue River Valley to Crescent City. The distance is about five hundred miles. Capital stock, seven and a half millions. Shares $500 each. The meeting was numerously attended and speeches made by Buick, Cranston, Brooks, Marshall, McCall and Skidmore, showing the necessity for the road, practicability of the route, economy of construction and the propriety of State and Federal aid. Resolutions were adopted recommending the people to subscribe to the capital stock, urging that the organization of the company be completed without delay, earnestly requesting the Legislature and people of Oregon to aid the proposed enterprise by every means in their power, and also respectfully asking the Oregon delegation in Congress to spare no effort to secure Congressional aid. Books will be opened this evening for subscription to the capital stock.

The Late Minnesota Auditor's Affairs.—St Paul, Sept. 4.—The Committee appointed by the last Legislature, consisting of two Republicans and one Democrat, to investigate the transactions of the late State Auditor, Charles McIlrath, on account of school and swamp lands which were in his charge as State Land Commissioner ex officio, to-day made a unanimous report showing a startling state of affairs. The report and evidence, which are very voluminous, show that McIlrath not only failed to keep his accounts properly, but that he constantly retained from money received by him for wood and grass cut off the school land a large proportion of the same, paying in many instances not one fourth of the amount received into the Treasury; that he also retained the whole of over $10 000 received by him for wood cut off the sections of the Lake Superior and Mississippi railroad lands. He also it appears kept for two years a quantity of Missouri State bonds, belonging to the school funds, in the hands of a banker in New York, drawing the interest thereon himself and accounting to the treasury for no part of it. The entire amount of McIlrath's peculations so far as ascertained by the committee is $89 559. The committee, in examining the question as to how the State could indemnify itself for these losses, made the startling discovery that McIlrath gave no bonds at all when last elected. The committee express profound surprise that Governor Austin should have overlooked so important an official duty as to see that the Auditor filed his bond, and then conclude with a scathing denunciation of McIlrath's robbery of the most sacred fund belonging to the State.

How Justice is Administered in New York.—New York, Sept. 4.—In a habeas corpus case before Judge Donohoe of the Supreme Court a Police Justice frankly admitted that he had signed a warrant for the arrest of a woman without knowing its contents, trusting to the assurance of the police and his clerks that it was all right. It proved all wrong, and his offense is to be laid before the grand jury. Judge Donohoe, commenting upon the loose practices which obtain in Police Courts, said he was satisfied crime was upheld for its political and pecuniary assistance, and that for the sake of illegal revenue panel houses and policy shops were tolerated.

BAZAINE'S ESCAPE.

HOW THE METZ MARSHAL LEFT STE. MARGUERITE—A DROP OF EIGHTY FEET—ACCOUNTS OF MADAME AND HER HUSBAND.

[From the Cologne Gazette, Aug. 17.]

As will be seen by the following account of a personal interview with Marshal Bazaine during his visit to Cologne, the doughty soldier still maintains the original story of his escape by means of a knotted rope.

From his sitting room the prisoner was obliged, in order to arrive at the terrace (his promenade), to pass a bridge and to descend some steps at the end of it. The bridge was enclosed by walls on both sides, on one of which stood the guard. A tent roof was spread over the bridge to keep off the rays of the sun, which also concealed from those standing at the foot of the steps the persons in the bridge. On the southeastern point of the Island, which by a steep descent ran into the sea, the Marshal had arranged a little kitchen garden in which he worked much and watered his beans. There his flight was to be effected. On a far projecting part of this garden the Marshal discovered one day that an old gutter for carrying off the rain water which poured through the rock was filled up by fragments of wall and rubble. Every day the Marshal worked to open it gradually and had to conceal with stones and grass what he was doing from the eyes of spies. At last the opening was completed. If inside the gutter two strong iron bars were placed across the rock, and if to the bars a strong rope, ending with an iron ring and penetrating through the other side of the gutter, was attached, a rope ladder could be fastened to it strong enough to carry even so corpulent a man as the Marshal. In the gutter there was room enough to hide the rope ladder and ropes till the decisive day. The most difficult part was to arrive unnoticed at the gutter. Every evening Marchi (the jailor) accompanied the prisoner on his return from the terrace across the bridge to his rooms. Then the doors were closed by the wardens and escape rendered impossible. The Marshal resolved to trust to a happy chance and to expect the day agreed on with his wife for the daring act. The night from last Sunday to Monday was chosen. When at 10 o'clock the Marshal arrived with Marchi at the flight of steps, he asked him not to take any more trouble, as the way to the rooms was now very short. Marchi let himself be persuaded. The Marshal mounted alone, crossed the bridge, the tent roof of which concealed him for a moment from those outside, feigned to open and shut the door, which was closed later by the unsuspecting wardens, leaped across the wall at the left of the bridge, went softly along the outer wall and reached the gutter, having now passed the first danger. A thick rope, provided with many knots, and at the end with a strong iron hook, was fastened to the ring, and the descent, 80 feet deep, began with the danger of being smashed against projecting cliff or falling into the sea lashed by a furious mistral. The Marshal, who has gained much strength during his captivity, had also put on a strong tightly fitting belt with an iron hook in front, so that he could fasten himself to a knot of the rope whenever he required a short rest. Arrived at the middle of the rope he perceived a [illegible] beneath him. He knew now that his wife was there. He replied by the signal agreed on, lighting a match, showing him thus suspended. His hands swelled and bled, the cliffs hurt him everywhere, thick cloth trousers still damp from the sea water are covered all over with holes and show what the daring man must have suffered. Having reached the end of the rope but not the strand, he let himself drop into the sea and swam toward the boat in which were his faithful wife and her courageous nephew. Before reaching it his strength left him, and Alvarez de Rull, his youthful deliverer, had to lift the heavy man into the rolling boat. After one hour's rowing they reached the peninsula of Croisette. At some distance the barge of the steamer *Baron Ricasoli*, hired by Mme. Bazaine for a pretended pleasure trip, waited for them and brought them toward 1 in the morning on board the steamer. The captain did not know the name of his guest. Mme B., when going on board with the barge, had announced she would engage a valet and perhaps a chambermaid for her voyage. The Marshal was introduced as the newly engaged valet and went at once to his cabin, which he did not leave again before the landing at Genoa. The Marshal and Mme. Bazaine state most explicitly that they have had no accomplices, and began and executed the work alone.

The same paper, speaking of Marshal Bazaine's sojourn at Cologne, says:

Young and beautiful, with luxuriant black hair and black eyes of a charming figure and bewitching loveliness, Mme Bazaine had passed the days of splendor at the side of her husband, embellished and eased to him the days of misfortune, and has now boldly braved the waves and the other dangers of an escape and brought it about with the help of a youthful and resolute nephew. But the Marshal has also shown no lack of courage. When his two deliverers gave him the signal at ten o'clock in the evening he let himself resolutely and quickly down by the rope which tore his hands and shins. He has shown us himself his swollen and black and blue hands and the wound on the right shin. Three or four times a high spouting wave seized him and threw him against the rock, but the boat was reached and no further obstacle opposed the completion of the flight. Now he stays on German soil, to which a short time ago he was a dangerous and bloody foe.

Influence of the Comet on the German Vintage.—The news just received from Germany, says the *Pall Mall Gazette*, seems to promise that the comet of 1874 will leave behind it in the wine countries a pleasant memorial of its visit. A correspondent writing from the Rhinegau states that the vintage in the Rhine and Moselle districts, especially where the highest class of wines are produced, is likely to compensate for the disastrous years of 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872 and 1873. In the favored spot known as the Rheingau no such quantity has been recorded since the celebrated comet year of 1811. At one time it was apprehended that the early May frosts had, as in former years, committed much damage among the vines, but these fears have long been dispelled, and there is now, we learn, the fairest promise that the vintage of 1874 will be an exceptionally grand one, both in quantity and quality. Such delicate little attention to wine drinkers on the part of these erratic heavenly bodies are the more appreciated because we are not always able to count upon them. Since 1811 not by any means all of the numerous comets which have appeared in this country have been careful to perpetuate their memories by their handsome presents of wine. The comet of 1811 above referred to and Donati's comet of 1858, with the magnificent claret vintage which followed it, are perhaps the only two which can be held in grateful remembrance for their effects upon wine. On the other hand, two famous years, 21 and 34, produced their wines without any contrary assistance unless the near approach of a comet in one case and its recent departure in the other can be supposed to have exercised any influence upon the vineyards. A comet was due in December 1833, and the year 1835 was the date of the last appearance of Halley's comet of 1682.

In a Bad Way.—The present Congressional contest in this district is likely to pass into history as the most rotten and disgraceful one which ever stirred the slimy depth of political corruption. No such unblushing and systematic effort was ever made to debauch the primaries and purchase votes and delegates with open bribery as has been witnessed in various parts of this district during the last few weeks. It has become so loathsome and sickening a scandal that all honest men turn away from it in disgust. If not an entirely new feature in our politics, it has heretofore been decently veiled in a prudent secresy. But now the strumpet of corruption strides in naked horror over the district, and opens her shameful market at every caucus and convention, and brings men to the herd like cattle and sheep.—*St. Paul Press*, Sept. 1.

DREAMING TO A PURPOSE.

HOW A DREAM LED TO THE PREVENTION OF ARSON AND HORSE STEALING—SPIRITS, OR WHAT?

[From the Elgin (Ill.) Advocate.]

During the night of Wednesday of this week a remarkable affair transpired in this city which we will proceed to relate.

Milo Byington is brother-in-law to Hon. Geo. S. Bowen. The residence of the latter is in the south part of the city, on what is called St. Charles street. Byington lives directly opposite. During the night Byington experienced a dream that Bowen's barn was enveloped in flames and jumped from the bed into the middle of the room, which athletic effort brought him out of somnambulism. He was very much excited and could not for a moment comprehend the situation. Impressed, however, with the thought of the barn being on fire, he proceeded to the window and discovered no sign of a blaze. His wife inquired of him what was the matter, and he replied that he had a dream that Bowen's barn was on fire, and it troubled him very much. The lady said to him that he had better lie down and not be disturbed on account of a dream. Byington returned to bed, but trembled like a leaf and was unable to quiet his nerves or divest his mind of the impression of a fire at the barn. He says he could not lie there, and felt impelled to go to the barn; that he could not sleep or rest until he had followed the impulse. In spite of the remonstrance of his good wife he put on his pants and shoes only, and taking a revolver in his hand, made tracks quietly for Bowen's barn, a distance of fifteen or eighteen rods. As he neared the barn he thought he heard movements of men inside, and instead of entering the barn as he would have done had he not heard the noise, he stepped lightly around the north end of the barn, and as he looked around the corner two men walked out of the barn door on the east side and stepped around to the south end of the barn. Byington stealthily followed to the next corner, and when he reached it he discovered the two men talking, and heard one say to the other, "Now you go in and get the horse and I'll fire the thing." Whereupon Mr Byington disturbed the composure of the villains by saying, "No, I guess you won't." Almost instantly one of the men fired at him, and the ball hit the corner of the barn within two or three inches of Byington's left side. Byington in an instant after was popping away at the fellows, and after the second shot was fired one of them, who was running south from the barn, cried out, "Don't shoot, I am hit." Byington said to him: "Stop or I'll shoot again." The fellow did not stop, and Mr Byington sent two more bullets after him. In the morning a bridle was found on the stable door behind one of the horses, and at the south end of the barn, where the men were standing when Byington first disturbed them, Mr Bowen's driver picked up a ball of rags about the size of a cocoanut, which was thoroughly saturated with kerosene oil. He also found on the same spot three or four matches. The purpose of the two men was, we must necessarily conclude, to steal one or more of the good horses which Mr Bowen is possessed of, and then burn the barn to lead the public to think the animals were burned, and thus double them to make good their escape.

TEXTS FROM TILTON.

Moulton says he was a mutual friend, yet he acted as Tilton's attorney against Bowen, and bled Beecher to the extent of $7 000 for the benefit of Theodore.

The Richmond *Enquirer* observes: "We hope Moulton's contribution to the general scandal will wind it up." The *Enquirer* has its wish. It's running again as lively as an eight-day clock.

A Milwaukee woman, far gone with consumption, begged the doctor to give her something that would keep her up until the verdict of the Beecher Committee was published.

"Write me while I am away," said Jones to Mrs Jones after an affectionate good-by. "Treacherous man!" meditated the lady. Not one letter does he get! He wants to sell them to the Chicago *Tribune*.

No longer will the name of Moulton inspire a vague awe in the public mind; no longer will the reporter haunt his goings, and the papers publish his movements. His brief day of notoriety is over. Having contributed a long term to the popular repertory, the "mutual" will find himself incontinently kicked into obscurity by the public, which never fails to revenge itself on those who have claimed its attention on false pretenses of importance.—*Springfield (Mass.) Union*.

An exciting episode was created by the appearance of Frank Moulton in the meeting in his favorite character of a bully and a blackguard. He rose in the meeting, and in reply to a very just remark made by a Mr. Raymond that he (Moulton) had tried to poison the minds of men against Beecher, he rose to his feet and twice exclaimed in a loud voice: "You're a liar, sir! you're a liar, sir!" Scenes of intense excitement followed. The entire congregation, men and women, rose to their feet and joined in hissing the impudent intruder, even the ladies joining heartily in the cry, "Put him out!" The bully defied them to put him out, but was finally hustled out by policemen. The character of the man is sufficiently indicated by this incident. It is the hero of the pistol scene playing the same role in a more dramatic situation.—*St. Paul Press*.

Victoria's Children—What They Cost the Treasury.—Prince Leopold is the eighth child of the Queen, to whom Parliament has granted an income for life. The Prince of Wales has £10 000 a year, plus the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall, which now amount to over £100 000 per annum. The Duke of Edinburgh had £15,000 yearly granted him on reaching his majority, which was made up last year to £25 000 on his marriage with the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia. Prince Arthur, now Duke of Connaught, has £15 000 a year. The Princess Victoria was granted an annuity of £8 000 a year on her marriage with the Crown Prince of Prussia, plus a dower of £40 000 cash down. The Princess Alice, the Princess Helena and the Princess Louise had each a grant of £6 000 a year and dowers of £30 000 on their marriages. There remains the Princess Beatrice, now seventeen and unmarried, the expense of whose support is borne by her mother. Taking no account of the Cornwall revenues, but including only the sums actually disbursed yearly to the Queen's children out of the public treasury, the total is £121 000, which is the interest on £3 030 000. The dowries the girls have had amount in all to £130 000, which is a mere trifle to add to such a total. The Queen has £300 000—or it may be only £400 000—a year, or the interest on over £10,000 000.

A Good Hit.—It was always the boast of the distinguished tragedian Forrest that he could tell when he made a hit from the applause of the gods in the galleries, as he termed the boys. And it is from these motley crowds of ragged urchins that now and then a dash of real wit will scintillate and divert the attention of listeners from the most interesting part of the play, and create a ripple of merriment or a storm of boisterous laughter through an audience. An incident that in the climax illustrated this fact at Niblo's Garden in New York the other evening upon the production of a powerful dramatization of Charles Reade's Griffith Gaunt. At a thrilling period of the drama when Kate has delivered to Father Francis all the letters that have passed between herself and Brother Leonard, and the father asks in a helpless tone, "What shall I do with them?" a voice from a peanut muncher in the gallery cried aloud, "Give em to our mutual friend Moulton." It is needless to say that the laugh came in at the proper time.

A Clerical Scandal in Paris.—A Paris telegram to the London *News*, dated August 16, states that a priest at Chevreuse was taken in *flagrante delicto* with the wife of a rich draper, aged 22 and the mother of two children. He was fired upon by the incensed husband and brought down with four bullets in his body. The wife was struck in the thigh. Both lie in a dangerous though not desperate state.

OREGON.

Salem boasts of her splendid wooden pumps.

Wheat is coming into Salem quite rapidly, though but few sales are reported.

Salem is making the usual preparations for the biennial trouble, to begin next Monday.

A shop for turning bachelors' and widowers' underwear in Salem would be remunerative.

The Aurora Brass Band has been engaged for Reed's Panorama during the State Fair week.

Lafe Royal has assumed the position of Principal of the Sheridan Academy in Yamhill county.

Rev T. H. Small of the Waldo Hills returned home a few days ago from an extended tour through the Eastern States.

Rev. D. R. Nesbit, formerly of Corvallis, has been called to the pastorate of the Congregational Church at Mendocino, Cal.

A Marion county man picked from one of his vines a cucumber 22 inches long, embracing spells of chills and fever for three, two cases of cholera morbus and a number of bilious symptoms.

A young man in South Salem night before last had love, music and wind knocked out of him by a stick of stove wood that his Diana's little brother slung at him while he was serenading his lovely.

Mr J. I. Thompson has recently sold his farm of 420 acres near Dixie, in Polk county, for $12 000, the purchaser being a gentleman recently from California, Mr Otto Wilson, who has only been a couple of weeks in Oregon.

At Salem last Monday, in the case of the State of Oregon vs B. A. Witzel, for assault with a dangerous weapon, the defendant waived examination and was admitted to bail in the sum of $500 to await the action of the grand jury.

Some large, highly colored and beautiful posters have been issued and put up pretty much all over the State telling the people all about the approaching State Fair. As everybody will see the posters, we will only say that they were done by that master job printer, E. M. Waite of Salem.

The Willamette University opened last Monday with 138 scholars, to which number enough new pupils were added on Tuesday to make about 150. This is flattering, and gives token that by the time the classes are fully organized the number of students enrolled will be fully up to any previous year.

Mr M. Wilkins of Lane county has sent Governor Grover some splendid samples of wool grown by him. The staple is upwards of six inches in length and the texture unusually fine. The specimens are fair samples of Mr Wilkins' improved Oxfordshire stock. Mr Wilkins will probably exhibit several head of this fine stock at the coming State Fair.

At a recent Good Templars meeting in Polk county a vote was taken during recess on the Beecher question. Beecher not guilty received nineteen votes; guilty, seventeen—two majority for Beecher. The ballot being a secret one, it is not known how the majority of the lady members voted, but one of the tellers remarked that nearly all of the "not guilty" votes were written in a coarse large hand.

The Yreka *Journal* of September 2d says: Last Monday night some rocks and brush were piled up in the road between the farms of Rufus and Byron Cole, at the foot of the Siskiyou mountain, close to the California and Oregon boundary line. Milo Mathews, the driver of the stage, noticed the obstructions and stopped the team, while Assistant Superintendent Raymond, of Wells, Fargo & Co., who happened to be a passenger, got out and removed the brush and rocks. While doing so some one not far off kept shouting, "Throw out the express box," but the road being soon clear, Milo told the fellow to go to h—l and sent his team along at a lively gait. On Milo's trip before this the road was also similarly blockaded, but no robbers were in sight or hearing, and the fact of their bothering Milo looks as though they want to see him.

The Salem *Record* says: Mr John Martin, living on Salem prairie, has an old settled farm, and gives us the yield of twenty acres that constitute one of the oldest fields cultivated near Salem. It has been in continuous cultivation for twenty-six years, having been of late four years in timothy, then one year in oats, then summer fallowed and twice plowed in 1873, and put in afterwards with a cultivator, and the yield this year is fully fifty bushels to the acre. Chile club put in in April has made a good record this year as follows: Wm Greenwood of Howell Prairie sowed in April and has realized forty bushels to the acre. Wesley Howell of same place sowed fifteen acres in April (Chile club) and harvested forty-five bushels per acre. Over in Polk county some extensive farming is going on, with large results. D. M. Boone of that county has raised 13 000 bushels of grain with an average large yield."

A GEORGIA FAMILY.

A correspondent of the Augusta *Chronicle and Sentinel* gives the following account of a remarkable family in Georgia: Below we give the names of a family consisting of man and wife, twelve girls and one boy. The girls are neat, sweet and industrious, and just such young ladies as would make a man a wife suitable to these times, when common sense and industry are more desirable qualities than the flash of a boarding school miss. We will here take occasion to state that the eldest five of these young ladies are married, and if our informant's statement be correct they are following in the footsteps of their illustrious predecessor. The remaining seven of their sisters are now in the employment of the Augusta Factory, where they altogether earn $100 per month above expenses. The eldest one is now twenty-five years of age. We give their names regularly, which are remarkable for their euphony and diversity:

1. Mary Ann Elizabeth Rabun.
2. Cornelia Ann Meranda Jane Rabun.
3. Ellie Ann Savannah Rabun.
4. Sarah Ann Mollissio Vandusan Emeline Rabun.
5. Drusilla Ann Frances Reena Rabun.
6. Emy Lucinda Eliza Willie Ann Alice Rabun.
7. Roxa Ann Archiba Margrate Amazon Rabun.
8. Mazie Geruda Ann Silvira Rabun.
9. Anngenette Sefronie Martha Ann Frastus Rabun.
10. Eldora Matilda Louisa Ann Pilcher Rabun.
11. (The only son) Pilcher Wicker Brunson Franklin Lee Beauregard Jackson Swain Estes Rabun. The young man has had his name changed so as to read Estes after our worthy Mayor.
12. Ella Ann Sansil Virginia Theodosia Milanta Eugenia Gibson Rabun.
13. Lovie Ann Estellaville Caladonia Desalonda Lucretia Bolgia Neal Rabun.

Good Times Among the Lowly.—Why, you're a newcomer, aren't you? haven't seen you before," we remarked to a lad of about 12 years as he was giving us a shine on Tuesday.

"Yes sir, ain't been here before, but took it in this trip. Lots of coal here, sir."

"Yes; where are you from?"

"Oh, I'm on my summer trip. I'm from New York; always take a run out of town in the summer—done it for—oh, I dun know how long. Like the country for a while."

"Well, are you having a good time?"

"Havin' a good time? you bet (with a little laugh). Why, my dinner costs 70 cents to day—had a beefsteak and turmaters an' a rice pudin, an' I got 35 cents yet. Umph! a good time? now you're a shoutin'!"

He was the happiest summer tourist we have seen this season, and his cash capital was 35 cents; but who can compute his satisfaction over that beefsteak, turmaters an' rice pudin?—*Kingston Freeman*.

THE TERRITORIES.

A single blast in the Sherman mine, Boulder county, one day last week, loosened $8 000 worth of ore.

Thomas Clegg, an eighty-four year old boy from Dayton, Ohio, made the ascent of Pike's Peak last week.

H. B. Rogers, a clerk in the Quartermaster's Department at Camp Carlin, stood highest in the competitive examination for a cadetship at West Point.

Major Bigney, formerly of the Colorado *Chieftain*, is in New York superintending the publication of his biography of Dick Wooten, the Colorado pioneer.

Congressmen who have always been in the market for Mormon carriage grease now turn up their noses in derision at the paltry sum of $500,000, which Brigham swears is all he has left of that $10 000 000. Impecunious Profit! Disappointed Congressmen!

The Black Hills are being extensively advertised, and expeditions are being organized in many of the Eastern cities to go out in search of gold, which is said to be found there in paying quantities. Like all new countries, the picture has been overdrawn, and those who go there with great expectations will be sadly disappointed.

The Prescott *Miner* says: "The claim of the Starrar Bros. on a ledge in Sacaton district, south of the Gila river, must be a very rich one, judging by the specimen recently brought here by C. A. Luke, which is a piece as large as a billiard ball and composed mainly of silver. Sufficient is it for us to say that it is the richest piece so far seen by us in Arizona or anywhere else. The 'streak' from which this was taken is eight inches thick and has yielded at the rate of $15,000 to the ton in silver. The ledge averages from 4½ to 7 feet in thickness."

Tip Marion and Joshua Marion, brothers, and Dick Thompson and Jerry Wilson, accused of horse stealing, were hung by a crowd of masked men at Middle Kiowa, Elbert county, Colorado, on Tuesday, the 25th ult. The Denver *News*, describing the affair, says: The supposition is that the ropes were adjusted about the necks of the men and the limbs of the tree, and the wagon driven from under them, leaving them at an uncomfortable distance above the ground. The Coroner's jury didn't waste much paper in making a report. They simply said that the four deceased persons came to their death by strangulation produced by a party of unknown persons. The four bodies were buried late Wednesday afternoon. It was noticed that Mrs Marion, mother of two of the thieves, who lives a short distance from Kiowa, was not present at the funeral.

WHY PERE HYACINTHE RESIGNED AT GENEVA.

[From the Pall Mall Gazette.]

The resignation by Pere Hyacinthe of his functions as Cure of Geneva has caused a certain sensation, but has taken no one by surprise. It has put an end to a state of things which for many months past was becoming more and more intolerable to M. Loyson.

Invited to Geneva in the name of the Liberal Catholics, and elected to the position of Cure, he constantly and consistently advocated the reform of the Church of Rome, always insisting that he still belonged to that Church, loved it, and by no means wanted to overthrow it. He soon discovered that a considerable section of the Liberal Catholics were (as he says) neither liberal in sentiment nor Catholic in religion, and that their chief object in supporting him was to make use of him as an instrument for the destruction of the Church of which he still professes to be a member. In addition to this cause of his discontent with his position there was another equally strong.

The Constitution of Geneva, more especially as remodeled by the laws passed in April last, gives the secular power, as represented by the Conseil d'Etat, great power in regard to religious matters, and places all religious bodies in a singularly subservient and dependent position in regard to the State. It may indeed be said that the Minister of Public Instruction for the time being has considerably more power in Geneva in matters religious than the Archbishop of Canterbury has in the affairs of the Church of England, and pretty nearly as much power as the Pope claims over Catholics. More than once Pere Hyacinthe has protested against being submitted to the infallibility of M. Antoine Carteret (the Minister of Public Instruction and a free thinker), and his friends and declared even a stronger objection to it than to the infallibility of the Pope, from which he had fled.

These two causes combined to render his position as Catholic cure of Geneva intolerable to him, and, as they have been recently aggravated and threaten to become still more so in the future, he has solved the difficulty by resignation. His letter of resignation, addressed to the Conseil d'Etat, is not yet made public, but I am aware that its purport is to the above effect, that he came to Geneva with the object of aiding in the reform of the Catholic Church, not in its overthrow (*bouleversement*), and that among the Liberal Catholics of the canton he found an influential party which was neither Liberal nor Catholic.

The resignation of Pere Hyacinthe will be a severe blow to the religious movement with which he was identified. In short, there are numerous signs of the dissolution of the sect which he has founded. The chief causes of this are the Pope-like authority claimed and exercised by the civil power and the influence exercised by the Liberals, or Secularists.

SUPREME COURT.

EIGHTEENTH DAY—AFTERNOON SESSION.

September 7, 1874.

Present, full bench.

J. D. Isebneider et al., appellants, vs D. Farg Alv et al., respondents. Case argued and submitted.

NINETEENTH DAY.

September 8, 1874.

Court met pursuant to adjournment.

Present, same as yesterday.

James R. Bayley, respondent, vs Jas. Chambers, appellant. Motion heretofore filed for a rehearing. Allowed and cause continued until the next term of this Court.

M. Hagey et al., respondents, vs Titus Smith, appellant. Motion heretofore filed by appellant's counsel for a rehearing in this case. Allowed and cause continued until the next term of this Court.

The City of Portland, appellant, vs O. N. Denny, respondent. Argued and submitted.

W. H. Mosgrove vs R. M. Benser et al. Cause on trial.

Court adjourned till Wednesday at 9 A. M.

Marriages, Births and Deaths.—The Commune of Paris, in its blind unreasoning work of destruction, managed to burn or mutilate the official record of births, marriages and deaths in Paris from 1792 to 1870, as well as a duplicate copy thereof. The French Government is endeavoring to replace these valuable records, but the best that can be done in this direction, after the expenditure of much time and money, can give but little authentic information on the subject. The effect of the siege of Paris, the reign of the Commune and consequent disorders have been a great reduction in the number of births and marriages and even greater increase in the number of deaths. In the year 1870 there were only 15 657 marriages in Paris, in 1871 only 12 928, but in 1872, when affairs were more settled, there were 21 373. The number of births registered in 1872 was 56 894. England doubles her population every 52 years and Prussia every 54 years, but France requires 198 years. The census of 1866 proved that in five years the population of France has increased at the rate of 48 inhabitants to each 10,000, but that of 1872 shows the diminution of this low ratio to 16 to 10 000. The ordinary death rate of Paris is from 4,000 to 5,000 per month, but during 1870 and 1871 the monthly rate increased to an average of over 10,000, and in January, 1871, reached its highest figure—19 233.

A. P. Hotaling, San Francisco. | E. C. Lord, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter
Old BOURBON WHISKY,
And Importers of
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
431 Jackson St. San Francisco
And 25 Front Street, Portland, Oregon

PUGET SOUND
FISH, CLAMS AND OYSTERS.
HAVING THE ONLY RELIABLE FISHERY ON Puget Sound I am prepared to fu[illegible] all [illegible] on short notice.
Particular attention given to all orders from Willamette Valley.
J. B. WHITTLESEY,
Tacoma, W. T.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.

To Take Effect Sunday, Aug. 2d, 1874, at 4 A. M.
DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
As follows

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7.30 A. M.	Roseburg	7.10 P. M.
Roseburg	5.00 A. M.	Portland	4.15 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	4.50 P. M.	Albany	9.25 P. M.
Albany	5.30 A. M.	Portland	10.05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS
DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6.15 A. M.	Junction	6.00 P. M.
Junction	5.45 A. M.	Portland	5.15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.
Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.
Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,
Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing,
PORTLAND.
Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.
Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.
J. BRANDT Jr, Gen'l Sup't.
E. P. ROGERS
Gen'l Freight and Pass'r Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

To take Effect Monday, March 30th, 1874, at 6 A. M.
Daily Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH
AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3.00 P. M.	St. Joseph	7.30 P. M.
St. Joseph	6.00 A. M.	Portland	10.30 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove, at St. Joseph for all points South and West, Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.
Passengers landed at Fourth street on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.
Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty-five cents extra.
On and after Sunday Aug. 16 there will be no trains run on Sundays.
Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be [illegible] for shipment after 4 P. M.
J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad.
PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.
DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	12.30 P. M.	Tacoma	6.30 P. M.
Tacoma	5.30 A. M.	Kalama	11.40 A. M.

CONNECTING
At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.
At Tenino with stages for Olympia.
At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily, and on Wednesdays and Saturdays with Steamers for Victoria and Stikine River.

SUMMER EXCURSION
From Portland to Victoria and return via O. S. N. Co., N. P. R. R. and P. S. S. N. Co.
ROUND TRIP, $30!
To Tourists and Families forming CLUBS OF five OR MORE tickets, good for the entire [illegible] will be sold for the above rates.
This route presents to tourists and pleasure parties one of the pleasantest and most enjoyable trips on the Pacific coast.
Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.
J. W. SPRAGUE,
Gen'l Superintendent.
H. W. FAIRWEATHER,
Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.
Kalama, W. T., June 15, 1874.

The Chicago, Rock Island and
PACIFIC RAILROAD.
The Great Central Iowa Short Line
OVERLAND ROUTE.
With its connections East and West,
Is the Shortest, Quickest and Best Route between the
Pacific and Atlantic,
VIA
Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.
THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL—making direct and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by
The Central and Union Pacific Railroads,
AND AT CHICAGO,
With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North and South.
The most elegantly furnished Parlor Sleeping Cars ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned and run by this Company between Omaha and Chicago.
THROUGH TICKETS to all points East can be obtained at the Oregon & California Railroad Office, Portland, Oregon. And at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.
Be sure your Tickets read via Rock Island.
A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Sup't, Chicago.
WM. R. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco.

NOTICE.
TO CONSIGNEES, SHIPMASTERS AND OWNERS.—Having dissolved partnership with T. F. Tilden on Feb. 1, 1874, I am now prepared to discharge and load vessels at nominal rates. Also to contract for rigging work or sail making and guarantee satisfaction. Office No. 6 Front street.
CHS. McHARDY & CO.

NOTICE.
DOG LICENSES FOR THE ENSUING YEAR due Sept. 1st, payable at my office, 67 First st.
L. H. LEWIS, City Treasurer.

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING SEPT 10 1874.

THE HIGHEST PATRIOTISM

It has been said that the truest patriotism and the highest duty of the citizen is to fight taxes. Stated thus epigrammatically, the truth is liable to be somewhat obscured. There is nevertheless truth in the statement. The object of Government is the security of the individual in his person, his reputation and his property, and as far as possible these ends are to be accomplished by such means as will promote the general prosperity of the whole community and of all classes of citizens. Taxation is merely incidental. It is legitimate only as it is necessary to carry out the main purposes of government as here specified. Every cent of taxation in excess of what is reasonably necessary to support the government in the exercise of its limited powers is an extortion and an oppression.

Without any corresponding improvement in the methods of securing the rights and immunities of the individual, government becomes more and more expensive continually. The rate of taxation advances, instead of receding, notwithstanding the constant augmentation of the bulk of taxable property. The modes of procedure and the means of proceeding in the enforcement and vindication of human rights are pretty well settled, but the cost of applying the machinery increases all the time excepting only a spasmodic contraction which it undergoes once in a great while. The problem of the present day is therefore, how to reduce taxation.

If the Legislators just about to convene at Salem would entitle themselves to be remembered gratefully by the people, let them devote themselves to the work of lifting the burden of taxation. Though less demonstrative, the feeling of the people on this subject is no less intense than it was before the election. Retrenchment was the watchword that wrought up the people to the most earnest and zealous interest in the campaign that preceded the election, and it is the watchword that can make this Legislature the most popular that ever sat in the State.

EQUALIZATION

We trust our readers, and especially the members of the Legislature, will consider the importance of the subject a sufficient excuse for our referring again to the importance of having some better system of equalization of taxes throughout the State. It is admitted by every one at all familiar with the subject, that our present system is thoroughly bad. There is no such thing as equal taxation under the plan of assessment now in vogue. For the purposes of any single county it may be assumed that the county board, as now constituted, answers well enough, though we have known some instances of palpable wrong committed by these Boards. But the principle of requiring the property of all parts of the State to contribute alike according to its value, has no application whatever under our present law. Property is assessed in one county at, say, 75 per cent of its actual value, in another at 60 per cent., in a third at 35, and in a fourth at 50 per cent. Then the State levy of 5 mills on the assessed value produces as many different rates of tax on actual value as there are different rates of assessment. It is unnecessary to say this is unjust. All unequal taxation is unjust.

How is the evil to be remedied? Not by enacting directory statutes for the guidance of county assessors and county boards. Experience has everywhere shown that method to be worthless. In practice the statutes are a dead letter. The only way to cure the defects is through a State Board of Equalization. Older States have experimented upon this question a great deal, and almost without exception they have settled down to the conclusion that there is no way to reach or approximate a just result except through some form of State board.

ALABAMA

Congressman Hays of Alabama confirms the report of the murder of the colored mail agent on the Alabama and Chatanooga Railway. He describes the condition of affairs in Alabama as extremely distressing. The colored people are in a state of terror, believing their liberties and lives to be in peril. Of course they are not the most orderly and quiet under these circumstances. Desperate men are never so. It is not denied that the negroes under apprehension of losing the liberties they have so lately obtained, should magnify everything that looks in the least like hostility to them.

It is asserted that in case an election were to come off immediately but few of the colored voters would go to the polls, so great is their fear of the white man's party. This is probably an exaggeration, as such things never suffer any diminution in the recital. Still there is unquestionably a reign of terror in that State. Congressman Pelham, who made himself particularly obnoxious at last session of Congress by voting for the supplemental civil rights bill, has been compelled to flee for safety, and when on his way he desired to stop over night with the Postmaster at a country place, that gentleman refused him permission to do so, saying he should be very glad to befriend him, but that he feared the consequence would be the murder of both of them. It is certainly high time something was doing to restore order in the South.

THE TRIMMERS

The crop of political conventions is quite [illegible] this season. And it is interesting to see how anxiously they all endeavor to place themselves on the popular side of all questions. So far as one can tell by the platforms adopted, the chief care of the politician of the period is to secure his retreat. It has been generally supposed, that the object of a political platform was to define the position of the party adopting it upon the questions that were attracting the attention of the community at the particular time, but such is by no means the office of the platforms promulgated just now. On nearly all questions that have any vitality, such as the transportation problem, the currency, &c., there is a studied effort among the politicians to avoid committing themselves. Talleyrand's idea of the use of language, that it is a convenient means of concealing one's thoughts, is happily illustrated in these declarations of political faith. It is only an occasional one of these documents that makes a sufficient approach to definiteness to mislead anybody.

The politicians are busy working up the organization of the Legislature. The ring in it are the most active and the subject that exercises their ingenuity most is the Chief Clerkship of the Senate. Under the Constitution there will have to be some drawing for long terms and short ones among the Senators, this being the first meeting under the new apportionment, and it may be useful to have a man for Chief Clerk who will see that the drawing comes out as the ring would have it. They are up to all that sort of tricks.

That was an exciting contest, no doubt, in the South Carolina State Convention. It is encouraging to all politically inclined persons to have it announced by the telegraph that the Postmaster beat the other man.

IMMIGRATION

PORTLAND, Sept. 8, 1874.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I have observed that by the action of the city Board of Trade and through the columns of your paper an Immigration Board or Commissioner is recommended to be created by the next Legislature. I have my doubts as to the utility or advantages of such a measure, not but what immigration into our State ought to be encouraged and fostered, but as to the practicability of such measure for effecting the object intended, unless it be upon some plan of an Immigration Board or Commission as yet not suggested, or of which I as yet have seen no mention. The gentlemen who compose the Board of Trade I have the very highest confidence in as business men, and am disposed to defer to their opinion in preference to my own in regard to an Immigration Commission. But it occurs to me that if the Board of Trade in this city should, it not be inconsistent with the nature of their organization, would undertake to conduct this business, that it would be advisable for the Legislature to agree with the Board to pay them so much per annum for the salary of their Secretary and incidental expenses of the immigration business. The Secretary of the Board being under the direction of the full Board of Trade in conducting the immigration business, he, and the State could have the advantage and benefit of the assistance of our best business men. Not only would the talents of our best business men be availed of in this way, but their information and knowledge which they derive from business connections would be of great practical benefit to an immigration commission, but which an independent immigration commission could not have the advantages of so well as under the plan proposed. It is to be supposed that the Secretary, by receiving a competent salary, could devote his whole time to the business, while the State would only pay him for his services but would derive the advantage of the assistance of the whole Board. To subsidize or pay any one man as a commission of immigration to act independently, it seems to me would be of but little practical utility at present to the State. But I repose such confidence in the gentlemen composing the Board of Trade that I offer this but as a suggestion.

FOR IMMIGRATION.

NEW GRAIN TRANSPORTATION SCHEME

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—A recent dispatch in the *Pacific Press* gave the particulars of a huge transportation scheme which, under the auspices of a wealthy and influential company centered in New York and with branches in the large cities of Europe and America, is now in process of formation. The object of this corporation, alleged to be heavily backed both in America and abroad, is the direct and cheap transportation of grain from the Western States to the seaboard and to Europe through buyers in New York, London and Liverpool. This result is proposed to be accomplished by an indentification of railroad and steamship interests with the Granger movement, and it is asserted that contracts have already been made with railroad and steamship lines to secure cheap and uniform rates of transportation. Inquiries have been made here to ascertain the views of business men on the scheme and its feasibility, and the result of the investigation proved one of two things, either that the matter has met with no attention here and is not considered as of more importance than the formation of any new transportation company would be, or else that those who are interested in it here are outside parties in the general mercantile world who consider the publication of the matter as yet premature and who are therefore keeping it very still. The latter is probably the correct view. To those who have given the matter their attention, the fact that Orville Grant and a number of persons conspicuously identified with the Government are interested in the affair and are ostensibly promoters of it suggests the idea that the formation of the company in addition to large commercial interests has a political object to serve. It would apparently meet the popular clamor of Western producers for direct and cheaper transportation to the seaboard, and would tend to bring the representatives of railroad and steamship companies into friendly relations with the adherents of the Grangers' government. It is believed here that New York would encourage the scheme in its efforts to recover its former eminence as a grain exporting point, and it is also believed that in this city there can be found many capitalists outside of our own Board of Trade ready to enter into the combination and push the scheme to its realization.

THE COLTER FORTUNE

A letter to the S. F. *Chronicle*, dated Aug. 31st and signed Jose Ramirez, of Bolivia and New York, says: There have been so many things said about Colter's windfall, both pro and con in the paper, that I deem it my duty (a [illegible] of the dispatch from Chile via New York containing the intelligence) to state that the property left to one Henry Colter is situated in Chile and Bolivia, and not in Massachusetts, and the man who bequeathed it to him was a partner in the Company when Jessup invested his money. Jessup died 20 years ago in Westfield, Mass., and his father manufactured paper there then, and may be there still. I have kept quietly observing the various actions of certain parties in this matter and am convinced that the Colter who turned up in Watsonville is the *bona fide* being. There is an injunction of secrecy on the whole affair for the present. Nought can be done in the matter until next May, 1875, when the whole business will be settled by the Company, and if Colter can live through it till then, will take a trip himself to his estate. No power of attorney or second person can act in this case, but Colter must act for himself, and until next May he will hear no more from me. This is the truth of the whole matter. Parties have been knocking at the wrong door for information. The thing had to be worked up in this way. Mr. Dent's identification of Colter was sufficient for Mr. Knowlton, who left for South America three weeks ago.

THE THIRD-TERM CONUNDRUM.—New York, Sept. 4.—The *Herald* correspondence from White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia, says authoritatively that President Grant, during a recent visit, informed Colonel Swann, a wealthy citizen of that State, that he was a candidate for a third term of the Presidential office. At a recent District Convention Col. Swann referred to the third term subject in a political speech, and at a subsequent caucus Swann, speaking with authority, unequivocally declared that General Grant was a candidate for a third term.

NOT TRUE.—The Portland *Daily Bulletin* of Oregon says: The leading papers in the great Atlantic cities appear to have become pretty nearly convinced that the story of the kidnapping of little Charlie Ross in Philadelphia is a fabrication of the family for some reason or other. There is no leading paper in the country that has ever advanced such a diabolical idea.—*[illegible]*

NEW TO-DAY.

LEGISLATORS BEFORE YOU LEAVE FOR Salem try a cup of Fabre's Coffee.

PFUNDER, WHOSE CELEBRATED CREAM Soda is the most delicious drink of the season still holds forth at cor. First and Oak streets.

For Sale,

A FINE FAMILY CARRIAGE FOR SALE cheap. It can be seen for a week at Miller & Acker's Livery Stable. 10d6t

A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

A Thousand Dollars' worth of Apparatus for a first class Entertainment and all instructions given for less than half the cost. Apply to or address CARL BOSCO, care of Buchtel & Stolte, Portland, Oregon.

A. DEPUY,
Coach and Carriage Painter,
First street, bet. Morrison and Alder.
Special attention paid to work on Hacks and Buggies. Nothing but the best ENGLISH VARNISH used. s6d1m

PUGET SOUND
OYSTERS AND CLAMS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, OPENED OR IN shell. Orders received and filled promptly
AT REDUCED PRICES.
By J. D. SHORTS, First street, between Washington and Stark, Portland, and by W. H. [illegible], New Tacoma. Hotels and Restaurants will find it to their interest to give us a call. s10d1m

STAR LINE.
For San Francisco.
THE A 1 SCHOONER
SUPERIOR,
Receiving Freight at Central Wharf, foot of Alder Street, for SAN FRANCISCO, and will sail on or about TUESDAY, Sept. 15th.
No charge on storage.
For Freight, Insurance, &c., apply to
WARDWELL & DEIT,
No. 88 Front st., Portland

REMOVAL.
HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
DEALERS IN
Paints, Oils, Window Glass,
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
HAVE REMOVED ONE BLOCK BELOW THEIR old location, to the store vacated by L. Goldsmith & Co., running through from Front to First street.
Entrance to Retail Department—70 FIRST STREET.
Entrance to Wholesale Department—75 FRONT STREET.
s10new cod1m

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.
EASTERN AND CALIFORNIA—
At the Lowest Market Rates.
HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,
75 Front Street.

Rock River Paper Company's
PATENT
FELT ROOFING.
PUT ON FOR $8 50 PER SQUARE.
PREPARED PLASTERING BOARD,
Sheathing and Carpet Paper.
For sale by H. C. MORRICE,
Gibson's Buildings, First st., near Ash

Regalia and Trimmings,
ONLY REGALIA HOUSE IN THE STATE.
MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS,
Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes,
Spangles, Stars, Bullion, Etc.
H. C. MORRICE,
Gibson's Buildings, First st., near Ash

COMMERCIAL AGENCY,
INTELLIGENCE, SHIPPING AND
GENERAL COLLECTION OFFICE.
BUCK & JACOBI
HAVE OPENED AN OFFICE UNDER THE Cosmopolitan Hotel, where they will be pleased to see their friends and attend to any Business entrusted to their care with punctuality and dispatch. s9 1m

EASTERN OYSTERS.
FRESH RECEIVED BY EVERY STEAMER. Also all kinds of Salt Water Fish, Clams and Oysters daily at HENRY MARTIN'S, Central Market. s9d1t

NOTICE.
THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA IS prepared to make Advances on First Wheat stored in Portland warehouses.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager. s9d1t

REMOVAL.
McKIBBIN & DAVIDSON, AGENTS FOR Wheeler & Wilson Mfg Co., have removed to their elegant new store
No. 95 Third St., near Masonic Temple.
McKIBBIN & DAVIDSON,
Agents Wheeler & Wilson Mfg Co.
s9 16t

PAUL RICHTER,
105 First Street,
HAS OPENED A BRANCH STORE ON MORrison street, between Third and Fourth, where he will give full attention to
UPHOLSTERING
FURNITURE, PARLOR SETS,
EASY CHAIRS, LOUNGES,
SPRING MATRESSES, Etc.
Work of all descriptions in the
House-Furnishing Line,
Promptly attended to. [illegible]

STREET RAILWAY.
CARS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:
On Week Days.
From 6:30 A. M. to 8 P. M., 10 minutes apart; 8 P. M. to 11 P. M., 20 minutes apart.
On Sundays.
From 8 A. M. to 11 P. M., 15 minutes apart.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMed a copartnership under the firm name of WOODCOCK & [illegible] [illegible]
F. C. WOODCOCK,
J. N. GATLEY.

MADE TO ORDER.
IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF FINE BOOTS made to order go to J. BRADY, No. 9 Washington Street.
Repairing promptly attended to.

W. W. UPTON & CHAS. B. UPTON,
Attorneys at Law,
Office—No. 9 Dekum's Block, Portland.
s8d1m

LOST.
ON SATURDAY, [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.
BENEFIT BALL!
IN AID OF
A DESTITUTE FAMILY,
FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 11,
At Voos' Villa,
Which has been kindly donated for the occasion by MR. VOOS.
COME ONE! COME ALL!
Tickets to Dancing Hall $1; Supper 50 cts.
JAS. M. WILSON, Manager.

DRY GOODS.
REMOVED.
L. GOLDSMITH & CO.
HAVE REMOVED TO
No. 9 and 11 North Front Street
AND
10 and 12 North First Street

P. VAN FRIDAGH,
DRY GOODS, MILLINERY
AND FANCY GOODS STORE,
79 First St., bet. Washington and Stark.
BONNETS AND HATS TRIMMED TO ORDER.

JANION & RHODES,
FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.
CHARLES LANCASTER, - MANAGER.
Agents for Gilroy's Dundee Grain Sacks and Hessians.
Offer for sale in Lots to suit buyers:
Four Hundred Thousand Hand-Sewed Grain Sacks, 22x36.
Grain Sacks, 22x36.
Oat Sacks, 28x36 and 23x40.
Flax Seed Bags, 21x36.
Barley Sacks.
Burlaps in Piece.
TIN PLATES AND ZINC.

THE FALL & WINTER STYLES
IN
SILK HATS!
ALSO
Felt, Beaver and Nutria Hats,
SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1874,
AT
C. H. MEUSSDORFFER'S,
111 FRONT STREET,
au29 1m Below Morrison.

REMODELLED.
MAISON DOREE,
Pine and First Streets.
I HAVE THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED THE Maison Doree Restaurant and hereafter the upper floor will be used for the Main Dining Room.
OYSTERS will be served on the first floor, where the BEST LIQUORS can be obtained at the Bar. As heretofore I hope to see my old patrons and the public generally.
Open from 4 A. M. to 1 P. M. Q. VOOS.

L. C. HENRICHSEN,
No. 109 First Street,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.
The only Complete Jewelry Manufactory in Oregon.
A Complete Assortment of
Watches, Clocks, Silverware & Jewelry,
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Prices Reasonable and Work Warranted.

ADAMS' EXCHANGE,
Corner of Oak and First streets.
The best of Wines and Liquors, Beer and Cigars on this Coast always on hand.
Holland Herring, Sardels, Sardines, Swiss Cheese, Limburger Cheese, Russian Caviar served by the plate.

OSCAR KILBOURN,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Corner First and Pine Streets,
WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, Etc.
Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays.
A general assortment of Merchandise on hand at private sale.

JUST RECEIVED
Per last Steamers
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
UTENSILS & MEDICINES
FOR MOTHERS AND BABIES.
Also—Fine Perfumeries & Toilet Articles,
For Ladies and Gentlemen,
AT PFUNDER'S PHARMACY,
Cor. First and Alder sts.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.
THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING [illegible] under the firm name of Woodcock & Intermela [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent. [illegible] We ask a continuance of the same to our successors.
[illegible]
C. I. INTERMELA.

OYSTERS.
2000 EASTERN OYSTERS
JUST RECEIVED BY THIS STEAMER,
AT
KEITH'S.

OYSTERS.
AGENCY FOR LOOMIS BROS.'
Shoalwater Bay Oysters.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
R. J. WALKER,
Soda Works, Portland.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!
From and after Date the Oyster Room of the
GEM SALOON
Will be supplied with Eastern and Shoalwater Bay oysters.
GEM.
au20

SELECTED
SHOALWATER BAY
OYSTERS
AT
ALISKY & HEGELE'S,
107 First Street.

JOE. WATSON,
(Formerly of the Old Franco-American)
HAS JUST OPENED AN OYSTER SALOON and Chop House at Keller & Plumey's
63 FRONT STREET,
Which he intends to make the most popular establishment of the kind in the city. Oysters furnished by the plate, gallon or sack to order.

BIVALVES.
FOR A SPLENDID DISH OF EASTern or Shoalwater Bay Oysters go to
SCHMEER BROS.,
First near Stark.
Accommodation for social parties up stairs.

WALTER BROS.,
44 and 46 Broadway,
New York.
D. N. & E. WALTER & CO.,
Cor. Battery and Market Streets, San Francisco.

WALTER BROS.,
PORTLAND,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Paper Hangings,
Window Shades,
Table and Piano Covers,
And a Full Line of
UPHOLSTERY GOODS.
Orders from the country will be promptly attended to.
WALTER BROS.,
Nos. 92 and 94 First Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

REMOVED.
WASSERMAN & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
TOBACCO,
CIGARS,
YANKEE NOTIONS
& STATIONERY,
Have Removed from their Old Stand, 77 FRONT STREET, to
Nos. 7 & 9 North Front Street,
Where they have opened an ENTIRE NEW and LARGE STOCK of the above Goods.

ISLANDS SUGARS.
The entire Cargo of the Barque "Mattie Macleay," direct from the Planters' Agents at Honolulu, composed of the following favorite Plantation Brands, for sale at Importing rates, by the undersigned:
Lihue,
Koloa,
Kaneohe,
Waihee,
Grove Ranch,
East Maui,
Paukaa,
Kaiwiki.
ALSO
50 BALES PULU.
CORBITT & MACLEAY.
sld1 ft

AUCTION! AUCTION! AUCTION!
We will sell our Entire Stock of
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats,
Notions,
&c., &c.,
AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON
THURSDAY, SEPT. 24,
At 10 o'clock A. M.
And to be continued until all are disposed of.
STORE FIXTURES, One DOUBLE DOOR FILTON & McFARLAND IRON SAFE, And HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, For Sale.
Goods will be sold at a liberal discount at private Sale
AT THE CHEAP JOHN STORE,
HYMAN BROS.,
Cor. Morrison and Front Sts.
3d1m

OCEAN STEAMERS.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT,
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer
AJAX,
FRED BOLLES, Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port,
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1874.
At 1 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR NEAH BAY, PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, WRANGLE and SITKA.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller
CALIFORNIA,
JOHN HAYES, Commander.
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports,
THURSDAY, OCT. 1, 1874.
At 4 o'clock P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

RIVER STEAMERS.
Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s
PASSENGER SCHEDULE.
PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND
FOR DALLES Daily (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.
FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M.
FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.
FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
S. G. REED, Vice President.

Oregon Steamship Company's
STEAMBOATS.
Notice.
FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 22d, the steamer
E. N. COOKE
Will leave OREGON CITY every day (Sunday excepted) at 7:30 A. M. for Portland, returning, will leave Portland for Oregon City at 2:30 P. M.
Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 9:15 A. M., connecting at Canemah with the steamer DAYTON on Tuesday and Friday, connecting at Oregon City with the O. & C. R. R. Co. at 3 P. M. on Wednesday and Saturday for Portland.
THROUGH TICKETS sold at the Office of the O. & C. R. R. Co., at REDUCED RATES.
All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE.
Freight received until 5 P. M.
J. D. BILES, Agent.

ASTORIA BOAT.
Willamette River Trans. Co.'s
STEAMER
BEAVER
Will leave Alder Street Wharf every
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
Returning—Monday, Wednesday & Friday.
PASSAGE—Portland to Kalama ... 50 cts.
Portland to Astoria ... $1 00
FREIGHT—per ton ... $1 00

Portland & Vancouver Packet.
THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,
JAS. W. TROUPE, Master,
WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf for Vancouver at 3 P. M.
Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.
For freight or passage apply on board.

The Steamer Calliope
WILL MAKE TRI-WEEKLY TRIPS between
Portland, Monticello and Freeport,
Leaving American Exchange Wharf every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock A. M., calling in at Lewis River on Wednesday up and Thursday down. Will come up Willamette Slough on Monday and go down the Slough on Tuesdays.
For Freight or Passage apply on board.

People's Accommodation!
For Monticello and Freeport!
On and after Tuesday, June 9th, the Steamer ONWARD will leave the American Exchange Wharf for all points on the Columbia to Monticello and Freeport and below Freeport when business offers.
Returning will leave Freeport every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.—running the Willamette Slough on Monday and Tuesday and Lewis river on Wednesday and Thursday.
For Freight or Passage apply on board to
G. W. THAYER, Captain.

AUCTION SALE OF TEAS!
BY
S. L. JONES & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,
Thursday, September 10, 1874,
NOW LANDING EX VANCOUVER,
5,000 PACKAGES
NEW CROP
JAPAN & CONGOU TEAS!
In Assorted Packages Comprising
Bulk, one-pound and half-pound papers;
Lacquered Boxes in three, four-and-a-half, five and ten pound packages;
And Large Fancy Cases.
S. L. JONES & CO., Auctioneers,
San Francisco.

T. O'CONNOR & CO.
420 Sansome Street, near Clay, San Francisco, Cal.
Commission Merchants.
OREGON & CALIFORNIA PRODUCE,
FRUIT, SEEDS, GRAIN, ETC., ETC.
Consignments solicited, and all orders promptly filled.
Refer by permission to O'CONNOR & MALARKEY, Portland, Oregon.

FOR RENT.
OFFICES IN SECOND STORY BRICK BUILDING. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

AUCTION AND COMM
A. B. RICHAR
AUCTIONE
COR. OF FRONT AND OAK
Auction S
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES & CHANDISE AND HO
Sale Days—Wednesday
At Private S
Large [illegible] of GROCERI
Liberal advance [illegible]
To parties desiring [illegible]
that I will purchase [illegible]
A. B. RICHAR

Regular and Peren
OF
FURNITURE, GROC
GENERAL MERCHANDI
I will sell at my Auction
SATURDAY, [illegible]
At 10 o'clock A. M.
[illegible]
20 cs ENGLISH PICKLES.
50 cs COIL OIL.
150 cs OLIVE OIL quarts and
75 bxs C. O. SOAP
ALSO,
Ex Elizabeth Dougall, from
200 RATTAN CHAIRS
ALSO,
One TILTON & McFARLAND
Weight 2 460 lbs. with "Hall's"
nation Lock.
ALSO,
ELEGANT GLASSWARE.
ALSO,
The Sail Boat SWALLOW,
complete
ALSO,
1 FOUR OARED BOAT
ALSO
FURNITURE,
ALSO,
5000 La Matilda CIGARS
A. B. RICHAR

INSURANCE.

Fireman's Fund In
OF CALI
FIRE AND MA
Assets Exceed -
OREGON BRA
98 Front Street, A
EDWARD MA

HOME
MUTUAL INSURANCE C
OF SAN FRANCI
Fire and Marine In
Capital $1,
JOHN H. REDINGTON
GEO. H. HOWARD
CHAS. R. STORY
N. B. EDDY
H. H. BIGELOW
DIRECTOR
Oregon Bra
PORTLAND—P. Wasserman, C. H. L
smith, D. Macleay, Lloy
SALEM
ALBANY
DALLES
LEWISTON
HAWLE
Agent for Oregon and W

THE STAT
Investment & Ins
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO
FIRE AND MA
Incorporated in 1
Cash Assets, - -
OFFICERS.
PETER DONAHUE, President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING
This Company has no con surance combination its bo the Lowest Paying Rates; according to its own merits.
The undersigned having been Agents for the above Company, to accept applications and and Marine risks at equitable
General Agents for Oregon
N. B.—Agents wanted Territory.

UNION
Insurance C
FIRE AND MA
Capital, paid up in G
Assets, exceed
BRANCH OFFICE—
First National Bank Bui
EDWIN D. BA
mvidtf

PALMETTO
The Most Wonderful
IS NOT EXCELLED
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
CONTRACTED CORDS,
CONTRACTED MUSCLES,
LAME BACK,
STIFF JOINTS,
SORE THROAT,
FACE ACHE,
HEADACHE,
LAMENESS.
ACHES AND PAINS
Agents—CRANE & BRIGH
gists, 75 and 80 Front
HODGE, CALEF & CO., First

HACHENEY &
GROC
Cor. First and T
A COMPLETE ST
FRESH GO
PROMPT ATTENTION

E. SMIT
CARRIAGE M
Cor. Jefferson and
Has on hand
NEW AND SECOND HA

British Vessels Ha
Arabia,
NEITHER CAPTAIN
Isaac Dougall, will be responsible for any

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT 10, 1874.

CITY.

A NEW WIRE.—During the winter months the Western Union Telegraph Company and the O. S. N. Company have [illegible] the difficulty in keeping up the line which crosses the river opposite the boneyard. The wire is stretched from the top of lofty masts planted on each side of the stream, and therefore much exposed to the gales of wind that sweep up and down in full force. Following a heavy snow, rain or wind storm, the wires are generally broken and have to be put up again. This requires no small amount of time and labor besides necessitating delays. A few days ago the two companies mentioned caused to be placed up instead of the common telegraph wire strong steel wire. This will last for years and will successfully withstand the violence of the winter storms.

STATE FAIR.—We have received a large and handsomely executed poster for the coming State Fair which is announced to commence near Salem on the 12th of October, and continue for six days. The managers of the society are sparing no exertions to make this the most successful of any of the State Fairs held in Oregon. Ten thousand dollars in coin will be distributed in premiums, in addition to gold and silver medals and diplomas. Special premiums are offered to home products both of the field and manufactory. Propitious weather will insure an immense ingathering from all portions of the State and is all that is required to render the State Fair of 1874 a grand success.

FUN AT BEAVERTON.—On Saturday [illegible] 12th the residents of Beaverton and vicinity will enter into a shooting contest for two beeves. The animals will be divided and distributed to winners, the first shot having five choice and so on till the last has [illegible] portion. An entry fee will be charged, according to the number entering. The [illegible] promises to attract a number of persons from the immediate neighborhood as well as [illegible] this city. These affairs [illegible] frequently at Beaverton and large crowds [illegible]. The headquarters is at Stone's Blacksmith shop, who will set up [illegible] grub on the occasion.

THE "CITY OF PEKING."—We have received from Wells Fargo & Co. a beautiful steel plate engraving the first production of the kind, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s new steamer *City of Peking*. The size of the plate is [illegible] while that of the engraving within the [illegible] is 16x26 inches,—making [illegible] picture,—the largest marine [illegible] made on steel. Accompanying the [illegible] an elegant frame. The work of art is [illegible] house of Homer Lee & Co., New York. A few days ago we referred to the *City of Peking*, which is the largest [illegible] afloat,—the *Great Eastern* alone excepted.

COURT MARTIAL CONCLUDED.—After being in session for a number of days, the Court Martial, convened for the investigation of [illegible] in the accounts of Major Eggleston, U. S. [illegible]master, has nearly [illegible] its labors. All the evidence in behalf of the [illegible] was [illegible] yesterday and the [illegible], so far as the testimony is concerned, is concluded. The findings of the Court, together with the written evidence will be forwarded in a few days to Washington, but the result of the investigation cannot be known for some time to come.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the record of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, September 9, 1874.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
[illegible]eter	55°	56°	56°
[illegible]d, direction	S.	S. W.	S. W.
[illegible] velocity	10	8	4
[illegible]	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy
[illegible] temperature			75

MEETING OF JOURNEYMEN.—[illegible] journeymen boot and shoe makers of Portland held a preliminary meeting at Schi[illegible] Hall. A temporary organization was [illegible] for the election of officers and the appointment of [illegible] committees. On motion the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the [illegible]. The object of the organization is for mutual protection.

STEAMER OTTER.—This steamer is now lying at the foot of Washington street and [illegible] thoroughly overhauled. A new fire-box, to which is attached a small boiler, has been [illegible] to the boat which will materially [illegible] the working capacity of the machine[illegible]. The steamer when ready to run [illegible] will be greatly improved particularly as to [illegible].

SCHOONER SUPERIOR.—This vessel arrived at this port yesterday morning in tow of the tug [illegible]. She is now lying at Corbett's wharf, and will commence to discharge cargo soon. [illegible] The tug made splendid time, having been but little over twelve hours in [illegible].

NEW CURTAIN.—Mr. Geo. I. DePrans is at [illegible] engaged in getting up a new advertising drop curtain which will be used at Reed's Opera House. [illegible] Mr. R. C. White [illegible] the curtain [illegible] Theater [illegible]. The new curtain will be ready in a [illegible] weeks.

FIRE MATTERS.

Masonry work on 2d house is almost up to the second floor.

The Department has been called out once thus far this month—the fire last Sunday e[illegible].

The Excelsior Firemen's Association is about organized and will be in working order in a [illegible] time.

R. A. Habersham and R. Holman of [illegible] have gone up the Columbia on a surveying expedition with Gen. Michler.

[illegible] to the annual report of Chief Engineer [illegible] there are 353 firemen now belonging to the Fire Department.

We observed a very handsome casting at the [illegible] Iron Works yesterday, [illegible] which will be used on the new brick build[illegible].

Mr. I. Warnekros, First Assistant Foreman, Hook and Ladder Company, who has been lying ill for some days, is recovering and may [illegible].

FASHION NOTES.

A successful imitation of Whitby jet and [illegible] vulcanite India rubber [illegible] handsome in jewelry is the [illegible].

The most fashionable ornament in jewelry [illegible] worn as the pendant or locket—almost entirely substituting the brooch.

Among the importations for the coming [illegible] are passementeries in separate de[illegible] unique fronts and backs, sleeves, pock[illegible] and aprons from which to build trimmings.

Jet beads are extremely fashionable and yet [illegible] beads are much worn in the shape of [illegible] steel beads which are [illegible].

[illegible] will be more of a furore than yet was at first.

[illegible] exceedingly pretty fashion, introduced [illegible] toilettes of barred white [illegible] white with narrow pleatings of double [illegible] edging the flounces and dress[illegible].

PERSONAL.

Hon. G. A. LaDow, Congressman-elect, was [illegible] city yesterday.

City Treasurer Lewis arrived on the steamer [illegible] his wife and is now receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

Rev. D. K. [illegible], formerly pastor of the [illegible] Church but at Corvallis, has accepted a call from the First Presbyterian Church of [illegible].

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—Deady, J.

Wednesday, Sept. 9, 1874.

Henry Balliston [illegible] vs. [illegible] Hamburg, et al. [illegible] on motion of the U. S. District Attorney [illegible]. Adjourned until to-morrow at 10 A. M.

Three [illegible] two birds, three hundred [illegible] the Museum that [illegible] science.

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AND COMMISSION

RICHARDSON,

TIONEER

RONT AND OAK STS.

tion Sales

GROCERIES GENERAL

DISE AND HORSES

dnesday and Saturday

rivate Sale.

of GROCERIES and LIQUORS

made on Consign

g Housekeeping I will

Second Hand Furniture

S RICHARDSON A

d Peremptory Sale

OF

RE, GROCERIES,

ERCHANDISE, ETC.

Auction Salesroom on

AY, SEPT. 12, 1874

10 o clock A M

ROCERIES,

PICKLES

quarts and pints

ALSO,

ugall from Hongkong direct,

AIRS assorted

ALSO

McFARLAND IRON SAFE,

with Hall s Improved Combi

ALSO

SSWARE

ALSO

ALLOW just built and

ALSO

BOAT

ALSO

URNITURE,

ALSO

CIGARS

CHARDSON, A

SURANCE.

Fund Insurance Co.

CALIFORNIA,

AND MARINE.

ceed - $627,008

GON BRANCH

Street, corner of Alder

DWARD HALL, Ma

HOME

INSURANCE COMPANY

SAN FRANCISCO.

Marine Insurance

........$1,000,000

NGTON.

RD. Vice P

Marine

General

IRECTORS:

C. H. Lewis

mith, D Macleay, Lloyd

L P Gould

J A

D W

J Lowenb

HAMILTON BOYD,

Oregon and Washington Te

THE STATE

ment & Insurance

COMPANY.

OF SAN FRANCISCO

AND MARINE

rporated in 1871.

ets, - - $360,000

OFFICERS:

RUE A. J. BRYANT

President Vice Pr

ES H CUSHING Secretary

y has no connection with any

ation Its business is transacted

ying Rates each risk being rated

own merits.

nod having been appointed General

bove Company are now prepared

cations and issue Policies for

s at equitable rates.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

for Oregon and Washington Terr

wanted throughout the State

UNION

ance Company,

RE AND MARINE.

d up in Gold Coin $750,000

ceed $1 000,000

OFFICE FOR OREGON,

al Bank Building, Portland.

DWIN D. BACKENSTO

General Agent

METTO OIL.

onderful Liniment of the Age

IS NOT EXCELLED FOR

SM,

D CORDS

D MUSCLES

GOUT

SORES

SPRAINS

BRUISES

SWELLINGS

CRAMPS

CUTS

COLICS,

DIARRHEA

AND

AND PAINS GENERALLY.

NF & BRIGHAM Wholesale

nd 326 Front Street, San Francisco

F & CO Portland

HENEY & STEMME,

GROCERS,

First and Taylor Sts

PLETE STOCK OF

RESH GOODS.

TTENTION FREE DELIVERY

E SMITH,

RIAGE MAKER,

Jefferson and Front streets

Has on hand for sale

SECOND HAND BUGGIES

ssels Elizabeth Dougall

Arbutus, of Dundee.

CAPTAIN WHITE OF THE

tinall nor Captain Henderson

the undersigned Agent of the

debt contracted

WILLIAM

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT 10 1874

CITY.

A NEW WIRE.—During the winter months the Western Union Telegraph Company and the O S N Company have considerable difficulty in keeping up the line which crosses the river opposite the boneyard. The wire is stretched from the top of lofty staffs planted on each side of the stream, and therefore much exposed to the gales of wind that sweep up and down in full force. Following a heavy snow, rain or wind storm, the wires are generally broken and have to be put up again. This requires no small amount of time and labor besides necessitating delays. A few days ago the two companies mentioned caused to be placed up, instead of the common telegraph wire strong steel wire. This will last for years and will successfully withstand the violence of the winter storms

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	55°	64°	60°
	S	S W	S W
	10	6	4
	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy

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STEAMER OTTER.—This steamer is now lying at the foot of Washington street and being thoroughly overhauled. A new fire box, to which is attached a small boiler, has been added to the boat, which will materially augment the working capacity of the machinery. The little steamer, when ready to run again will be greatly improved, particularly as to speed

SCHOONER SUPERIOR.—This vessel arrived at the port yesterday morning in tow of the tug Brenham. She is now lying at Gorbett's wharf, and will commence to discharge cargo soon. The Superior brings a full cargo of assorted merchandise. The tug made splendid time having been but little over twelve hours in coming from Astoria to Portland

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The Department has been called out once so far this month—the fire last Sunday evening

The Exempt Firemen's Association is about organized and will be in working order in a short time

R. A. Habersham and R. Holman of 4's have gone up the Columbia on a surveying expedition with Gen Michler

According to the annual report of Chief Engineer Bruen there are 333 firemen now belonging to the Fire Department

We observed a very handsome casting at the Willamette Iron Works, yesterday which will be used on the front of No 2's new brick building

Mr L Warnekros, First Assistant Foreman of Hook and Ladder Company who has been lying ill for some days, is recovering and may be out in a few days

FASHION NOTES.

A successful imitation of Whitby jet and very useful and handsome in jewelry, is the so-called India rubber

The most fashionable ornament in jewelry now worn is the pendant or locket,—almost entirely substituting the brooch

Among the importations for the coming seasons are [illegible] in separate [illegible] basque fronts and backs sleeves pocket and apron fronts having special trimmings

Jet beads are extremely fashionable and yet they have a rival in the shape of bluish steel beads which are now come into fashion and are still more of a furor than jet was at first

An extremely pretty fashion introduced from [illegible] is toilettes of barred white organdie with narrow pleatings of double tulle also lace edging the flounces and dress trimmings.

PERSONAL.

Hon G A LaDow Congressman elect was in the city yesterday

City Treasurer Lewis arrived on the steamer with his wife and is now receiving the congratulations of his many friends

Rev D E Nesbit formerly pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Corvallis has accepted a call from the First Presbyterian Church of Mendocino Cal

THE COURTS.

U S DISTRICT COURT—DEADY J

WEDNESDAY Sept 9 1874

Henry Bailborn [illegible] Free City of Hamburg, admitted to citizenship

United States vs Ann O'Connor, cause continued to next term, on motion of the U S District Attorney

Adjourned until to-morrow at 10 A M

Three animals two birds three hundred insects and two reptiles in the Museum that are unknown to science

Lovers of the best should make their purchases at O'Brien's cigar store

"ONE OF ENGLAND'S HEROES."

The above constituted the subject of a lecture delivered last evening at First Congregational Church by Rev A H Bradford. The large auditorium was well filled with a very refined and cultivated audience. Though quite lengthy the lecture was replete with everything which could interest and instruct the audience and was listened to with unflagging attention throughout. Prior to the commencement of the lecture the Amphion Club favored the audience with a musical selection beautifully rendered. The lecturer is an earnest pleasing speaker, enunciates distinctly, possesses a clear and well modulated voice not very strong but musical withal. His gesticulation is graceful and easy and he never seems more at home and familiar than when on the rostrum. Warmed by his subject he frequently rises to heights of true eloquence which rivets the attention, claims the sympathies and moves the hearts of his listeners. We have not had the pleasure of listening to a more fascinating speaker than Mr Bradford for a long time

Rev Mr Bradford began by quoting from Thomas Carlyle: "Great men taken up in any way, are profitable company. We cannot look however imperfectly upon a great man without gaining something by him. I remember once to have heard Ralph Waldo Emerson say in a lecture on Greatness: If the world's library were burning with its Bible and Plato, and Shakspeare, Plutarch's Lives should be saved for it is a record of the world's greatness." With these quotations Mr Bradford passed to a consideration of the elements of heroism and closed his analysis with this sentence: "If there is a heroism of endurance or daring of friendship there is also heroism in something greater and better than these—in philanthropy." This was defined as being, love for mankind expressing itself in acts of benevolence. Much goes under this royal name that is spurious. It is not mere sentiment and never is opposed to reason and common sense. Pity is not philanthropy. It is not an unusual thing for those who have most right to this princely name to be considered hard and ungenerous by those who do not act or think with the same clear discrimination. Modern times have offered no more conspicuous example of true philanthropy than in the life of John Howard

The exact date of his birth is not known but it was in or near London about the year 1727. His father was a dealer in upholstery wares and curiously is said to have been noted for parsimony

As a scholar he was remarkable for nothing but dullness. He never even acquired the grammatical use of the English language. His father dying early he was left with an inheritance of several thousand pounds

At twenty five he married a lady over fifty, with whom he lived happily until her death, three years later

His first great work was in detecting and exposing the inhuman manner in which prisoners of war in France were treated. For the first time in his life, as Peter Bayne remarks, dull John Howard was at the top of his class. His second wife was Henrietta Leeds, of Cambridgeshire, who was in every way a true and noble helper for him

His second work was in elevating the condition of the tenants on his estate. It had been the abode of poverty sickness and misery—he made it one of the pleasantest spots in the kingdom where each family had its home and all was attractive. This work was described at length and from it two lessons were drawn—one as to how the problem between labor and capital may be solved, and the other as to how intemperance in one of its most prominent phases should be met

John Howard was an earnest Christian—indeed he was a strict Calvinist in his theology. Few men have ever believed more implicitly in the Providence of God and the power of prayer

His great work was the reformation of abuses in the prison system of England and the Continent. The corruption and the degraded condition of prisoners he discovered when Sheriff of the county in which he resided. He visited in seeking to change the condition, nearly every prison, jail and house of correction in Europe—measured all the dungeons, went where physicians refused to follow, and suffered inconceivable hardships. But he wrought a wonderful change.

The laws which were enacted as the result of his labors he had printed at his own expense and sent a copy to every jailor in the kingdom. He unraveled in fifteen minutes the Russian claim of having abolished capital punishment. He used to say "I am the plodder who goes about to collect materials for men of genius to make use of." It is that kind of plodders who have done the world's best work. He was now old and infirm but would not rest. He set out for the center of the plague that was threatening to devastate Europe, that he might find its secrets and teach others how to meet it. Not able to learn all he desired otherwise he embarked on an infected ship at Smyrna and sailed for Venice and thus was forced to enter a Lazaretto as a patient. The knowledge he acquired was of inestimable value to the race but he came near paying for it with his life. He died at the village of Cherson while examining the Russian military hospitals, on January 20 1790. Just before he died he said to a friend: "Let me beg of you as you value your old friend not to suffer any pomp to be used at my funeral nor any monument or monumental inscription whatever to mark where I am laid but lay me quietly in the earth, place a sun dial over my grave and let me be forgotten." Is he forgotten? Nay, will he be until men forget the Golden Rule and the commandment "Thou shalt love." He was only a plain man of business with Christ in his heart. Without Luther's passion and eloquence without Calvin's masterly executive force and logical acumen without Henry Martyn's superb scholarship or the high social rank and influence of Wilberforce who shall say that when the record of those who have advanced the true interests of the race is read, any name will shine with a holier luster than that of the first of England's heroes, that Puritan of the Puritans, who was humblest of great men, and great among the humblest John Howard of whom it can truly be said: Because he loved God he loved his neighbor also and like his Master went about doing good

At the conclusion of the lecture the Amphion Club rendered an appropriate selection after which the audience was dismissed

Mr Bradford will deliver his second and last lecture at the Congregational Church next Wednesday evening. Subject: "A Jerseyman Among the Webfeet"

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Carl Bose offers a rare chance to make money. See notice elsewhere

W H Life offers Puget Sound oysters and clams in any quantity. See card

The Superior is announced to sail next week for San Francisco. She is in the Star Line

Messrs O D Buck D Jacobi & Co have established a commercial agency under the Cosmopolitan Hotel

McKibbin & Davidson agents for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine have removed to Corbett's building adjoining the Postoffice

Hodge Calef & Co have finally removed their entire stock to 75 Front Street. As soon as they shall have fully arranged their goods we shall speak further

With pleasure we refer our readers to Mr A D [illegible]'s card. This gentleman is a new arrival and we wish him success. He succeeds Mr Lyon in the carriage painting business

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

The Secretary of the College Club in a letter of Sept 8th says to the Amphion Club: "We have decided to play the second game of the series on Saturday morning, Sept 26 on your grounds. We name Mr R Hyde of this city as a gentleman suitable to fill the position of Umpire." It seems to be final and no doubt the game will be closely contested

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

W C Johnson and wife to Rebecca A Langham the west [illegible] feet of lot [illegible] block [illegible] and the south [illegible] feet of the west [illegible] feet of lot [illegible] in said block in the city [illegible] consideration $[illegible]

[illegible] Hughes to T O'Brien lots 1 and [illegible] block [illegible] Watson's Addition to the city of Portland consideration $[illegible]

George [illegible] and wife to Joseph W [illegible] lot [illegible] in block [illegible] Couch's Addition to the city of Portland consideration $[illegible]

FIRST OF THE SEASON.—Last week Messrs Beck & Wallman opened the first lot of Fall styles in Clothing. The purchase was made by Mr Beck while in San Francisco and he has certainly made a most excellent selection. The Styles are new and will find a ready sale. Beck & Wallman are making a specialty of Boys Clothing, and fond parents should note this when they are out buying clothing for their darlings. Now is the time. Prices low and to suit all classes. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Continued dampness.

Ajax brought a full freight

Muddy streets and crosswalks

Very dark and cheerless nights

Ho! for Salem, is the watchword

No Police Court yesterday morning

It was a rough day on the river yesterday

The ferry boat was traveling cableless yesterday

The steamer Ajax will sail hence this afternoon at 4 o clock

Mass railroad meeting at the Court House on Saturday evening

Planking of the wharf at the foot of Salmon street has commenced

Fruit drying will soon become one of the farmers chief employments

More Chinamen came from down the river yesterday on the Emma Hayward

Geo A Pease has opened his stock in the St Charles building for the present

Capt Scott's little steamer Lightfoot, will soon be ready to make the trial trip

Posters for the State Fair have been issued in bright colors by E M Waite of Salem

The new telegraph line between Roseburg and Yreka will soon be in operating condition

Charles Lawrence is interviewing dogs now, and asking canine owners to produce their licenses

Capt Ankeny who has been on a flying trip to San Francisco returned overland on Tuesday

Auditing bills is all the official business the County Commissioners transacted yesterday afternoon

Fall rains is what they call the present disagreeable mistiness. There is nothing in a name, you know

It makes a big difference when a lady faints away whether you bathe her temples with camphor or molasses

S L Jones & Co of San Francisco sell to day as per advertisement in another column 5 000 pkgs new crop tea

Schooner Dreadnought will be due here from San Francisco next week. The Cambridge is now on the berth loading for Portland

The Stark street ferry boat got on a rampage and came near smashing up a number of small boats moored off the foot of Oak street

"Go for it while it's hot" was the exhortation of a rural youth to his lady love, as he handed her a foaming glass of soda. She went for it

Speaking of the fall an exchange says: The solemncholy days have come the saddest of the year the fly sets up his mournful hum and waltzes round your ear

Miss Addie Ballou returned from a month's lecturing tour over on the Sound. She left for Salem last evening where she will remain during the session of the Legislature

Canadian thistles and the old fashioned night shade flourisheth like the green bay tree in the unoccupied ground where the tradition [illegible] lively on the 2d of August 1873

To see how eagerly a human being will catch at a straw it is not necessary to witness a drowning. The phenomenon is now manifest chiefly within saloons where one end of the straw is immersed in a tumbler

Cold weather is approaching and putting up stoves and mental profanity is the popular amusement. Yesterday we met a fellow who, for attempting to match two stove joints of unequal size now carries three fingers in a sling and mourns the total destruction of a "biled" shirt

Uncle Jake Miller's dog "Boxer" who, in his day was a most uncompromising foe of rodents was run over during the fire on Sunday night and killed. "Boxer" was a famous "ratter" and a great dog for running to fires. He was planted beneath the daisies as a reward for past services

A FACETIOUS CLERGYMAN.—The Rev John Craig, M A, Vicar of All Saints, Leamington, has been requested by some of his parishioners to resign his living on the ground of his age and physical disability to visit the sick, etc, in consequence of the loss of one of his feet through senile gangrene. The other day the reverend gentleman published a reply to this request in which are set forth the conditions under which he is willing to comply. He expresses his intention to do so only on terms which will include equitable arrangements with everybody. He says: "I am determined not to resign my living to a dark horse. Before I listen to any proposal of terms of resignation he (the vicar's successor) must be trotted out and we must see who he is. I shall not resign to a dark horse. He must come to the daylight, or I shall stay as I am, however delighted I should be to see the Holy Land and other places of the deepest interest to me."—Birmingham Post

A RULE IS A RULE.—One of the new rules of the Postoffice Department instructs postmasters that they must not allow postal cards to be used for abusive or obscene purposes but postmasters are not expected to read them all to see what is on them. The violation of this rule renders them unmailable but should they reach their destination through inadvertence they can only be delivered upon payment of six cents postage, the double letter rate deducting the one cent stamp therefrom.—Washington Chronicle

Universal tobacco is new and prime article. Fine brand of imported and domestic cigars at Bachman's, 80 First street next to Walter Bro

For Fine and Artistic Photographs go to Buchtel & Stolte 71 and 93 First Street, the only First Class Gallery in the State

Dr Steele's Medical Wonder is doing more to cure the rheumatism neuralgia cramp colic and other pains, in Oregon, than any other preparation. It removes the cause, safe, reliable and sure

Kohn's clerks were busy yesterday in arranging the new stock of Boys apparel. In the new display fond parents can find anything to fit their little boys—be they young or old. In addition to the above a fine assortment of Gents suits furnishing Goods etc have been opened. Mr Kohn is making some very fine selections during his stay in San Francisco. Call to day and you will find everything as stated

TO PLEASURE SEEKERS.

Parties leaving the city for a season of pleasure should recollect Oysterville where Mrs Carruthers at her cozy hotel, will look after wants of visitors

J PINNEN

Dealer in Imported and Domestic Cigars Chewing and Smoking Tobacco Yankee Notions &c. offers the best the [illegible] largest stock in Portland. Call and judge for yourself and be convinced that as much satisfaction will be given for the money as at any other retail house in the city. Recollect the Havana Cigar Store First near Washington street

With Advancing years the vital powers become weakened. [illegible]

Lumbago [illegible] the loins. It takes its name from the [illegible]

"A Rose by any other name would smell as sweet" [illegible]

How can I retain my power? [illegible]

Harmony Encampment No 4, C of R C.—Meets Tuesday Evenings at Good Templars Hall corner Third and Alder streets at 7½ o clock.

VANCOUVER ITEMS

Occasional sends the following under date of the 9th:

A kiln of 250,000 good brick has just been burned by L M Hidden, Esq, who is about to engage to make a lot of flower pots and stone jars

All the schools at this place have taken up. The public school with three teachers has 135 pupils. St Luke's Parish school Miss A Loomis principal has about 25 scholars

New flour made by Messrs H I & A Kinzie in Marble's mill on Salmon creek appears in the market. They only turn out the best. Its brand is Extra Salmon Mill

Rev J DeVore took charge of the M E Church about two weeks ago has preached twice the last two Sabbaths and holds service in the chapel every morning and evening and from all appearances feels altogether at home

The County Commissioners of Clarke county held a special meeting on Monday last and let a contract for building a bridge across Lewis river at Reed & Holman's crossing, for the sum of $1 600 coin to Messrs Durgin and Grilley

The Sisters of Charity moved into their new brick building yesterday and soon everything will be in order to welcome their patrons and friends. The chapel in the new building is not finished. Services were held yesterday in one of the large rooms on the first floor. R R Bishop A M A Blanchet officiating. All the orphans boarders and workmen engaged on the building were present

Holy Angel College, Rev Louis D G Schramm President opened last Monday with about 10 pupils. The school under the direction of Sisters of Charity of the House of Providence has a fair attendance and it is expected that during this month many more boarders will arrive. The new building with its very commodious arrangements offers great inducement to parents and guardians to send their children to this school

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL

J F Boyer & wf W W

P D Moore & wf Olympia

G H Geer

A Vandiver Iowa

S D Hover Eugene

J P Silver & wf Newton

S M Dill & fm W T

J O McCown Or City

Mrs Michelson Astoria

Capt I A Wright Olympia

C B McDonald Salem

B R Freeland

E M Managhan Olympia

B Clemmen

S H Woolsey & wf Kala

Ida Barkle Iowa

Mary Lezelle

F Lezelle

Capt Thomas [illegible]

NATIONAL HOTEL

I C Miller Lewis river

L G Wheeler F Grove

H W Stent [illegible]

J H Dwyer Vancouver

Jas Corey

I Q Austin Lewis river

J F Fullen Olympia

W H Cooper Cornelius

J A Benson Jr

S Lent

R T Lockwood Lewis rvr

Mrs G W Ballard Sandy

A T Dunbar

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL

M Jones Albany

Jas Howard S F

I T Hunsaker Or City

John Tilghman S F

Joe Lowers S F

Jas Lenn S F

W Hurrigan S F

J Logan [illegible]

H K Duckett Dalles

D B Monteith Albany

J A Fields O City

Leo Fred Hubbard

Thos Kane W T

J W Blakeny Dalles

C C Denny, Rodgers [illegible]

F Long O City

J G Stephens O City

J M Burns Junction

J M Rhodes San Jose

J W Hains Lafayette

Mrs Monteith Albany

J H Atkins Umatilla

J M Gray Salem

P Ker Yakima

J M Gregg Salem

Mrs Wilson & child Wis

J Welch White House

M McName Canyon City

Chas Anderson Olympia

T R Carlinger Salem

I Y [illegible]

W Hons

Jas Barr Clatskanine

A J Masters Clatsop

F F Osborn S F

ST CHARLES HOTEL

W C Johnson Or City

Mrs Schmerbe [illegible]

C Steers Cape Horn

J J Dalrymple Salem

E A Hirsch

Jos Meyer

J Brenner Brownsville

H Campbell England

Otto Fox Albany

Thos Charman Or City

J J Donahue S F

M Flaherty S F

J C Scott Scotland

Miss Cree

J J Esher Chicago

T Higgin Cal

E C Brown & fm Mo

— Hull & wife Iowa

— Kinney & wife Salem

C Fichter & wife

C O Proud Business Pt

Otto Hilpert, St Louis

Mrs Wilcox Salem

S Mahrange S F

A C Kinney Salem

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL

Jos Davis S F

S Case Newport Or

Tom Collins S F

J Smith Oakland

S I Chadwick Salem

P Hirschfeld S F

C D Chambon Olympia

J J Rincurson Bainier

R Giddings Olympia

W Andreas Cathlamet

R Hobson Astoria

T B Dixon Eugene

A Wolf S F

Jos Night Canby

Dean Blanche Rainier

Jas F Laud St Helens

C Nolet S F

"A Slight Cold," Coughs.—Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or slight cold which would yield to a mild remedy if neglected often attacks the lungs. Brown's Bronchial Troches give sure and almost immediate relief

KEEP IT IN THE HOUSE—that it may be promptly administered in all sudden attacks of Cholera Morbus Cramps Diarrhœa Colic or any kindred Affection for which Dr Jayne's Carminative Balsam is an effectual remedy. At this season of the year every family will find it a useful and necessary curative

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o clock in Odd Fellows Temple corner First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N G

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o clock, in Odd Fellows Temple corner of First and Alder streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order of N G

Knights of Pythias.—Mystic Lodge No 2 holds regular Conventions on Thursday Evening of each week at 7½ o clock at the Castle Hall N W cor First and Taylor streets. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. By order of the Lodge. LD WILCOX K R S

WANTS.

WANTED

SIX APPRENTICES TO LEARN THE DRESS making Trade. Apply to NELLIE MORGAN, Alder bet Front and First

INFORMATION WANTED

ROBERT BOLTON RECENTLY from CALIFORnia wishes information as to the whereabouts of his brother JOHN BOLTON. He formerly worked at his trade (cooper) in Oregon City. Any information respecting him will be communicated to Mr J L BARLOW Oregon City or J B LOWE, 113 Third street Portland be thankfully received by his brother

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

CABINET MAKERS. NONE BUT FIRST Class Mechanics need apply. OREGON FURNITURE M'FG CO Front st bet Washington and Alder

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE

A GOOD SPRING WAGON FOR SALE CHEAP Enquire of the Howe Machine Co cor Third and Alder streets Portland

FOR SALE

A SMALL STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER IN good order. Enquire at SMITH BROS Foundry First street

TO LET.

PIANOS TO RENT!

Good Seven Octavo Piano,

Over strung, Iron Frame

FROM $5 TO $7 PER MONTH,

At ALBERT HARTSCH'S PIANO SHOP,

Cor Third and Salmon sts, Portland.

Near and Far Sightedness and Imperfect Vision of every kind, Scientifically Treated.

DR. PILKINGTON

HEREBY INFORMS THE MANY PERSONS who have during the past two years consulted him for relief, and many others, that he has at length received a full set of TRIAL LENSES and is prepared to prescribe the proper glasses to correct the various defects of vision

Office—No [illegible] Building corner First and Washington streets Portland

OCCULIST and OPTICIAN are regarded as synonymous [illegible] Oculist [illegible] Opthalmic surgeon to Carney Hospital

SUGARS! SUGARS!!

3,000 KEGS ASSORTED GRADES NOW landing ex Jane A Falkinburg 15 days from Honolulu will be offered to the trade

At Greatly Reduced Rates

ALLEN & LEWIS.

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS!

1874. FALL. 1874.

GRAND OPENING

Magnificent Display!

BRADLEY, MARSH & CO.

Have pleasure in announcing the receipt

EX "JOHN L. STEPHENS" & "AJAX"

Of the most Complete and Extensive Stock of

DRY GOODS

Ever exhibited in this city. The attention of the Public is earnestly called to the Inducements we are offering to Purchasers this season, which far exceed our former unprecedented Attractions.

SILKS! SILKS!

We would call especial attention to our Magnificent Stock of Silks selected expressly for this Season's trade.

RICH BLACK GROS GRAINS.

Quality No. 1	$1 50
Quality No. 2	$1 75
Quality No. 3	$2 00
Quality No. 4	$2 50
Quality No. 5	$2 75
Quality No. 6	$3 00
Quality No. 7	$3 50
Quality No. 8	$4 00
"Cachemire Perfection" extra quality	$5 00

DRESS GOODS!

500 pieces Serges	25c pr yd.
300 pcs Satin de Chine	50c "
210 pcs Heavy Empress	50c "
260 pcs French Merinos	75c "
320 pcs All Wool "MacMahon" Cloth	65c "
600 pcs Fancy Striped Dress Goods	37½c

(This line is well worth 50c)

Shawls,

Skirts,

Underwear,

Hosiery,

Gloves,

Handkerchiefs,

Umbrellas,

Trimmings,

&c., &c.

Blankets,

Sheetings,

Bed Spreads,

Table Linens,

Linen Napkins,

Flannels,

Shirting Checks,

Buggy Robes,

&c., &c.

Those in search of real and unusually attractive bargains will be amply repaid by an early visit.

N. B. — The attention of our City Friends is called to these shipments.

BRADLEY, MARSH & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

AND GENERAL IMPORTERS OF

American, English & Foreign Goods.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Cash Advances on Every Description of PRODUCE.

REMOVAL!

JACOBS BROS. & CO.,

Take pleasure in Announcing to their Friends and Customers that they have Removed to their New and Spacious Store,

NOS. 3 AND 5 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Where they are now receiving one of the Largest and Most Extensive Stocks ever brought to this market, consisting of a full line of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES, ETC., ETC.

Having extensive facilities, and being connected with Houses in New York and San Francisco, will sell the above lines to the trade at the

Very Lowest San Francisco Importers' Prices.

Also, Agents of the

OREGON CITY WOOLEN MILLS.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

New York office, 120 Church street.

JACOBS BROS. & CO

Portland August 13 1874

CLOSING OUT! DOORS & WINDOWS

Builders and Carpenters, note that we are selling DOORS and WINDOWS, all sizes, BELOW COST! We are not going to keep them in Store.

ON HAND, A LARGE STOCK OF

PAINTS, OILS, BRUSHES,

VARNISHES, all grades, GLASS, all sizes.

Give us a Call. We defy Competition.

McGEE, O'TOOLE & CO.,

26 First St. [illegible] Market.

S. SHERLOCK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

SADDLERY, HARNESS, SADDLERY HARDWARE,

HILL'S CONCORD STAGE AND BUGGY HARNESS, ETC., ETC.

SALES-ROOMS—No. 61 Front Street and No. 62 First Street PORTLAND.

150 DOZEN ASSORTED TEAM COLLARS ON HAND.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 First Street, (Ankeny's Building) Portland,

OFFER FOR SALE IN WAREHOUSE AND TO arrive

DUNDEE HAND-SEWED

Grain Bags, 22x36,

Oat Bags, 28x36,

Ore Bags, 17x27.

Calcutta Gunny Sacks

Agents for the sale of

LEA & PERRIN'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

GIANT POWDER, Nos. 1 and 2.

Advances made if required on approved Merchandise consigned to our Correspondents in San Francisco and Foreign Ports

W. V. B. WARDWELL, 40 California street San Francisco

G. L. DELL, 88 Front street, Portland Oregon.

WARDWELL & DELL,

SHIPPING,

Forwarding & Commission

And Agents for

STAR LINE PACIFIC PACKETS

For

PORTLAND AND PUGET SOUND.

FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA OREGON

ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONsignments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Oregon and Idaho and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE

For the Storage of Goods and a large experience, which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to

Consignments solicited. Mark goods Care J. R. F.

Always on hand a full assortment of U.

Groceries, Provisions and Clothing,

MECHANICS, MINERS, & BLACKSMITHS TOOLS

And a large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH

Forwarding and Commission

M. AINSA, JR.,

Umatilla, Oregon

I AM PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONSIGNments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Union and Baker Counties and Idaho Territory

All freights and charges paid and advances made on consignments.

All Charges at the Lowest Possible Rates

MARK GOODS Care M. A. U.

Always on hand a full assortment of Groceries Clothing Boots and Shoes Wagons and all farmers' Machinery bought by orders at Portland cost and charges. M AINSA Jr

Portland Office cor Stark and Front.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

JOHN R. FOSTER,

CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.

Dealer in

Howe's Platform and Counter Scales.

THE BEST IN USE.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

Miners's Goods,

Nails, Rope, Shovels, Anvils, Axes, Etc.

All of which are offered at the Lowest Rates.

He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere

Would invite particular attention to buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

KRUMBEIN & GILBERT

ARCHITECTS,

Rooms—Cree's Building, Stark St., bet Front and First.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. In the matter of O Kellogg & Co bankrupts. I hereby give notice that a second general meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts will be held in the city of Portland in said District on the 5th day of September 1874 at 10 o clock A M at the office of H H Northup Esq Register in Bankruptcy in said district for the purposes named in the 27th section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2 1867.

d1awlt

JOHN CATLIN, Assignee

SADDLERY.

J. CLARK,

78 Front St., bet. American Exchange and Cosmopolitan Hotels,

Manufacturer Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARNESS, SADDLES,

BRIDLES, COLLARS,

WHIPS, SADDLERY HARDWARE, CALIFORNIA SADDLE TREES

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FRONT ST., 2d DOOR NORTH of [illegible]

Manufacturers and Importers of

SADDLES,

HARNESS,

And Kearby's [illegible]

SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER

Also

Hill's Concord Team, Stage and Buggy Harness.

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HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated brand of Kentucky Whiskey, I am in receipt of an invoice of the same, in barrels, half barrels and cases, which I am prepared to offer to the trade at jobbing rates.

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SOLE AGENT,

Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors,

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STAINED GLASS,

CRYSTAL SHEET,

And CUT GLASS,

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No. 99 Alder St., near First, Portland, Ogn

The Daily Oregonian.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT 10 1874

THAT JACK OF CLUBS

[illegible] THOUSAND WAS [illegible]

(Louisville Courier Journal.)

He was well dressed and said he came from Cincinnati. He looked like a drummer for a prosperous dry goods house except that the diamond pin he wore was larger and was more pretentiously displayed even than is the custom of these peripatetic gentry. And besides he didn't seem more than half witted, anyhow for all the good clothes and the diamond pin and the nobbiest [illegible] style white hat he wore. To the loafers and others who stood around the bar—and a good many regulars who were hanging around on the sidewalk and lounged in when they heard the loud talk—he seemed like a young fellow on his first spree, who had more money then he knew what to do with.

He wasn't very drunk when he first came in, but he was mighty loud with his talk. He asked everybody up to take a drink and the loafers didn't need any pressing. In point of fact there wasn't one of them that didn't take a drink. "There was big drinks" but the Cincinnati man's wasn't more than one finger, and he left some of that in the bottom of the glass. But it seemed to fly to his head, notwithstanding.

It was an up town saloon and at the beginning of the pork packing season when the hog raisers were driving in their grunters. There were three or four of em in the saloon at the time taking a little Robertson county [illegible] up by themselves. They didn't drink with the Cincinnati man but the stock raiser who was treating his party paid for their drinks and "[illegible] a well filled pocket-book as he did it. After that the Cincinnati man was inclined to be friendly with the hog drovers but wanted everbody in the room to drink with him again. The regulars stepped up promptly, but the countrymen declined. The Cincinnati man pressed them to drink with him. He had dead loads of money about him. He was on a little tear and damn the expense. So they must drink with him.

He was so polite and liberal, and seemed to be so anxious that the drovers each took a drink. The regulars had all poured out theirs and had gulped 'em down while the talk was going on. The countrymen each took the usual horn but the Cincinnati man poured out two fingers this time, and didn't drink more than half of that. But he [illegible] to be getting drunk fast.

Then he treated all round again and though his drink was very small considering it began to thicken up his talk a little.

"Less take 'nother glass gentlemen," said he, and he dived down in another pocket, and drew out a big roll of bills. "There's 'nuff money to treat the whole town, and d—d if I ain't goin' spend all it 'fore get through."

So they all drank around with him again, and his tongue was getting surprisingly thick, seeing that he hadn't taken enough liquor to make a cat drunk—that is to say a Kentucky cat which is supposed to be used to it. But then he was a simple sort of fellow whose head didn't seem to be of the strongest. As for the loafers they were not fazed in the least and no more were the countrymen.

"Now gen'l'men, less have 'nother drink an' I'll show you trick with cards. Say, barkeeper, han' out deck cards."

The gentleman behind the bar took down a pack of cards and gave it the Cincinnatian whose big roll of money still lay on the counter.

"Gen'l'men," said the stranger, who by this time was getting drunk very fast, "gen'l'men I'll bet twenty dollars I can do a trick with cards none you can fin' out. But less take 'nother drink first." So they all drank round with him again, and the loafers and country men gathered about him as he clumsily shuffled the pasteboards nodding sleepily toward the counter every once and a while. Then he tried to do several tricks with the cards which were very transparent, indeed. As each of his tricks was successfully detected by both loafers and countrymen he begun to get mad.

"D—n if I can't do one thing," said he at last, "none you can fin' out. I can cut any card in pack you name in not half try. Bet ten dollars can cut any card in pack," he repeated and drew a ten dollar bill from the big roll on the counter. It was evident that he was very drunk.

Then the loafers gathered by themselves in a corner and there was a hurried comparing of finances but there wasn't as much as ten dollars in the crowd.

"Bet twenty dollar can cut any card in pack." But nobody saw the raise. The loafers looked strongly toward the pile, and then started for the door, as by a sudden impulse.

Somehow, although he was very drunk, the Cincinnati man addressed him altogether to the drovers, and especially to the one who had already exhibited the portly pocket book. If he had been so drunk and so innocent looking, a sharp one might think he was making a dead set at that green countrymen.

"What is it you want to bet?" said that individual.

"W'nner bet fif' dollars can cut any card in pack," replied the light-headed man from Cincinnati.

"Any keard I choose to pick out?" asked the drover.

"Yes, any card in pack," reiterated the well dressed man from Cincinnati, and an acute and unprejudiced looker on might have noticed that his eyes began to be as bright as the big diamond that sparkled on his bosom, which was very strange, considering that he was so drunk and his tongue was so thick. But the countrymen failed to see this and the one with the money was particularly blind. Said he:

"Say here, stranger, you bet fifty dollars that you kin cut any keard I name in that thar pack."

"Yes r," replied the stranger and his eyes began to grow sleepy again. "I'll bet you hunerd doll'r I can."

"Well now, stranger," returned he from the country, "I've just sold my hogs and got five or six hundred dollars right here in my pocket"—slapping that locality in his breeches—"an' I'll bet you that pile you can't do it."

Then the eyes of the well-dressed stranger from Cincinnati gave just one more flash and were dead again. Then he seemed very drunk and about to go to sleep.

"Wha' sat you say? Bet five hunerd doll'r? Take you, an' go you five hunerd better."

The drover from the country hesitated a moment while the Cincinnati man spread out his roll of money on the counter. There was more than a thousand dollars in it. Then he turned to his friends and there was a transfer of divers bills from their pockets to his hands.

"D—n me, if I don't take you," said he, "if you'll let me shuffle the keards first."

"Damfeare," replied the Cincinnatian, and he had evidently gotten very drunk.

Then the countryman counted out his thousand dollars and, after considerable trouble and poking up of the Cincinnatian man, his thousand dollars were counted out too and both put up in the barkeeper's hands. And the countryman took those pictorial pasteboards and the way he shuffled them was a sight to see. First he couldn't get them to mix at all and then he'd spill half of them on the floor. The barkeeper asked if he "hadn't better take a bushel basket of them cards," but the Cincinnati man seemed to be fast falling asleep. At last they were shuffled to the satisfaction of the dealer in swine—who was from Shelby county by the way—and he laid them on the table.

"Now stranger," he said, "the understandin is that you cut the keard I name the first time or else you lose the money, and if you do cut the keard I name the first time, then I lose the money. Is that what you bet them greenbacks on?"

The well dressed man from Cincinnati roused up sufficiently to say, "Tha's whatimean."

"Then I name the Jack o' clubs, and cut and be damned to you."

Then there came a sudden change over the guileless man from Cincinnati. He roused up all at once. He didn't seem half as drunk as he was a moment before. And he put his hand up behind his neck and he drew a long and very sharp bowie from down his back and cut the pack of cards clear through and down to the counter. Then he reached over to the barkeeper and said:

"I guess I'll take that pile."

"Hold on a minnit, stranger, don't you be so all fired fast," here interposed the drover from the interior. "S'pose you look over them keards and show me the Jack o' clubs."

There was another change suddenly overspread the face of the gentleman from Cincinnati. He hurriedly ran through one half of the divided pack and there was never a Jack of clubs there. Then he ran through the other half of the pack and there was not even a showing of the Jack of clubs there either. Then he looked at the hog drover from Shelby, who looked placidly at him in return.

"Did you find that Jack, stranger? No, I reckon you didn't, for here it is," and sure enough there it was. He slowly drew it from up his sleeve and laid it on the table. Then he reached over for the money and the stake holder gave it to him.

"Now stranger," he continued, "the next time you want to play any of your shenanigans with keards s'pose you be sure you hain't tackled a coon as knows 'em better n he does a b c," and he modestly pocketed the money.

It was no use kicking against the pricks and the Cincinnati man sadly saw his greenbacks swallowed up in that big pocket book. Then he slowly turned to go and met at the door an excited crowd. It was the loafers who had managed to rake up a considerable pile by mustering around among their friends and [illegible] the corner.

But they were too late. That money had been gathered in by a green looking customer from the country. The Cincinnati man is inclined to believe that Kentucky isn't a good State to prospect in. Leastways he hasn't been seen around here since.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Financial.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT [illegible] 1874.

Gold in New York 109⅞.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 90½; selling 91½.

Sight exchange on San Francisco, coin at par; currency ½ of 1 per cent prem.

Sight exchange on New York coin ¾ of one per cent prem and currency ½ of one per cent.

Gold bars 72.

Wheat in Liverpool by mail advices from San Francisco 9s 10d@10s 1d for average California, and 10s 4d@11s [illegible] for club.

The heavy rains which have fallen during the day have made our local market put on a very quiet appearance to day. Transactions have been meager and without any features worthy of especial notice.

But little to the point can be said concerning local financial affairs when so little is occurring to disturb the condition of serenity into which the market has settled. Nothing seems to vary the general monotony of business at the banks, and a general complaint of dullness is heard. The feeling is very easy owing to the limited amount of approved offerings. There is little noticeable or interesting in the class of paper presented, neither business nor speculation borrowers requiring any considerable amount of funds. Merchants and bankers hope to see this unsatisfactory state of things give way to activity with the opening of the fall trade and this cheerful feeling is in itself a strong indication that all will naturally come right.

Grain Reports.

We are in receipt of the *Produce Exchange Weekly* of August 28th, an official publication by the New York Chamber of Commerce which contains the latest by mail respecting the crops and supplies of grain in all parts of the world. From it we learn that the Atlantic sea ports are receiving and exporting very much larger quantities of grain than usual at this period in the season. For instance from January 1st to August 26th 1873 the receipts of wheat at the port of New York was 13,112,487 bushels while the receipts at the same point for the corresponding period this year were 27,150,008 or more than twice as much as in 1873 while the receipts of flour were more than 20 per cent greater than last year.

The visible supply of grain including the stock in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports in transit by lake rail, and on New York canals Aug 22, 1874 and the comparative stocks at the other undermentioned periods were as follows:

	1874 Aug 22	1873 Aug 23	1872 Aug 24
Wheat bushels	7,301,773	4,851,867	619,[illegible]
Corn bushels	8,551,837	9,841,354	11,117,104
Oats bushels	1,486,956	1,987,114	5,082,407
Barley bushels	96,478	114,138	236,183
Rye, bushel	109,306		
Total	16,145,978	17,884,465	22,1[illegible]5,325

The supply of wheat in the United Kingdom during the four weeks ended August 1st was 277,787 qrs less than the consumption including 1,066,213 qrs from imports. The expected supply from cargoes in transit in four weeks from Aug 1th is 534,000 qrs from which should be deducted whatever may be taken from ports of call for the continent and to which should be added the imports by steamers from America in four weeks, both of which latter are unknown quantities to be determined by the facts.

The consumption during the eight weeks from June 13th to August 8th inclusive is placed at 3,384,000 qrs against 2,755,045 qrs supply from imports and home deliveries, indicating an approximate deficiency in eight weeks of about 621,766 qrs, or 4,97[illegible] bushels.

The imports of breadstuffs into the United Kingdom for the week ended August 8 1874 were Flour 8,000 cwts, wheat 860,082 cwts, maize 471,693 cwts.

The farmers' deliveries of home grown wheat in the 150 towns in England and Wales for the week ended August 8 1874 were 17,603 qrs (and in the Kingdom estimated at 70,772 qrs) at an average price of 58s 6d per qr, against 25,009 qrs for the corresponding week in 1873 at an average price of [illegible] per qr, and against an average of the corresponding weeks of the last ten years of 43,100 qrs at an average price of [illegible] per qr.

The exports from the United Kingdom for the week ended Aug 8th 1874 were Flour 5,030 cwts, wheat [illegible] cwts, maize 3,900 cwts, oats 811 cwts, barley 121 cwts, peas 111 cwts, beans 10 cwts, total 10,035 cwts.

The supply for the week ended August 8th 1874 comprising the farmers' deliveries of home grown wheat in the Kingdom plus the imports minus the exports was equal in flour and wheat to 284,179 qrs against 400,000 qrs minimum and 423,000 qrs maximum weekly consumption, indicating a deficiency of supply of 115,861 to 138,861 qrs for the week.

There were in transit for the United Kingdom on the 13th inst exclusive of steamer shipments from America 651,130 qrs of wheat, flour included, comprising 4,940 qrs from the Azov Sea, 13,900 qrs from the Black Sea, 61,360 qrs from American Atlantic ports, 235,270 qrs from California and Oregon, 111,110 qrs from Chili and 195,110 qrs from other parts.

There were at the same date in transit for the United Kingdom from all countries exclusive of steamer shipments from America 258,200 qrs of maize comprising 117,850 qrs from South Eastern Europe, 113,130 qrs from United States Atlantic ports and 27,880 qrs from other parts. The expected arrivals of maize during the four weeks to be ended Sept. 10th is estimated at 250,000 qrs, equal to 2,050,000 bush, vs an average weekly consumption of [illegible] bush or in four weeks 3,000,000 bushels.

During the four weeks from August 8th to Sept 5th there were expected to arrive in the United Kingdom from the cargoes in transit on the 8th inst 531,000 qrs of wheat and 280,000 qrs of maize, 104,000 qrs of maize and 59,000 qrs of wheat from the Danube and Black Sea, 481,000 qrs from America North and South and other ports, 176,000 qrs of maize from American Atlantic ports.

The receipts of flour at lake ports for the week ending Aug 29th were 111,711 bbls vs [illegible] bbls the previous week and the shipments from thence were 92,205 bbls, vs 75,292 bbls the previous week. The receipts at New York were for the week 63,547 bbls vs 61,852 bbls the previous week. The exports for the week from that port were [illegible] bbls vs 33,019 bbls the previous week, and from Seaboard ports 78,136 bbls vs 87,443 bbls the previous week. The sales for the week were 71,112 bbls vs 60,979 bbls the previous week. The decline in Liverpool and London and the increased movement at the West with lower wheat had checked the demand, buyers being more cautious and more sparing in their purchases. At the decline there had been an improved export inquiry for Europe with clearances this week [illegible]396 bbls vs 14,109 bbls the previous week. It was necessary to accept a lower range of values on all grades to make sales.

The large grain crop of the United States is now being moved to tide water or to the principal points of shipment. The receipts of wheat at Chicago, Milwaukee, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland and Duluth for the week ending August 22 amounted to 2,06[illegible],200 bushels, against an average of less than 1,700,000 bushels for the corresponding week in the three previous years. The shipments from these points for the same week exceeded 1,900,800 bushels wheat, and from January 1st to the above date 31,[illegible],000 bushels against 23,681,800 bushels for the same time in 1873. The Chicago warehouses held 1,121,000 bushels wheat on the 22d August against 732,000 bushels a year ago.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9.—Flour—Unchanged.
Wheat—$1 45@1 55.
Barley—$1 10@1 67½.
Oats—$1 40@1 65.
Rye—1 07½.
Wool—Wool market quiet. Cal. 16@[illegible]. Oregon, spring marketed last sales here 29@30c. Price of California spring in New York to day 30@35c.
Dairy Products—Best Cal fresh roll butter 37½@40c, other grades 35@35c, pickled roll 30@32½c, firkin 30@35c. Oregon and Eastern butter 20@25c. Cal cheese, 10@14c for usual dairies, and 14½@15c for [illegible]. Western cheese 14@15c. New York factory made, 15@15½c. Cal. Eggs 40@40½. Oregon, 30@32½c. Eastern 30@[illegible].

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Ajax for San Francisco will sail at 4 o'clock P. M. to morrow.

The bark Sarah Scott from Yokohama is in the river. She makes the fourteenth grain carrying ship arriving here this season.

The schooner Superior from San Francisco reached her berth this morning, and is discharging cargo of assorted merchandise.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—[illegible] of this cereal are slightly increasing in volume but as yet they are small. The little vessels in port will all scarcely be filled. [illegible] the outlet of the month with [illegible] the grain is awaited. We learn that the mills are paying a little better figure than exporters can afford. At McMinnville 90 cents a bushel has been paid and the same at Salem. 65 cents has been offered at Jefferson with no takers. This was without sacks which cost 7½ cents more. A few transactions are noted here made on the basis of $1 40 @1 [illegible] per cental delivered in sacks. We are also informed that an offer of $1 [illegible] was made to day for a cargo delivered at Astoria.

FLOUR—The supply is adequate to the current demand but receipts are not large. Prices have declined, quotations being furnished at $5 for best brands of extra choice country brands $[illegible] and superfine $[illegible] per bbl.

OATS—[illegible] so far since the beginning of harvest have not been heavy and prices have been quite steady not above or nor below 40 cents per bushel sacked. Quotable today at 40@45 cents.

GREEN APPLES—The market is tolerably well supplied with quotations ranging from [illegible] to [illegible] per bushel.

HIDES—The receipts of hides and pelts continue, as usual quite free. We quote prime dry hides at [illegible], green 7c, culls 10@11c.

WOOL—There are no transactions worthy of note although occasionally a lot finds its way to market. Quotations remain unchanged and range from [illegible] according to quality.

OATS—The market is active with a fair demand for shipping purposes. Prices are a little down, marked in their tendencies. Quotations are [illegible] bushel for good white and [illegible] for black.

BARLEY—The local transactions are of a trivial character and the market is controlled by brewers. We quote best lots at $1 40@1 [illegible] per cental, including sacks. Feed lots are worth about $1 [illegible]@1 40.

FEED—The market is well supplied with the exception of chops. Prices are firmer. There has been considerable demand for the South trade. Quotations are: Bran $[illegible], chops and shorts $[illegible], middlings $[illegible] per ton.

HAY—We note the receipt of several large lots which find sale at $[illegible] ton for baled timothy, $[illegible] for loose, $7 for wild.

POTATOES—There is no lack in the supply of varieties. Prices range from 50 to [illegible] per bushel.

ONIONS—The receipts have materially increased and prices seem tending downward; common lots being now quotable at $1 [illegible] per 100 lb and choice $1 50@1 75.

BACON—Hams and shoulders, though not so plentiful as some time ago, are yet obtainable, but sides are very scarce and firm at quotations. For good country cured we quote hams at [illegible]@16c per lb, shoulders 7@10c, sides 11½@12½c.

LARD—The demand for a good article of fresh is fair at 11@[illegible] per lb in kegs or tins.

BUTTER—The market is fairly supplied with good grades. Table in rolls in good demand at [illegible]@30c. Shipping grades are scarce at 20@[illegible].

CHEESE—The supplies are fair at our former quotations—16c per lb for choice brands.

EGGS—Receipts have been better and with a lessened demand for shipping prices have become weak at [illegible] per dozen.

General Merchandise.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Mowers, Buckeye new model $160, Buckeye No 2 $140, Buckeye No 1 $[illegible], Buckeye Self Raker $[illegible], Hand Raker $225, Buckeye Dropper $[illegible], Clipper No 2 $1[illegible], No 3 $140, No 1 $1[illegible], No [illegible] $1[illegible], Sprague Mowers Nos 1 and 2 $125 and 115, Union $[illegible], Dodge's Reaper No 1 $[illegible], No [illegible] $[illegible], Excelsior Reaper and Mower $250, McCormick's Self Raker $250, Hand Raker $[illegible], Harvesters, Marsh's $[illegible], Haines' Headers $[illegible] and $[illegible], Threshers, Vibrator Thresher 8 horse mounted power complete $[illegible], 10 horse mounted power complete $[illegible], Sweepstakes $[illegible] to $[illegible] with or without mounted power, Fans Improved Buffalo Nos [illegible], Tornado $[illegible] to $[illegible], Wheelers [illegible] Churns $[illegible], Wagons, [illegible] inch to 4 inch thimble skein $150 to $180, Pa [illegible] $1[illegible] to $1[illegible], with patent or square bounds and rubber brake $[illegible].

BOOTS AND SHOES—Men's Slaughter Boots $48@$57, Stogy $[illegible], Cordova $[illegible], Granite $[illegible]@$[illegible], Columbia $[illegible], [illegible] Standards $[illegible], S. J. K. & Co extra calf $[illegible], Thin B B calf $[illegible], S F French calf [illegible], S F half dress $[illegible], S F Congress Gaiters $[illegible], S F Calf Oxfords $[illegible], S F B do do $[illegible]@$27, Ladies [illegible] calf [illegible] Bals $[illegible], do kip plough shoes $[illegible], do kid fox Bals $[illegible], S F do do $[illegible], S F XXX do do $[illegible], Misses S F kid fox $[illegible]@$21, Hubbard's Custom Made Farmers' kips $[illegible] and [illegible], do A kip [illegible] and [illegible], do F kip [illegible] and [illegible], do A F Calf extra fine hand sewed $[illegible], do A Calf Hiblards extra [illegible] and [illegible] $[illegible] to $[illegible], Boys' $31 50 to $48, Ladies' full Calf $28 to $30, Misses Shoes inferior trade $[illegible].

BAGS AND BAGGING—The stocks here are not so heavy as last year, and Standard 22x36 are selling at [illegible]. The San Francisco quotations for the same are 14½c. Burlaps 10 oz 40 inch 10@10½c.

BROOMS—The jobbing prices are firm at $1 [illegible] per doz for common and $[illegible] for best to extra best.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Mill prices delivered in the city are: Fir lumber rough $1[illegible] per M, edged $14, surface sheathing $[illegible], siding $[illegible], rustic $[illegible], flooring $2[illegible], roofing $1[illegible], seasoned flooring $25, one side planed $[illegible], four sides planed $[illegible], sidewalk and wharf flooring $11, Lath $[illegible], Pickets $[illegible] inch [illegible] per 100 [illegible], Lattice [illegible] per 100, Shingles $[illegible]@$3 per M.

CANDLES—We quote [illegible] Sperm 40@43c, Paraffine 35c, Adamantine, [illegible], Grant's 18½@19c, Chemical Wax [illegible], Ropes 16@17c.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $[illegible], Jams and Jellies $4 50, Los Angeles Honey $4 [illegible], Strawberries $[illegible], Rasberries $4 [illegible], Blackberries $4 00, Lime Apple $[illegible], Green Gage $[illegible], Peaches $4 25@$4 50, Pie Fruit $[illegible], Green Peas $3 [illegible], Green Beans $3 50, Lobsters $[illegible], Clams $4, Green Corn $[illegible], Tomatoes $[illegible], Quinces $[illegible].

CEMENT, &c—New Jersey $[illegible], Calcine Plaster $[illegible], Land Plaster $[illegible], Santa Cruz Lime $2 [illegible], San Juan Lime $2 30, English Portland Cement $[illegible], Rolf [illegible] New York Cement $[illegible].

COFFEE—Market well maintained at the following jobbing prices: Costa Rica [illegible], Guatemala 24@24½c, Java [illegible], [illegible] Java [illegible], Charters' [illegible], Phoenix [illegible], No Rio or Manila in the market.

DRUGS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Alum [illegible], Borax [illegible], Blue Vitriol [illegible], Cream Tartar [illegible], Epsom Salts [illegible], Rosin [illegible] bbl $[illegible], Saltpetre in kegs [illegible] per lb, Soda Caustic [illegible], Soda Ash [illegible].

DRY GOODS—Standard drills 15@16c, seconds [illegible], sheetings light 11½c, medium 12½c, standard [illegible], [illegible] bleached sheeting [illegible], Cotton Checks [illegible], Linen checks [illegible], cambrics [illegible], Cotton flannel bleached [illegible], brown 12½@15c, Cotonades light [illegible], heavy [illegible], Denims 19@30c, Hickory stripes [illegible], Standard prints 11c, seconds do 9c, Delaines [illegible], Lindseys [illegible], Ticks [illegible], Bear Duck [illegible], Table Linen damask brown [illegible], damask bleached [illegible], Diaper linen [illegible], Alpaca black [illegible], Waterproof $1 10@1 25, Crash [illegible], Ginghams—Domestic [illegible], Scotch [illegible], Lawns [illegible], Cretonnes [illegible].

FISH—Cod, Pacific 9c, Eastern 11c, Mackerel No 1 [illegible] bbl $13 00, do No 2 $12 00, do kitts, No 1 $[illegible], do No [illegible] $[illegible], Salmon pickled in bbl $[illegible], [illegible] $[illegible], Canned spiced fresh [illegible] cans $[illegible] per doz [illegible], Sardines qrs $[illegible], hfs $3 [illegible].

FRUITS (Dried) AND PRESERVES—Peaches [illegible], Hungarian Prunes [illegible], Plums pitless [illegible], Raisins in boxes $[illegible], hf do $[illegible], quarter $[illegible], eighth boxes $[illegible], Zante Currants 14c, Oregon do [illegible], Citron [illegible].

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for Iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco $[illegible], Refined bar [illegible], Sheet 14 to 20 [illegible], do [illegible] to 27 [illegible], Copper—Sheathing [illegible], do Yellow 49c, Sheathing bronzed [illegible], do old [illegible], Tin Plates—Flat's charcoal IX per box $17 50, do I C char $1[illegible], Roofing Plates $1[illegible], Banca Tin [illegible], Steel—English cast steel [illegible], Lead—Pig [illegible], Sheet [illegible], Pipe [illegible], Bar [illegible], Zinc—Sheets [illegible], Babbitt metal [illegible], Quicksilver [illegible]. Pressed ware has advanced [illegible].

NAILS—Quotable at [illegible] per keg, [illegible] $6 00, [illegible] $[illegible], cut spikes $[illegible] keg, fence [illegible] keg advance on same size common, finishing and brad heads [illegible] keg advance on corresponding sizes common, box nails [illegible] keg advance on price of common same size.

NUTS—Almonds [illegible], Brazil [illegible], Filberts 22½c, Hickory [illegible], Pecans [illegible], Peanuts [illegible], Walnuts [illegible].

SUGARS—The stocks here are [illegible], the average in quantity [illegible] as follows: Crushed, fine and granulated [illegible] in bbls and [illegible] in half bbls, powdered [illegible] in bbl and [illegible] in half bbls.

SYRUPS—Fortunately under the advance dealers here are [illegible] throughout the [illegible] carry good stocks. We quote in bbls [illegible] gal, half bbls [illegible], kegs [illegible].

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—Family Blankets Superfine $[illegible], XX $[illegible], X $[illegible], No 1 extra bound $10, No 1 bound $[illegible], No 2 [illegible] point $[illegible], No [illegible] pt $6 50, Colored Blankets [illegible] pt Gray black border $[illegible], do fancy border $[illegible], [illegible] pt Victoria $[illegible], [illegible] pt Scarlet $[illegible], [illegible] pt Green $7 00, [illegible] pt Blue $[illegible], [illegible] pt Indian Stripe $[illegible], [illegible] pt Navy fancy $[illegible], [illegible] pt Victoria $[illegible], [illegible] pt Scarlet $[illegible], [illegible] pt Green $[illegible], [illegible] pt Blue $9 00, [illegible] pt Indian $[illegible], No 1 Gray $[illegible]. Flannel—Blue Mix Twilled [illegible], Scarlet [illegible], White plain 42½c, Twilled [illegible], Fancy Shirting twilled [illegible], Plain Colored 40 to [illegible], Scarlet plain 47½c. Cloths—Hard Times $1[illegible], Cassimere $[illegible], Cassimeres [illegible], Doeskins $1 [illegible], Tweeds 90 to $[illegible], Yarn, White and Gray $1 [illegible], Scarlet $[illegible], Repellant $1 10.

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots—Devoe's Brilliant [illegible], Downer's [illegible], [illegible] Standard [illegible], Crystal [illegible] gallons [illegible], China Nut [illegible], and in cases extra $1 [illegible], No 1 $1 [illegible], in bbls extra $1 10, Linseed, Pioneer [illegible], [illegible] $1 1[illegible] a gallon.

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical [illegible], Atlantic [illegible], [illegible] Brands [illegible], Zinc white [illegible], Devoe's Zinc white [illegible], [illegible] German [illegible], Venetian red [illegible], Havre Ocre [illegible], Litharge [illegible] fire proof [illegible] cents.

RICE—The supplies are in [illegible] and jobbers receive through the San Francisco market quotable China [illegible], Sandwich Island [illegible]@8½c. No Carolina in market.

SALERATUS—Barton's [illegible]@9½c, Donnelly's [illegible]@10c, Babbitt's 10@10½c.

STARCH—The agent's rates with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 9½c, pure 1 lb boxes 10½c, 1 lb papers 11½c, silver gloss 6 lb boxes 12½c, 1 lb papers 13c, Peoria Satin Glaze 13c, Corn, 1 lb papers 13c.

SALT—Ground Rock $15 per ton, Carmen Island $20@21, Liverpool coarse in 200 lb sacks $[illegible], do in 100 lb sacks $22 [illegible], do fine in 20 lb sacks [illegible], do in 100 lb sacks $32 50, do in 50 lb sacks [illegible].

SOAP—Quotable firm for R. Irving & Co's in jobbing lots at 7@7½c.

LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OREGON.

Baker Co.
*Auburn
*[illegible]
*Baker City
Clarksville
Express Ranch
Eldorado
Gem
Humboldt Basin
Jordan Valley
Rye Valley
Wingville

Benton.
Alsea Valley
*Corvallis
Kings Valley
Liberty
Little Elk
Monroe
Newport
Newton
Philomath
[illegible]
Toledo
Yaquina

Clackamas.
Barlow
Beaver
Butte Creek
Canby
Clackamas
Clear Creek
Cuttingsville
Damascus
Eagle Creek
Glad Tidings
Highland
Molalla
Milwaukie
Needy
Norton
*Oregon City
Oswego
Sandy
Springwater
Zion

Clatsop.
*[illegible]
Clifton
Knappa
[illegible]
Skipanon
Seaside House
Westport

Coos.
Coos River
Coquille
Empire City
Enchanted Prairie
Fairview
Hermansville
Isthmus
Marshfield
Randolph
Sitkum

Columbia.
Columbia City
Clatskanie
Marshland
Rainier
Riverside
St Helens
Sauvies Island
Scappoose

Curry.
Chetco
Ellensburg
Port Orford

Douglas.
Camas Valley
Canyonville
Drain
Elkton
Galesville
Gardiner
Kellogg
Looking Glass
Myrtle Creek
Oakland
Pass Creek
*Roseburg
Scottsburg
Ten Mile
Umpqua City
Wilbur
Yoncalla

Grant.
*Canyon City
Camp Watson
Dayville
John Day City
Prairie City
Parkersville
Sumpter

Jackson.
Applegate
*Ashland Mills
Brownsborough
Central Point
[illegible] Valley
Eagle Point
[illegible]
Hot Springs
*Jacksonville
Lakeport
Linkville
Langell Valley
Phoenix
Rock Point
Sams Valley
Sprague River
Table Rock
Willow Springs
Yainax

Josephine.
Kerby
Leland
Slate Creek
Waldo

Lane.
Butte Disappointment
Big Prairie
Cottage Grove
Coast Fork
Camp Creek
Cartwrights
*Eugene City
Franklin
Junction
[illegible]
Mohawk
Pleasant Hill
Rattlesnake
Siuslaw
Springfield
Willamette Forks

Linn.
*Albany
Big Prairie
*Brownsville
Crawfordsville
Diamond Hill
Grass Ridge
Harris Ranch
*Harrisburg
Halsey
Lebanon
Miller
Muddy
Newbern
Peoria
[illegible]
Scio
Soda Springs
Shedds
Sodaville
Sweethome

Marion.
Aurora
Aumsville
Butteville
Brooks
Gervais
Hubbard's
Jefferson
Marion
Monitor
Newellsville
*Salem
Silverton
Stayton
St Paul
Sublimity
Turner
Woodburn

Multnomah.
East Portland
*Portland
Powell's Valley
St Johns
Willamette Slough

Polk.
Bethel
Buena Vista
*Dallas
Eola
Elk Horn
Grand Ronde
Independence
Lincoln
Luckiamute
Lewisville
Monmouth
Perrydale
Rickreall
Zena

Tillamook.
Garibaldi
Kilchis
Netarts
Nestockton
Tillamook
Trask

Umatilla.
Butter Creek
Cecil
Cayuse
[illegible]
Meadowville
Mitchell's Station
Milton
Pilot Rock
Pendleton
*Umatilla
Weston

Union.
Cove
Island City
*La Grande
North Powder
Oro Dell
Summerville
Union
Wallowa

Wasco.
Antelope
Bridge Creek
Hepner
*Hood River
Prineville
Mitchell
Mt Hood
[illegible]
[illegible]
Shellrock
Spanish Hollow
*The Dalles
Warm Springs
Wasco
Willoughby
Willow Forks

Washington.
Beaverton
Cedar Mill
Cornelius
Dilley
Forest Grove
Glencoe
Greenville
Hillsboro
[illegible]
Middleton
Mountain Dale
[illegible]
Shell's Ferry
Taylor's Ferry
Tualatin
Wapato
West Union

Yamhill.
Amity
Bellevue
Dayton
*Lafayette
McMinnville
Mountain House
North Yamhill
Sheridan
West Chehalem
Wheatland
Newberg

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Clallam Co.
New Dungeness
Port Angeles

Clarke.
Battle Ground
Brush Prairie
[illegible]
Pioneer
Union Ridge
Vancouver

Chehalis.
Cedarville
Chehalis Point
Elma
Hoquiam
Montesano
Oakville
Satsop
Sharon

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock
Carrolton
Freeport
Kalama
Lower Cowlitz
Martin's Bluff
Monticello
Mt Coffin
Oak Point
[illegible]

Island.
Coupeville
Coveland
Utsalady

Jefferson.
Port Discovery
Port Ludlow
*Port Townsend

King.
Black River
Duwamish
Fall City
*Seattle
Slaughter
Snoqualmie
Squak
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely
Port Madison
Port William
Port Orchard
Seabeck
Teekalet

Klickitat.
Block House
Columbus
Goldendale
Klickitat City

Lewis.
Boistfort
Chehalis
Cowlitz
Claquato
Little Falls
Glenoden
Napavine
Newaukum
Skookum Chuck
Winlock

Mason.
Arcadia
Lightville
Oakland
Skokomish
Sherwood's Mills

Pierce.
Elhi
Franklin
Lake View
*Steilacoom
New Tacoma
Tacoma

Pacific.
Brookfield
Bruceport
Knappton
Oysterville
Riverside
Unity
Walton
[illegible] Island [illegible]

Snohomish.
Lowell
Mukilteo
Snohomish
Tulalip

Skamania.
Cascades
White Salmon

Stevens.
Chewelah
Fort Colville
[illegible]
Pine Grove
[illegible]
[illegible]
Spokane Bridge
Spokane Falls
Union Flat
Walker's Prairie

Thurston.
Beaver
Miami Prairie
*Olympia
Tenino
Tumwater
Yelm

Wahkiakum.
Cathlamet
Eagle Cliff
Skamokawa
Waterford

Walla Walla.
Alpowa
Dayton
Patit
Pataha
Tukanon
*Walla Walla
Wallula
*Waitsburg
Whitman

Whatcom.
Chehalis
Fidalgo
La Conner
Lopez
Orcas Island
Samish
Semiahmoo
Ship Island
Skagit
Whatcom

Whitman.
Ewartsville
Palouse

Yakima.
Ahtanum
Ellensburg
Fort Simcoe
Konnowock
Kittitas
[illegible]
[illegible]
Pleasant Grove
Selah
Yakima

*Money Order Offices

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CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1530.

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND ORDINANCE No. 1369, entitled an Ordinance relating to certain animals and fowls and prohibiting their running at large within certain limits.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That Section 2 of Ordinance No. 1369, be so amended as to read as follows:

Section 2. Between the hours of 6 A. M. and 7 P. M. of each day horses, mules or cattle may be allowed to run at large outside of the following limits: Commencing at the foot of Harrison street, thence along the south line of said street to the west line of Eighth street, thence along said west line of Eighth street to the south line of Main street, thence along the south line of Main street to the west line of Tenth street, thence along said last named line to the south line of Yamhill street, thence along said south line to the west line of Lownsdale street, thence along said line to the north line of Alder street, thence along said line to the west line of Twelfth street, thence along said last named line to the intersection thereof with the south line of B street, thence along said line to the west line of North Fifteenth street, thence along said last named line to the north line of C street, thence along the north line of C street to the Willamette river. *Provided,* that animals taken into custody within the above described limits while remaining in the custody of an officer on the way to the Pound may be driven outside of said limits if necessary.

Section 2. Ordinance No. 1457, entitled "An Ordinance to amend Ordinance No. 1369, entitled An Ordinance relating to certain animals and fowls and prohibiting their running at large within certain limits," is hereby repealed.

Passed the Common Council September 2, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved September 3, 1874.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

s5d5t.

Ordinance No. 1531.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIATION out of the Fire Department Fund for purchase of a piece of ground.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the sum of Three Thousand Dollars be and is hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund for the purchase of Lot No 6 in Block No 50 for Fire Department purposes.

Passed the Common Council August 5, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

In force by operation of law August 17, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

s2d5t

Ordinance No. 1532.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIATION out of the Fire Department Fund for the purchase of Hose.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The sum of Eighteen Hundred and Fifty Dollars is hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund in payment for one thousand feet of 2½ inch 4 ply Carbolized Hose, Patent Couplings therefor and freight.

Section 2. The Auditor is hereby directed to draw a warrant in payment of the claim for said Hose for the sum above mentioned.

Passed the Common Council August 19, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved August 20, 1874.

J. C. MORELAND,
President Common Council and acting Mayor.
s2d5t

Ordinance No. 1533.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIATION out of the Fire Department Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The sum of Two Hundred Dollars is hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to provide for the payment of rent for a House for use of Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1.

Passed the Common Council August 19, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved August 20, 1874.

J. C. MORELAND,
President Common Council and acting Mayor.
s2d5t

Ordinance No. 1534.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN ADDITIONAL Appropriation out of the General Fund for the pay of the City Assessor.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. James W. Going, City Assessor, having rendered service in person and by assistants during the year 1873, amounting in the aggregate to 27 days, and it appearing that the extra services and assistance were made necessary by the incomplete manner in which former assessments had been made requiring the compiling of Block books and other records of title not only to make a complete assessment for the year 1873, but for future reference,—the sum of two hundred and eighty five dollars is hereby appropriated out of the General Fund for pay of the City Assessor for services in 1873, in addition to the sum appropriated by Ordinance No. 1452.

Passed the Common Council August 19, 1874.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved August 20, 1874.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

s2d5t

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.

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We shall continue to DRAW EXCHANGE as usual on all the principal cities of the United States, the Canadas and Europe, and to sell TELEGRAPHIC EXCHANGE when desired.

WELLS FARGO & CO.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—DISTRICT OF OREGON. At Portland the 7th day of Sept. A. D. 1874. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the St. Helens Mill Company in the county of Columbia and state of Oregon within said District, which has been adjudged a bankrupt on creditors' petition by the District Court of said District.

ARTHUR CRISFIELD,
Assignee.
s8d1aw3w

LAW CARDS.

GEO. H. DURHAM.
DURHAM & THO[illegible]
Attorneys at-[illegible]
109 First street, opposite Occid[illegible]

C. M. KINCAID,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Odd Fellows' Temple,
Room No 10.

WHALLEY & FECHHEI[illegible]
Attorneys at [illegible]
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Gilman's [illegible]
First and Ash Streets.

JOHN M. GEAR[illegible]
ATTORNEY AT LA[illegible]
Room 20 Dekum's Building.

A. C. GIBBS.
GIBBS & HUGHES,
Attorneys and Coun[illegible]
Room No 4 Dekum's Ban[illegible]

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law—Co[illegible]

PROFESSIONAL CA[illegible]

JOHN B. PILKINGTON,
OCULIST AND AURI[illegible]
ROOM 9—DEKUM'S BUILDING, COR. [illegible] AND WASHINGTON STS.
Office Hours—10 to 12, 3 to 4 and 7 to [illegible]

DR. MARY A. THOMPSO[illegible]
Physician and Accou[illegible]
RESIDENCE AND OFFICE—[illegible] Salmon and Main, opposite the Public [illegible] attended in any part of the City [illegible] and instructions given on the use of [illegible] Remedial Agent.

DR. CHAS. SHUMACH[illegible]
OFFICE—PFUNDER'S DRUG [illegible]
Residence—Third street, bet [illegible] opposite the Plaza.

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTU[illegible]
NEW REMEDIES! NEW R[illegible]

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY [illegible] NEAR COM[illegible]
San Francisco. [illegible] 1854 for the treat[illegible] and Seminal Disea[illegible] Gonorrhea, Gleet, Syphilis in all its form[illegible] Weakness, Impo[illegible] Diseases (of years sta[illegible]) Ulcerated Legs succ[illegible]ed.

DR. GIBBON has the pleasure of [illegible] he has returned from visiting the prin[illegible] of Europe and has resumed prac[illegible] pensary 623 Kearney street, corner of Co[illegible] San Francisco, where his old patients and [illegible] quiring his services may find him.

The Doctor has spared neither [illegible] seeking out new remedies, and has retu[illegible] increased facilities for the alleviation of hu[illegible] fering.

Horrible Dise[illegible]

How many thousands of persons, both [illegible] female are there who are suffering out a [illegible] existence from the effects of secret indul[illegible] from virus absorbed into the system! L[illegible] pallid, emaciated and disfigured faces [illegible] broken-down constitutions disqualifying [illegible] the happiness of marriage or the duty [illegible]. In this horrid situation thousands suffer [illegible] closes the scene. Let parents, guardians, [illegible] tend to those who are suffering with any [illegible] horrible, life-destroying maladies [illegible] cared for and cured before it be too late [illegible] immediately to DR. GIBBON, a physician [illegible] made private diseases his especial study [illegible] and who is certain to cure the most invete[illegible] without mercury or any injurious drugs. [illegible] portant to those who are afflicted or to [illegible] are interested in the welfare of their frien[illegible] careful of the many pretended doctors [illegible] all cities, publishing their skill in curing [illegible] in a few days, imposing upon the public [illegible] the names of eminent physicians [illegible] other places. Be therefore [illegible] and [illegible] inquiry, or you may fall into the [illegible] charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions the consequence of [illegible] This solitary vice or depraved sexual indul[illegible] practiced by the youth of both sexes to [illegible] unlimited extent, producing with unerri[illegible] ty, the following train of morbid symp[illegible] combatted by scientific medical measures [illegible] low countenance, dark spots under the e[illegible] the head, ringing in the ears, noise like [illegible] of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneas[illegible] the loins, weakness of the limbs, confus[illegible] blunted intellect, loss of confidence, di[illegible] approaching strangers, a dislike to form[illegible] quaintances, disposition to shun [illegible] memory, hectic flushes, pimples and var[illegible] tions about the face, furred tongue, [illegible] coughs, consumption, night sweats, mon[illegible] frequent insanity. If relief be not obtain[illegible] apply immediately either in person or by [illegible] have a cure effected by his new and scien[illegible] of treating this disease, which never fails [illegible] ing a quick and radical cure. Dr. G. will [illegible] Hundred Dollars to any person who will [illegible] isfactorily to him that he was cured of [illegible] plaint by either of the San Francisco quac[illegible]

Married Men,

Or those who contemplate marriage, who [illegible] ing under any of these fearful maladies, [illegible] forget the sacred responsibility resting up[illegible] nor delay to obtain immediate relief.

DR. GIBBON is responsible, and will give [illegible] patient a written instrument, binding [illegible] fect a radical and permanent cure, or [illegible] charge.

Cured at Home.

Persons at a distance may be CURED [illegible] by addressing a letter to Dr. Gibbon, [illegible] symptoms, length of time the dis[illegible] and have medicines promptly forward[illegible] damage and curiosity, to any part of [illegible] with full and plain directions. By inc[illegible] Dollars coin, in registered letter through [illegible] office or through Wells Fargo & Co. a pa[illegible] medicine will be forwarded to any par[illegible] Union. All communications strictly co[illegible]

Caution to the U[illegible]

Beware of the San Francisco quacks [illegible] tenders who, with bogus sworn to certif[illegible] the unwary. Some of the self styled do[illegible] names are to be found in the daily and [illegible] newspapers of San Francisco and e[illegible] tradesmen and became too lazy to work [illegible] trades. Some are tinsmiths, shoem[illegible] carriers, intelligence office keepers, etc. [illegible] way to avoid imposition is to make [illegible] cost you nothing and may save you [illegible] for as advertising physicians in eight c[illegible] ten are bogus there is no safety in t[illegible] them until you know who and what [illegible] Gibbon does not deceive people by [illegible] titles, certificates, pretended patients [illegible] Dr. Gibbon will satisfy persons who [illegible] office of his ability to treat di[illegible] to cure.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 623 K[illegible] bet Commercial, San Francisco, P[illegible]

REMEMBER TO PUT BOX 1,[illegible] ON [illegible] LTR. Consultations FREE.

Correspondents will please [illegible] PON that they read his advertise[illegible] OREGONIAN.

WASHINGTON

WATER PIPE MANUFAC[illegible]

AND

WATER CO[illegible]PA[illegible]

OF OLYMPIA, W. T.

Incorporated under the Laws of Washin[illegible] tory.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MANUFACTU[illegible] ter or Gas Pipe of

1½, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8 Inch [illegible]

This Pipe is made in sectional [illegible] rounded in a lathe and connected with a [illegible] joint and banded with iron, as shown in [illegible] stand any required pressure. The wood [illegible] ed in Asphaltum and is perfectly air and [illegible] tight. The Pipe is WARRANTED to give [illegible] tion. Send for Price List and Circular.

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Corner of First and Oak streets, [illegible]

PRESCRIPTIONS A S[illegible]

THOS. J. DRYER.
Justice of the P[illegible]
OFFICE—Front St. [illegible]

VOL. XIV.—NO. 186

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

The New York L[illegible].

NEW YORK, Sept 10.—The Liberal State Convention met yesterday at Albany but made no nominations and adjourned to September 29th.

The steamer *City of Peking* has returned to New York.

[illegible] of the Massachusetts Democratic State Convention.

WORCESTER, Sept 9.—The Democratic State Convention assembled to day and the State ticket was completed as follows: For Secretary of State, [illegible] Wells of Williamstown; Treasurer Nathaniel [illegible]; Auditor C. Osgood Moore of New[illegible]; Attorney General Waldo Colburn of [illegible]. The resolutions adopted declare devotion [illegible] the Constitution and demand equal rights for [illegible] races and colors, demand a speedy return [illegible] specie payments, denounce Federal interference [illegible] and condemn all lawless acts of violence [illegible] such men and persons who have [illegible] against the South, oppose sumptuary laws, [illegible] in the prohibitory law and its accessories, especially the prohibitory [illegible], demand various [illegible] a stringent license law, demand reform in State affairs and the abolition of rings [illegible] and State constables, favor fostering [illegible] the interests of labor and the industrial [illegible].

[illegible] Democrats—Gov. Elisha Baxter Nominated—He Declines.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 9.—The Democratic State Convention organized last night, and on reassembling [illegible] morning adopted resolutions endorsing the [illegible] just framed by the Constitutional Convention [illegible] and appealing to the people of the State to [illegible] it and to secure the equality of all men before the law, honesty and capability in the administration of every public trust and the speedy punishment of public crime. The Convention then [illegible] Elisha Baxter for Governor by a vote of [illegible] to [illegible] for all other candidates. A committee [illegible] appointed to inform the Governor of [illegible] nomination and they returned with a [illegible] message that while he indorsed the Convention and its platform he deemed it best for the interests of the State to decline the nomination [illegible] great excitement [illegible] and those [illegible] opposed him now changed their votes [illegible] the nomination was made unanimous [illegible] appointing another committee to wait upon [illegible] Baxter the second time. The Convention [illegible] till to morrow.

[illegible] Republicans "Point with Pride," etc.

ST. PAUL, Sept 9.—The Republican State Convention met at Minneapolis to day and nominated [illegible] for re-election for Chief Justice and [illegible] Cornell for [illegible] Justice. The platform adopted gives a long eulogy on the [illegible] history, achievements and policy of the Republican party and an indorsement of the [illegible].

Michigan Reformers in Convention.

JACKSON, Sept 9.—The [illegible] State Convention [illegible] to day. There were about fifty delegates present, most of them Republicans. Resolutions were [illegible] advocating [illegible] public officials and reform in the manner of appointing men to office and favoring the election of public officers by the people, favoring speedy [illegible] to a specie basis, declaring that banking [illegible] and national should be free and favoring a [illegible] tariff. A full State ticket was nominated [illegible] Chamberlain of Berrien county for Governor [illegible] W. Turner for Lieut. Governor [illegible] for Secretary of State. The ticket is about [illegible] divided between Democrats and Republicans.

[illegible] Independent State Co[illegible]

[illegible] Sept. 9.—The Independent Convention at [illegible] to day and nominated J. W. Davis, of [illegible] for Congress, J. F. Gardiner for Governor [illegible] Weiler Secretary of State. The platform [illegible] resumption of specie payment as soon as [illegible] favors cheap transportation, opposes further [illegible] to railroads, favors the reduction of taxes and [illegible] for revenue, and a uniform license law.

The Missouri Independents.

ST. LOUIS, Sept 10.—The Republican Congressional Convention of the Sixth District adopted resolutions endorsing the State Central Committee's recommendation that the Republican State Convention make no nominations. The recommendation [illegible] State Central Committee will be [illegible] out [illegible] convention, as there seems little doubt that [illegible] be indirectly in favor of the ticket nominated by the Independent Reform or Farmers' [illegible] and which is headed by Wm. Gentry, a [illegible] and native of the State.

In South Carolina.

[illegible] S. C. Sept. 10.—Up till noon the Republican Convention has done nothing. The fight [illegible] on in the Committee on Credentials over [illegible] admission of certain contesting delegations, the [illegible] of which will involve the nomination or defeat [illegible] Chamberlain.

Poland Withdraws.

[illegible] Vt. Sept. 10.—Judge Poland publishes [illegible] in the Rutland *Herald* this morning, withdrawing his name from the Congressional contest [illegible] Second District.

Abduction.

NEW YORK, Sept 10.—There is great excitement at [illegible] Point, Long Island, over the disappearance [illegible] three months old child of Jacob Hager, a [illegible] German. The babe was taken out for a [illegible] by a discharged nurse who did not return till [illegible] day. Her story is that she was captured by [illegible] men who took the babe from her and shut her [illegible] a house from which she afterward escaped. [illegible] police believe she either killed the child or hid [illegible] the purpose of blackmailing the parents.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Collision in the Mersey.

[illegible] Sept [illegible]—A collision occurred in the [illegible] to day between the Spanish steamer *Tomas* [illegible] the Anchor Line steamer *Alexandria*. The latter [illegible]. The *Tomas* was badly damaged.

[illegible] of the Old Catholic Congress.

[illegible] Sept. [illegible]—The Old Catholic Congress at [illegible] formally closed to day with public [illegible]. Over [illegible] people were present.

Spanish War News.

MADRID, Sept 9.—Carlists recently fired on a train [illegible] believing that the Austrian and German [illegible] were passengers. The driver and [illegible] of the train were killed. [illegible] Lazona has been appointed Commander in [illegible] of the Army of the North, and Generals Loma [illegible] as commanders of divisions.

A Great Man Dying.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A Paris dispatch says Guizot [illegible] author and statesman, is in a comatose state [illegible] death is imminent.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

[illegible] of the German Consul at Hakodadi.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept 10.—Most important news [illegible] China and Japan relative to the [illegible] [illegible] difficulty has been anticipated by telegraph. The Japan *Gazette* of August 21st however [illegible] an account of the murder of Haber, German [illegible] at Hakodadi August 12th. He was assassinated by a native, who says he was commanded by a [illegible] to execute the crime. He attacked his victim with a sword and mangled him fearfully, stabbing him in many places, almost severing both [illegible] and cutting off entirely one of his legs. The [illegible] corvette *Elizabeth* sailed at once from Yokohama for Hakodadi on the receipt of the startling [illegible]. The assassin was in custody.

[illegible] the 28th of August there was a very severe [illegible] of earthquake at Yokohama, but no damage [illegible].

CANADA.

Brush Fires in Canada.

OTTAWA, Sept [illegible]—Brush fires are raging in the neighborhood of [illegible] Completon. Immense property has been destroyed. The country for a distance of [illegible] miles square is blackened and charred. The [illegible] of Ottawa is full of smoke from the fires and [illegible] fall thickly in the streets.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Boat Race.

HALIFAX, Sept [illegible]—A boat race between the [illegible] crew of St. John and the Ross Foley crew [illegible] Halifax was rowed here this morning. The [illegible] was fair and the water smooth. The Halifax [illegible] won by seven lengths.

ANECDOTE OF CARLYLE.—When Dickens had [illegible] to write "A Tale of Two Cities," [illegible] of Carlyle's extensive studies for [illegible] French Revolution, he asked the latter [illegible] books bearing on the subject. A few [illegible] after the novelist was surprised to see [illegible] up to his door a van packed with [illegible] in half a dozen languages—seven or [illegible] hundred at least—sent to him with the [illegible] of Thomas Carlyle.

THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.—The report [illegible] engineers made to Congress last session [illegible] states that the unfinished obelisk will [illegible] the pressure which would be [illegible] upon it were it carried to a height of 600 [illegible] according to the original design. But [illegible] decided to raise it only to a height of 485 [illegible] thereby making assurance doubly sure so [illegible] the solidity of the obelisk is concerned.

RECONCILIATION OF BOWLEY AND JONES.—[illegible], August 26.—Bowley and Jones, [illegible] negroes whose rivalry caused the [illegible] town riot, have signed an agreement [illegible] that no impediment to their cordial [illegible] remain, and that they will refrain [illegible] ever thing tending to public disorder.